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# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

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## AUTOS MORE DANGEROUS THAN AIRSHIPS, SAYS TITLED FRENCH SKIPPER OF SKIES

**Count Henry de la Vaulx Hastened to St. Louis After Reading of Knabenshue's Successful Flight in the "California Arrow" and Will Remain to Study Airships in the Aerodrome**

THE Count Henry de la Vaulx would no more have thought of missing the Louisiana Purchase Exposition than a good Hindu would think of dying outside the gates of Benares.

He came in last week, and hurried out to the aerodrome.

The count is perhaps, the world's most eminent authority on the subject of aeronautics. He is president of the French Aero Club. He enjoys the co-operation of the French government in experimental work with balloons and airships. He is a contributor to the French Academy of Sciences upon progress in aerostation. He has four balloons in the fleet of sixty at the aerial enclosure of his club, and he has made 133 ascensions, in one of which he flew from Paris, 1400 miles northeast into Russia; in another of which he was for forty hours over the Mediterranean, and a third in which he rose in a spherical balloon at Paris, sailed over the English Channel at night, and landed the next morning at Hull, England.

Naturally, when the count stepped from his train at the St. Louis Union Station a few days ago the aerodrome loomed up in the west before his eyes as big as a mountain's mount.

The Count de la Vaulx is a six-footer, carrying with him a certain atmosphere of distinction. He is about 38 years of age, an exceedingly handsome, aristocratic-looking Parisian, a representative of one of the noted families of France, and a gentleman of no little fame and fortune, his name first having become known in France because of certain scientific explorations which he made in South America. He is graceful of build and temperament, is a high-class sportsman, according to the French use of the term, has dark blue eyes, curly, half-dark hair, a small light mustache, and is wholly French, even to the extent of speaking but little English.

**French Only Can Express Ecstasy.**

The French lead the world in aeronautics because they are temporally qualified for that sort of thing beyond any other race. An Englishman may fly as high, but when he descended to earth his lukewarm temperament would make it impossible for him to comment upon it in any better fashion than to say: "By Jove, but it was right jolly, don't you know?" An American, being only a hard-headed practicalist, would come down cursing his motor or his propeller or some other part of the ship which did not work as it should; but the Frenchman! Ah, now we have it.

The Frenchman is a rhapsodist. He has the truly ecstatic soul. When he comes

down from the ethereal seas he cannot tell you what it was like in words, but he can lift his expressive hands to heaven, and half close his eyes, and sigh for very ecstasy of recollection, and somehow you understand and want to rush out and go up in a balloon.

"I shall be pleased to meet you at the rendezvous you suggest and talk of aeronautics," said the count, answering a Post-Dispatch reporter's note asking for an appointment Thursday morning at the Jefferson Hotel.

He came down to the rotunda—a brisk, punctual gentleman.

"What is the news in aeronautics, and what is the future of it all, count?" he was asked.

The count assumed a serious cast of countenance, as though to place the subject at the outset upon a somewhat less frivolous basis than he finds us accustomed to conceding it in America.

"There is a more general interest in aeronautics the world over than there ever has been heretofore," he said. "In France the interest has grown until it has crystallized in the formation of an aero club in which 500 of the best people in the country are taking an active and cooperative interest in the science and value of practical aerostation.

"We have no wild dreams of the science in France. We do not expect to see aerial craft supplant trains and the steamship, for to us any organized and reliable aerial transportation is so far beyond the present that we make no claims for it at all, contenting ourselves with lesser things in which the aerial craft may be made to serve practical uses. I may say that we consider these uses to be three in number—first, the use of balloons and airships as a sport; second, the employment of balloons in war; third, the value of the balloon to science.

"Explaining at greater length, I may say that in France we have a considerable and growing number of gentlemen of the better class who annually devote a great deal of money to aeronautics as an established recreational pursuit and who believe it to be the finest of sports. There is scarcely a day in which some member of our club does not make an ascension, oftentimes taking with him one, two or three of his friends, even the ladies sharing the adventure.

"In war the balloon has long ago proven its value. Both the Japanese and Russian armies are using them in the field in the present war, and there is not a first-class army in the world which is without its balloon corps and equipment.

I have recently come from St. Petersburg, where I saw a number of balloons made for use in Manchuria. In fact, I made an ascension in one of them. The war balloon is as yet in its infancy, but it

will be developed until it becomes indispensable.

"I have built and operated an airship, a flight. M. Lebandy also has an airship, and he has made some fine flights

"The greatest problem confronting balloon makers now is how they may be made to rise from the ground fast enough to afford protection against the missiles of the enemy until they attain a height beyond the range of guns.

"In science the balloons of France are serving in the study of astronomy, meteorology and medicine—this latter service consisting in the opportunity they afford to know the properties of the atmosphere at various altitudes.

**Great Possibilities  
In Dirigible Balloon.**

"The dirigible balloon is, of course, the balloon of the future, and it will be developed much beyond its present instability. We have several of them in Paris, and all of them, like your own over here, are frail and uncertain performers whose mechanism is too much delicate for practical uses. These demerits will be remedied within a short while, and the dirigible balloon will become a fixture in aeronautics. So, too, will the aeroplane, which is even more in its infancy.

"Builders of airships have two great

**Count Henry de la Vaulx Discussing Aeronautics for the Post-Dispatch**



**"St. Louis Ought to Have an Aero Club," Says Member of Paris Organization--It Would Take a Brave Man, He Thinks, to Go Up in Some Machines Built Here**

vised can offer. I have ridden in a spherical balloon at a height of seven miles above the earth, and I have been in one of them forty hours continuously.

"Our government encourages the experiments. It very kindly tenders a warship whenever I wish to make an experimental flight at sea, and in other ways it gives the aeronauts of France active co-operation with a view to developing the balloon along practical lines.

**To Tell of Baldwin  
at French Club.**

"I am naturally much interested in the activity in aeronautics at the St. Louis Fair, and I hurried here from the East when I read of the Baldwin flights. I shall, of course, take home to my club the news of what is being done and will be done here up to the end of the Fair, that we may profit by the experience of those who are engaged in the study of aerostatics here.

"I feel sure that aeronautics will come into favor with Americans. It is the most expensive of pursuits, but in France we regard it as giving the best returns for the investment, and the balloon lovers of our country devote a great deal of wealth to that purpose every year.

"There are oftentimes days when one may see as many as eight or nine balloons, dirigible and non-dirigible, sailing around over the city of Paris.

"St. Louis should have an aero club. I never have seen another city so admirably located. You are so far inland that a balloon sent up here could not be swept out to sea by any whim of the wind, and you would thus be free of the only real danger confronting us in France.

"Danger! Poof! We have not had an accident in our club in a long, long time. I have made as many as four or five ascensions a week in certain seasons for the last six years, and never have received so much as a scratch.

"The automobile is more dangerous than the balloon. The balloon has no obstruction to encounter—always limitless space before it. It is not so with the automobile. People are hurt with automobiles in Paris every day or so, but there are no accidents about the balloons. Of course, we have only experienced aeronauts running them. Possibly the automobile would be less dreadful if as much were done for it.

"I do not think it is because of any want of courage that Americans do not go for aeronautics more than they do. Mon Dieu! There is nothing wrong with the courage of a people who will make even a few ascensions in some of the airships I have seen over here. We have veteran aeronauts in France who wouldn't do it."

**Santos-Dumont's Words Recalled.**

This rather humorous criticism upon American aeronauts reminds me of what M. Santos-Dumont said last June.

"Nothing amazes me more," the Brazilian said, "than the implicit confidence with which some of your American inventors, who have never been up in any sort of a balloon, will insist upon solving these great problems of aerial flight. I was dumfounded at the hotel this morning when a man who said he was from Texas confronted me and informed me that he had in his pocket the solution to the problem. He brought forth a drawing of an airship after his own ideas. It was fearfully and wonderfully made. I asked

him if he had ever had any experience in aeronautics. He said he had not. I asked him if he knew anything of the lifting power of gas. He said he only knew what he had 'figured out.' In fact, he had 'figured out' the whole thing, and he had the plans for a ship which was as astonishing as the man's confidence in himself."

M. Santos-Dumont intimated that he didn't think the ship could have been pried off the earth.

The future of the airship is foreseen by Count de la Vaulx much as M. Santos-Dumont foresees it. When he was here the Brazilian said:

"The dirigible balloon will become a powerful factor in warfare. Think! The Russians have been holding Port Arthur against the Japanese for months. Can you imagine what the Japs could do with an airship? They are carefree of death. They could sail over Port Arthur at night and drop explosives into it until they blew it from the face of the earth.

"The North Pole eventually will be reached with a dirigible airship. All the men who have tried to reach it have been defeated by the rough ice fields which surround it. The airship could sail over the rough ice, and it could, with good luck, get in to the Pole and back to an icebound ship without even making a landing."

**Says Little  
of Brazilian.**

Of the Santos-Dumont incident, the count spoke with caution undisguised. He asked if the people over here sympathized with the Brazilian in the balloon-cutting matter, and, upon being informed that there was no popular enthusiasm here for the way M. Alberto got angry about it and tore off to Europe without making an attempt to repair his balloon and show what he could do, the count disposed of the subject with a delicacy suggesting that in France they considered the Brazilian's airships entirely too unfortunate to reflect much progress in aeronautics in foreign countries.

The count personally is acquainted with M. Hippolyte Francois, builder of the huge airship now spreading its wings for flights at the Fair. M. Francois is a Parisian artist, and the count knew him there.

Naturally, being a frequent visitor to the aerodrome and in close touch with inventors of airships there, the count would not say what he thinks of the aerial craft tried and untried at the Fair. He had not seen the Baldwin ship fly, and, inasmuch as it was dismantled when he reached the city, he could not say anything of it beyond expressing his gratification that it had been so successful, even in a small way.

Of the other aerial craft at the aerodrome he merely said that he would await results, though he was frank enough to say that one or two of them struck him as being rather dangerous devices.

The count said he did not think he would make an ascension while here. He is not accustomed to small balloons such as the American aeronauts use, and does not feel like trusting his 180 pounds of weight to one of them, much as he would love to have a bird's-eye view of the Mississippi valley.

"It must be beautiful. Beautiful!" he exclaimed.

And poor man! According to his point of view, he will not get to the point.

It was the hour for the count's lunch and friends awaited him. He arose and gracefully withdrew. As the reporter passed out of the Jefferson he saw a startling sight.

It was the Count Henry de la Vaulx stepping into one of those dangerous automobiles.

## SANTO DOMINGO'S PRESIDENT CREATES A REIGN OF TERROR

Powder and Ball His Way of Disposing of Revolutionary Suspects and He Doesn't Even Bother With Farce of a Trial.

Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

SANTO DOMINGO, Nov. 3.—Four months ago the ex-priest, Carlos F. Morales, declared all revolutions at an end in Santo Domingo, and had himself inaugurated as constitutional president. The day before his inauguration he was informed by one of his ministers that it was the intention of some of the people to make a demonstration against his inauguration. He listened quietly to the minister, and then turning to his black-list he selected two names, saying:

"Take these two men out at sunrise tomorrow morning and shoot them. I do not think there will be any demonstration."

The next morning as the first gleam of sun lit upon the mottled walls of the mean old prison from which the Conquistadors were sent in chains to every face dead.

A corporal of the firing squad

stepped up and fired a bullet from his rifle in the man's head. Extracting the shell and loading again; he did the same by the second. The bodies were then taken up, carried into the cemetery and thrown into a grave which had been prepared for them, and covered up. The families of these men were even denied the privilege of giving them decent burial.

These two men were Gen. Mansueta and Commander Guilloux. They had committed no overt act, but were simply identified with the political party for which Morales was a leader, faced about and a firing squad of seven privates and a corporal ordered to take a position in front of the wall on the left of the cemetery gate. The prisoners soon came on the scene, surrounded by a force of police. They did not hesitate or show the slightest degree of fear, but stepped with as firm a tread as the policemen themselves.

A general who had charge of the execution directed them to the entrance of the cemetery, and when they arrived between the wall and the firing squad he turned to the men and said: "You will be shot."

Three weeks previous to the execution of these men representatives of Morales signed a compact with the rebels, who agreed to

produce a craft sufficiently accident-proof to answer any practical use. I am now planning one, and intend beginning its construction when I return to France. "M. Deutsch, who offered the Deutsch prize which Santos-Dumont won, recently has built an airship of which he has no little expectation. It has not yet made

a flight. M. Lebandy also has an airship, and he has made some fine flights

with it. There are others in operation, and I know of some three in construction, all of them working toward the higher development which all the French aeronauts foresee for the dirigible balloon.

"The spherical balloon never will be abandoned. It offers an opportunity for high flying and long distance flying which no airship has ever been de-

signed to do. There are others in operation, and I know of some three in construction, all of them working toward the higher development which all the French aeronauts foresee for the dirigible balloon.

"Nothing amazes me more," the Brazilian said, "than the implicit confidence with which some of your American inventors, who have never been up in any sort of a balloon, will insist upon solving these great problems of aerial flight. I was dumfounded at the hotel this morning when a man who said he was from Texas confronted me and informed me that he had in his pocket the solution to the problem. He brought forth a drawing of an airship after his own ideas. It was fearfully and wonderfully made. I asked

him if he had ever had any experience in aeronautics. He said he had not. I asked him if he knew anything of the lifting power of gas. He said he only knew what he had 'figured out.'

"In fact, he had 'figured out' the whole thing, and he had the plans for a ship which was as astonishing as the man's confidence in himself."

After the execution, M. Santos-Dumont sent out a proclamation explaining that he had shot those men who had been taken into custody, and that he had been compelled to do so in accordance with the law of the land.

He was given a trial, and he was condemned to death. He was given a chance to confess his罪行, and he did so. He was given a chance to make a statement, and he did so. He was given a chance to say anything he wanted to say, and he did so.

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## COUNTRY CURATE STIRS FRANCE IN LETTER TO POPE

Declares Catholics Should Welcome the Impending Separation From the State as a Measure That Will Regenerate the Church.

ALWAYS STRONGER WHEN THERE IS PERSECUTION

Priest Will Become the Real Pastor of His Flock and Cease to Be Regarded as Idle Governmental Functionary.

"A country curate" of the Catholic faith has electrified the people of the eastern part of France by an open letter to the Pope, declaring that the proposed abolition of the Concordat and the separation of church and state should be welcomed by all Catholics as a measure for the regeneration of the church in France. The letter looks at the separation, hitherto regarded as a catastrophe, in an entirely new light, and puts the case so convincingly nearly all who read are converted.

A copy of the letter has just been received by Mr. Louis Furet of St. Louis from the Abbe Retz, the curate of his native town, and he has kindly furnished the Post-Dispatch the following translation of it:

The Concordat has reduced the clergy to the condition of functionaries; it has made of the church an administration where everything is provided, settled, working on an easy plane, where personal initiative is unnecessary and no unusual effort is demanded.

The priest has accustomed himself a little too easily to this role of functionary, and the faithful on their part saw in him only a part of the machinery of the administration and a protected dependent of the civil power.

For a long time they did what their fathers had done—followed the traditions of the country; but when the current of irreligion covered the land, especially when it flowed from the heights of the civil power, they quickly abandoned practices which had become external and had no roots in soul and conscience.

Under the influence of these new ideas the priest, paid by the State, living a relatively easy life with little tangible labor, became odious to them, and the spirit of anti-clericalism quickly invaded France.

But if the Concordat is torn asunder if the separation is effected, the situation is greatly changed, and it is not necessary to be a psychologist to foresee what will happen.

The French priest, poor, persecuted,

is no longer an object of envy and ill-will; he becomes an interesting victim. Under the lash of necessity he wakes up, moves, he speaks, he acts, he influences others, starts works about him; in short, he ceases to be a functionary, an official; he is now a man, a man who, if he suffers, if he is persecuted, his influence is marvelously increased.

**Base Not Good  
for Any Church.**

On the other hand, the Christians, those even only so in name, offended in their conscience, will reassess themselves and soon, perhaps, their faith, dormant in their hearts like stagnant water, will rekindle and setting aside the obstacles will become

The Catholic religion knows not a condition of tranquil exercise, of peaceful possession. The most dangerous periods for the faith were those when the church has been protected and has enjoyed material power. What it needs from time to time is the return to its beginnings, to the contact with its cradle, that is to say persecution, struggle, sacrifice. In all probability this is God's present design with his church, and this separation, from which the shrewd politician, the real statesman, having become by his hands the provincial means by which the church in France will be rejuvenated, and M. Combes, paid a man of whom one follows unconsciously the divine light towards a providential end.

Already we see the signs of hope springing from which the church benefits, as she always does, when traditions have to be overturned, but which necessarily will be broken in the course of the conversion. The living of the priest and his role will be changed; he will remain the man of many, he will have become the man of action, of social action. His clerical formation will experience a transformation; instead of the life of the monasteries, where he is now training the life of the monasteries, he will fit himself to his new condition in the company of a number of brothers, priests gathered together in a religious center.

The study of social problems, the knowledge of practical things, will complete his theological studies, which also will be directed toward a practical modern plan, and his labors in the field of education, with the active duties of his ministry; catechism, short sermons, patronage, social work, and the like; the eyes and the direction of the priests—the young levites will receive their training.

**More Emotion  
in Religious Work.**

I have spoken of a "religious center"—instead of remaining solitary in parishes, the priests will concentrate in the cities or some important localities, living a life in common, more easy, more agreeable, and spread from thence to the villages, where they will be called the same as the physician visits the sick who send for him.

The temple will be some hall or even a temple where the faithful will crowd with more emotion in such places than they are impressed by the significance of the present ecclesiasticism and the power with a sympathetic flock who will gladly support him from the priests who will be theirs, the priest who will have cast off the exterior cloak of officialism, of a functionary, who will speak to them.

And make them understand the simple Gospel of Christ; he will preach simplicity, and they will take an interest in them, in their families, in the community; he will truly their friend, their pastor, director, their guide.

This will soon be the hour of the religious conversion in France, for this will

be the return to apostolic times, and this regeneration will be the work of anticlerical radicalism.

Liberty, popularity, influence restored to the church, the assured triumph of the church will be the result of the separation of church and state.

Practically what is to be done now?

At the start, the church cannot demand the separation, its doctrines oppose it, but the moment comes when the church will not say of principle, but even of pride or self respect to prevent it. Then it would be proper for the Holy See to issue a single action of protest to one or more bishops of France the disciplinary power in matters politic.

If the church would consent this would constitute a powerful instrument for religious defense, and it would be a further benefit of the abrogation of the concordat.

Then, in the event of the existing state, there would be raised for the benefit of the church the Gallican power which formerly controlled the church, and which may be little use, whatever may be said of it.

If all else fails, the word is passed, if it is obeyed, and if the word is passed, the law will not pass unnoticed and an agitation will be felt even in the farthest village of France.

Every baptism, every marriage, every

burial, and thousands and thousands of christenings will feed this agitation and postpone it.

The moment of reaction will then be

affected, when it becomes itself a further benefit of the abrogation of the concordat.

These, Most Holy Father, are some thoughts to which my humble pastor may give little value in this very just and sincere heart sincerely devoted to the church and to France.

The radical party which is uneasy over its world would be happy to facilitate such a movement, and it would be well to hope to help such shrewd bulldogs. To fall into such a trap would be a flagrant mistake.

The people must be brought suddenly to face the separation and realize its effects.

They must see that there has been a change, they must be made to realize the separation and that a revolutionary wind is blowing over France; they must take sides for or against.

**Faithful Must Suffer  
for Their Faith.**

It becomes necessary that the faithful be inconvenienced for their faith; that they must sustain it and affirm it at the price of struggle and sacrifice; they must support their priests and pay the costs of religion the same as is done in England and in the United States.

These, Most Holy Father, are the very sacrifices made for it will attach them to it more and more.

It is well known that the oxyacetylene will

be careful not to return to it as a tenant even for the smallest rental paid to the

church authorities; he will live wherever he may, even in a hut if necessary. The faithful, deprived of their temple, of the temple built by the faith of their forefathers, will be compelled to take up their abode in a ridiculously low rent; they will even in barns, leaving to the civil authorities the expense of an edifice for which there have little use, whatever may be said of it.

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**TRY TO CUT OFF BABY'S HEAD**

Children Imitated Mother's Way of Killing Chickens, but Victim Was Saved.

APPLETON, Wis., Nov. 12.—Two little

sons of Mrs. William Krause of Center

tried to cut their baby sister's head off

after seeing their mother cut the head off

of a hen, the same as is done in England

and in the United States.

After the hen was killed, the children

went wide of the mark, and as he raised

the hatchet, the mother stopped him

and said, "Don't do that."

She then took the hatchet and

dropped it on the floor.

The children then ran away.

When the mother went to the kitchen

she found the hatchet on the floor.

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**ELOPERS BLUNDER INTO JAIL**

Girl's Mother Pursued Them and They Asked Questions of Police Who Looked for Them.

*Special to the Post-Dispatch.*  
DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 12.—Not knowing the police had been warned to keep a lookout for them, a pair of elopers walked into the police station to inquire the directions to the county clerk's office, and were taken into custody. They were Denton Bebe, a young farmer of Garrett, Ill., aged 19, and Miss Mary Levet, aged 18 years, of Benton.

The girl's mother discovered the young lady's absence, and fearing an elopement, summoned the police, who found the telephone.

After her daughter's arrest she came to Decatur and forgave her daughter who proposed to return home with her in view of marrying. Mrs. Levet insisted that young Bebe be held, and attorney she would prosecute him. She said, "After you have confounded the young man, he committed no crime in simply attempting to marry a 16-year-old girl," and ordered his release after a few hours were spent in jail.

**WHAT THE MINSTER SAYS****Is Most Convincing.**

"I thought I would write you what Pyramid File Cure has done for me. I had a most aggravated case of bleeding piles; indeed I dreaded when I had to go to stool. One 50-cent box cured me. I feel like a new man. I have recommended it to others as the most wonderful remedy known. It is indeed a great blessing to suffering humanity. You are at liberty to use this for all it is worth, and I hope it may do good." Rev. W. E. Carr, 225 No. Holbrook st., Danville, Va.

Clergymen (like all professional men who lead sedentary lives) are especially addicted to piles in various forms, and are continually on the lookout for a remedy which will give relief, with little or no idea of obtaining a cure.

Recognizing this fact, Rev. Mr. Carr consents to the use of his name in order that other sufferers may know there is a cure called Pyramid File Cure, which is sold by druggists everywhere for the low price of 50 cents a package, and which will bring about for even one afflicted with piles the same beneficial results as in his own case. Be sure to adopt no substitutes, and remember that there is no remedy "just as good."

A little book, describing the causes and cure of piles, is published by Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., and will be sent free for the asking. All sufferers are advised to write for it, as it contains valuable information on the subject of piles.

**SPEAKER TRAUTMAN SEEKS A CERTAINTY**

He Has Announced His Candidacy and Has the Lead on Competitors.

**"39" NEED NOT APPLY**

E. J. Arnold Wants the Place, but Original Yates Men Are in Disfavor.

*Special to the Post-Dispatch.*

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 12.—Picked at the Republican state convention in June for speaker of the next House of Representatives in Illinois William E. Trautman of East St. Louis has already announced his candidacy, and is believed to be a winner. However, there may be a contest, because the Republican majority is large and it will be hard to line up every Republican for Trautman, who is the first to formally declare his candidacy for speaker.

It is known that other speakership candidates are being groomed this early. Trautman will be the administration candidate. E. J. Arnold, re-elected to the House from the Galesburg district, will be the Yates candidate. There is little chance, however, of Arnold's success, because none but members of the famous 29 in the last House now apply. Originally Arnold was one of the "29," but he dropped and went over to Yates when the session was not opening.

Now, now the Lieutenant-governor, Trautman were closely identified with one another in the last session. Last spring Trautman and Thomas Rinaker of Carlinville were the Sherman candidates for Lieutenant-governor. When told to decide between them which should have the nomination, after Sherman had delivered his strength in the convention to Denem, they agreed that Sherman should be named for Lieutenant-governor. After being nominated at their solicitation Sherman pledged himself to Trautman for speaker.

Samuel J. Drew, elected to the House a third time and one of the "29" in the last legislature, also is mentioned as a candidate.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO PAY OUT DENTAL FEES OR DENTURES.

Booklet with full information free. Address C. A. REED, M. D., Box 62, Eureka Springs, Ark.

**FREAK RESULTS OF ELECTION SHOW VOTER THINKS FOR HIMSELF**

Party Strings No Longer Hold Him and He Is Becoming a Real Sovereign in the Use of His Pencil at Ballot Box.

The election last Tuesday demonstrated that the action of the sovereign voters of the country is rapidly becoming as uncertain as the result of a horse race.

The most remarkable feature is that states heretofore classed as assured to one political party have climbed into the doubtful column.

The thinking voter has given the country the most extraordinary election in its history and the results in some states are almost freakish. This is particularly true in Missouri, which for the first time since reconstruction days has cast its electoral vote for a Republican candidate, the President, E. D. White, the man that Missouri gave a plurality approximating 25,000 to Roosevelt, she elected a Democratic governor, Joseph W. Folk getting a plurality of nearly 40,000 over Walbridge, his Republican opponent.

Then, to make the situation even more complicated, the scratching prerogative was used to defeat probably all the other Democratic candidates for state offices, and to elect a Republican legislature, which will be controlled by the Republicans to succeed Cockrell. The pluralities of the state ticket run from 100 to 18,000. Every representative of the old Democratic machine was knocked out and nine of the 16 Congressmen are Republicans, where only one sits in House now.

There will be 84 Republicans and 53 Democrats in the next Missouri House and 23 Democrats and 11 Republicans in the Senate, a Republican majority of 14 on joint ballot.

In Illinois the legislature is so overwhelmingly Republican the Democrats will have no show. In the House there are 89 Republicans and 60 Democrats. In Minnesota, which gave Roosevelt 100,000 plurality, John A. Johnson, Democrat, was

**MORPHINE AND LIQUOR**

I positively guarantee to cure any case of Liquor Habit, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine or other drug habit from 10 to 12 days.

E. D. Shurtliff of Marengo, McHenry County. He, too, was allied with the Sherman element in the last legislature.

Patients are not required to pay out dental fees or dentures.

Booklet with full information free. Address C. A. REED, M. D., Box 62, Eureka Springs, Ark.

**ROOM RUGS.**

Carpets, Mattings, etc., for one or any number of rooms. We, of course, will be pleased to fill your needs at your own time, but we would suggest, in view of the rapidly increasing fall trade that it would be best for you to order this work done as soon as possible. As an extra service we offer to our customers to assist in our Carpet Department. Our Made-Up-Room-Sized Rugs are provided in any kind of carpet and to fit any size room. We offer SPLENDID BRUSSELS RUGS, 1x12 ft. large, in a vast variety of color combinations, at a special price of \$12.50 CASH OR CREDIT.

**MONDAY SPECIAL**

10c CHINA CUP and SAUCER  
Imported German China Cup and Saucer, decorated with the word "St. Louis" in gold letters encircled in wreath of flowers and leaves in gold.

**FREE SOUVENIRS THIS WEEK.**

To any lady calling at our store we will present a genuine Aluminum Jewel or Pin Tray. Each tray is ornately embossed and engraved with beautifully illustrated views of the World's Fair Buildings.

\$6.75 CASH OR CREDIT.

Low Prices,  
Small Payments.  
Furniture, Carpets,  
Stoves and Ranges

THE EASTERN  
HOUSEFURNISHING CO.  
619 and 621 N. FOURTH ST.

**TEXAS HAPPY IN FINE CORN CROP**

Quality of Grain Another Argument for Greater Diversification of Land Products.

*Special to the Post-Dispatch.*

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 12.—Texas has furnished many surprises to the citizens of other parts of the United States, but not until this fall has such an ordinary thing as Texas corn astonished the natives in the East.

It is a fact, however, and some prominent exporters, after having received samples of the new crop from Texas, were inclined to believe that the crafty Texans were trying to spring samples of old corn or kiln-dried dried orders were given. So thoroughly were the Easterners impressed with this idea of a "new game" that they were astounded to doubt the word pronounced. Gullible buyers from the East were not contented that the samples were of the new crop and that there were nearly 300,000 bushels of the same grade in Texas until numerous letters and telegrams had been written and received.

In discussing the Texas corn crop, Mr. C. McD. Robinson, chief grain inspector at this port, said:

"These letters from eastern exporters are very flattering, and as we have the goods to deliver, I believe that if those gentlemen are not already satisfied that the samples sent them correctly represent our Texas crop, they will be satisfied after shipping begins. The Texas farmers certainly have a lot of good corn, and with the shortage of feedstuffs on the other side, they can not fail to get a good price for every bushel they have to sell. I believe that had they put in more acres of corn and other grains and less cotton they would have been better off this year, and that in a average year, general information, the Texas corn crop in any way would not take to take it. Texas farmers should plant more corn, wheat and oats. They can always get a good price for them if they want to grow them, and what is better, they can always have a lot of fat stock on their farms. As you know, the farmers of Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin are great leaders in the field of farming, and it would be well with the Texas farmers if they would pay less attention to cotton and more attention to vegetables."

"This year the corn crop has yielded on an average of forty to sixty bushels per acre, and is such good corn that they are receiving from 40 to 50 cents bushel at their home stations. It is much easier to grow corn than cotton, and it seems that it pays well. After all, there is a market for feedstock on these issues. The Democrats and the Douglas managers also claim that reciprocity, especially with Canada, was an reciprocity, especially with Canada, was an effective weapon in the campaign.

In Colorado Roosevelt gave a plurality of 10,000, while Alva Adams, Democrat, was elected governor by 10,000 plurality. The war on union labor waged by Gov. Peacock, the Republican candidate, was the cause of Adams' victory.

Maryland, if not wholly Republican, will, at least, give part of her electoral vote to Roosevelt as a result of the scratching of some unpopular electors on the Democratic ticket.

West Virginia, the home of the Democratic vice-presidential candidate, who is charged by Republicans with having spent over \$100,000 to secure the interest of the Negroes in the state, was won by the Republicans.

In New York, which the Republicans carried by considerably over 300,000 plurality, the party managers were actually alarmed before the election. New York, admitted vociferously by the Democrats, was admitted by them to be a doubtful state, particularly as to the state ticket. The overwhelming avalanche of votes for the Republicans shows that forecasters are absolutely worthless when the voters are alert and intelligent. As an evidence that the New York voters exercised their sovereignty, it is only necessary to point to the fact that Higgins, the governor, ran 100,000 votes behind Roosevelt. In hardly any state, except the solid South, did the vote for the state ticket equal that on the national. In Wisconsin, Roosevelt got 60,000 plurality. La Follette, who was combated viciously by the corporate element of his party, won only by 20,000.

In nearly every state, Parker ran behind the Bryan vote for 1900.

The final count shows the following pluralities in the states the Republicans carried:

Colorado, 10,000; California, 50,000; Connecticut, 20,000; Delaware, 500; Idaho, 25,000; Illinois, 200,000; Indiana, 72,000; Iowa, 140,000; Kansas, 100,000; Maine, 37,000; Maryland, 100,000; Massachusetts, 80,000; Michigan, 142,000; Minnesota, 100,000; Missouri, 35,000; Montana, 200; New Jersey, 50,000; Nevada, 40,000; New Hampshire, 20,000; Nevada, 1500; New York, 225,000; North Dakota, 25,000; Ohio, 210,000; Oregon, 40,000; Pennsylvania, 45,000; Rhode Island, 600; South Dakota, 50,000; Utah, 800; Vermont, 30,000; West Virginia, 30,000; Washington, 30,000; Wisconsin, 60,000; Wyoming, 10,000. These states have a total electoral vote of 343.

The states giving Democratic pluralities were: Alabama, 75,000; Arkansas, 40,000; Florida, 18,000; Georgia, 145,000; Kentucky, 15,000; Louisiana, 35,000; Mississippi, 50,000; North Carolina, 50,000; South Carolina, 25,000; Tennessee, 25,000; Texas, 100,000; Virginia, 25,000. These states have an electoral vote aggregating 133.

The total House of Representatives will contain 247 Republicans and 123 Democrats.

The notable increase in the Socialist party is second in political interest only to the avalanche of votes for Roosevelt. Four states of the Socialist party voted 100% of the total vote in the entire United States. Last Tuesday, Debs, as the candidate of the Socialist party, received 100% of the vote in the state of Illinois alone than he did in four years ago, and in the United States his vote was 100% and one-half percent of the total popular vote. While the Socialist candidate polled less than 100,000 votes.

The remarkable growth of the Socialist party in Illinois cannot be put in exact figures until the official count is made some days hence.

Illinois gave Debs 100,000 votes. He ran in Cook and Cook, Illinois, alone. That was a little over 8 per cent of the vote in Cook, and estimates from the printing and manufacturing districts of the state give him 16 per cent of the vote in those counties. Averaging his vote over the state, including Cook, at 10 per cent, he has in total vote of 1,000,000, a vote of 100,000 in Illinois.

Debs Beat Parker in Milwaukee Vote.

In Milwaukee, a city that has had a Democratic mayor for years, Debs got more votes than Parker. The Socialist candidate gained 12,000, while Parker's supporters numbered 11,000, never having given the percentages given from \$10,000 to \$6,000 votes. These figures are almost sensational.

Debs got 100% of the vote for Debs in the state election.

"The states showing the greatest ratio of increase are Illinois, Ohio, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan and California. The new states, however, estimate a large increase, but definite figures are not given. The only definite figures reported are from Massachusetts and Colorado, the vote for the former state being half of that cast in the state election.

"Illinois gives 100,000, New York about 40,000; Ohio, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and California, about 30,000 each; and Minnesota, Iowa and Indiana and Iowa between 15,000 and 20,000 each.

"Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey and Washington give from 10,000 to 15,000 each. New Hampshire, 10,000; Rhode Island, Montana, and Texas from 5,000 to 10,000 each; Maine, Maryland, North Dakota, Connecticut, Kentucky, Alabama, Arizona, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee and West Virginia should give from 2,000 to 5,000 each.

"Alabama, Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nevada, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, South Dakota and Wyoming give from 500 to 1,000. The two Carolinas together did not give more than

**POLICE BLUNDER ENDS IN DEATH**

Took Wrong Man From Hospital to Prison and Consumptive Weakened Under Exposure.

*Special to the Post-Dispatch.*

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 12.—As the result of exposure and excitement caused by a serious mistake on the part of the city hospital officials and the police department, William Owens, 630 Warren avenue, a married man with five children, died Monday night.

Owens was a patient at the hospital, and though innocent, was arrested and taken to the station on charges of resisting an officer and offending persons on the street.

The ride in the patrol wagon and the excitement hastened his end.

A negro giving the name of William Owens resisted Officer Bolen in Indiana avenue on Oct. 5, when the officer placed him under arrest for offending people on the street. The negro was taken to the hospital and there gave his name as Weaver. The negro was later released, it is said.

William Owens, the dead father and husband, had been in the hospital for some time, suffering from consumption. Last Sunday afternoon the police authorities were informed by attaches of the hospital that Owens was able to be taken to the police station. They did not state that Owens was a white man, and the police, thinking him to be the one arrested by

Officer Bolen, ordered him brought to the police station.

The sick and innocent man was taken to the turnkey's office and slated on the charge of resisting an officer and offending persons on the street. Coughing incessantly and hardly able to stand, the unfortunate man remained in the prison for about two hours.

Mrs. Owens called at headquarters and explained to Capt. Boylan that the man had been in the hospital for some time, and that he had not caused the trouble he was charged with. The mistake was immediately discovered and the man was allowed to go. He began to fail rapidly after his release and his death soon followed.

**AN INTERESTING EXHIBIT**

**Collection From the Heart of Dark Africa.**

Many of the visitors to the World's Fair have seen the Boer War exhibit showing the mode of warfare carried on by the Afrikanders to retain their liberty.

A visit to the curio department of the Boer War Company, located under the center of the grandstand, has also been a great attraction.

The collection of skins brought thousands of miles include all the known wild animals of South Africa, including the beautiful lions, leopards, and tigers.

A collection of horns from the animals of the African savannahs is also an interesting display on the walls of the exhibit.

South Africa being the home of the Boer War, a collection of arms and armor is given a prominent place.

Aside from these curios which carry the name of the heart of Africa, a collection of relics of the late Boer War makes the museum a place of interest to collectors of rarities.

**..DIAMONDS..**

Our holiday display of diamond jewelry contains many new and beautiful designs that we know will please you immensely. Wouldn't it be a good idea for you to make your selections a little earlier this season, while the assortment is so splendidly complete?

This exquisite diamond brooch—in harvest moon design—set with fifteen handsome diamonds—a gift

**\$100**

## SOUTHERN BEAUTY IS STANDING BY HER NICARAGUAN SUITOR



Despite the Scandal Raised by Anonymous Letter Writer  
She Will Wed Minister Corea, Though Consenting  
to Postponement of Wedding.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Ish Dunlap Jordan, a Georgia beauty residing in the capital, has won the admiration of society here by her loyalty to her fiance, Senator don Luis Corea, the Nicaraguan minister to the United States, despite the scandalous stories circulated about him by an anonymous letter writer.

For years she has been hailed as one of the beauties of Georgia. She is the youngest daughter of the late S. S. Dunlap, who was one of Macon's wealthiest and most highly esteemed citizens, and is the widow of Col. Lee Jordan of Macon and the sister of Mrs. S. S. Dunlap.

Her engagement to Senator Corea caused a storm of disapproval in Macon, Ga., when the report first became circulated that negro blood flowed through the veins of her fiance.

Minister Corea has since proved that his

blood is as pure in its character as that of any grandee of Spain.

Mrs. Jordan is a woman of striking beauty, and has won great popularity in Europe, where her brilliant conversation, charming manners and cordiality made her a social favorite. At the Virginia Hot Springs she was the most admired woman from the South.

Senor don Luis Corea, to whom she has been engaged, is a lawyer by profession and a man of much breeding and accomplishments. He has a most attractive home in Washington, where he will take his bride in the winter season. He was born in Nicaragua, and is the son of a prominent citizen. He was a professor in various colleges in Guatemala until 1884, when he was appointed secretary of the legation of the Republic of Central America, and later he became chargé d'affaires.

Recently a former widow who felt that suspicion pointed to her as the writer of the letters addressed a communication to Senator Corea denying their authorship and declaring her great respect for him.

## COSTLY SOUTH DAKOTA SOIL

## THEIR DREAMS HAD RUDE AWAKENINGS

Guests at Joe Sing's Smoker Roused to Deliver Cash to Bogus Detectives.

The question is, if a couple of detectives had not happened along, how long would it have been before the police would have heard of the robbery at Joe Sing's Smoker?

The smoker took place at Joe's "dope" establishment in the rear of 2307 Market street. The guests were five men and one woman.

It was 1 o'clock a. m. when two men appeared in the doorway. They wore stars and said they were detectives. They wanted to interview the manager. They took \$17 from Joe, but the others had spent their all for smoke and had not wherewithal to satisfy the demands of the two men.

The woman was a Tartar. She struck the robbers and ran. They fired a few shots, but she ran down the street. Then

Joe aroused the neighbors but the police did not hear of it. Nine days later Detectives Dooly and Antone said they had found the woman, who was a saloon girl, and heard about it. They arrested William McGivney and Robert Reynolds, Joe Sing and Lewis Bowman. They have identified them as they were locked up at the Four Courts.

### EXPLOSION WRECKS SALOON.

The explosion of a small upright boiler Saturday in the basement of the building at 2323 and 2325 Clark street, owned by Mr. William Morris, a saloon, nearly damaged the building. A negro porter known as "Charm" who attended the saloon, has been missing since the explosion. The lower part of the building is occupied by a negro rooming house. Tables in the saloon and restaurant on the first floor were overturned and dishes broken while the shattered windows in the front of the building were shattered. No one was injured.

### PERJURY CHARGE DISMISSED.

C. Orrick Bishop, assistant to the circuit attorney, yesterday dismissed the charge against Minnie Craig, accused of perjury in falsely testifying before the coroner's jury that she was a half-sister of Edward G. Clegg, who was killed at 1117 Clark avenue several weeks ago. The girl said she gave the testimony in the interest of her husband, John Leonard, who left Leonard. Mr. Bishop held that the testimony was not perjury as it had no vital bearing upon the matter under investigation. The coroner's jury had given such testimony before the office having at his disposal the effects of the dead man.

Joy Leads Friends to Jail.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—The court of appeals has condemned two peasants to four months' imprisonment in a fortress for creating a disturbance outside the prison at Riga, at the time of the liberation of prisoners as a result of the birth of the heir to the throne. The others who were charged with the same offense were acquitted.

## PARISIANS DIVIDE OVER SLEEVES

Some Dressmakers Say That They Must Be Puffy, While Others Insist They Must Be Flat.

**Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.**  
(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
PARIS, Nov. 12.—Fashionable women will be divided into factions this winter, and a battle royal will be waged over the shape of the sleeves that must be worn.

12 dressmakers of the Louvre, Hammann have issued a flat that sleeves shall be very puffy, even to the point of extending them even with whalebone.

On the other hand those on the Rue de la

Paix who create gowns have ordered that sleeves must be flat—very flat.

Two words of fashion will array themselves on one or the other side with these dictatorial dressmakers. One sees a glimmer that there is no middle path for any woman who pretends to dress well.

Russian Society Discovered Which Has Extinction of All Being for Its Object.

RIAZAN, Russia, Nov. 12.—Eighty-three peasants of all ages and sexes have been found to belong to the Skoptsi sect, the main tenet of which is the extinction of the human race.

The result of the trial, which took place behind closed doors, was that the jury acquitted eight minors and the remainder of the accused were sentenced to the loss of civil rights and to be exiled.

## POPE ADMIRER OF PRESIDENT

Mgr. Chapelle, Friend of Roosevelt, Made Bearer of Greetings to Letter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Mgr. Chapelle, Archbishop of New Orleans, Cuba and Porto Rico, arrived here today on a stay of several weeks in Rome. On Oct. 28 he had an audience with the Pope and was received by the cardinal secretary. He will go to Washington at once and return to New Orleans, Cuba and Porto Rico. The archbishop said that he was the bearer of a message to President Roosevelt from Pope Plus.

The Pope was delighted with a description of the President, he said, "and he has made me the bearer of a message of kindness and good fellowship."

The result of the presidential election was communicated to the Pope by wireless telegraph, while the successor was in midocean and the archbishop sent a message of congratulations to President

Roosevelt. "While I am in no wise a partisan because of the position I hold," said the cardinal, "I can assure you that I express my satisfaction of the results. I shall congratulate the President, whom I know well, in person when I reach Washington."

## SUDDEN ILLNESS ON CAR FATAL

Louis Lemcke, 74 years old, for nearly 50 years a well known commission merchant on St. Louis was fatally attacked by heart disease yesterday morning on a street corner on Seven street and Chouteau avenue. He was reputed to be wealthy.

Mr. Lemcke left home Saturday morning in good health to go to his office. He was stricken suddenly on a street car, and was carried into a drug store, where he died before receiving medical attention.

The funeral probably will be conducted from his last resting place at 105 Carroll street, tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. Lemcke has resided in St. Louis for 50 years, coming here at that time from Germany. For 20 years he has been a commission merchant dealing exclusively in hardware. He was a bachelor.

He had a sister residing in New York and another sister in Germany.

## EX-CONVICT FIGHTS FOR FORTUNE

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NASHUA, N. H., Nov. 12.—Charles W. Spalding, former treasurer of the Globe Savings Bank of Chicago, has sued, asking that the will of his father, Solomon Spalding, be set aside. The estate amounts to \$100,000.

The will was made while ex-treasure Spalding was ill, in October, 1903.

His father died in 1901, his estate was settled before the son's release. His wife, Mrs. Charles Spalding, has been accompanied by his former stenographer, who married him while in prison.

One of the names attached to the will as a witness is that of Charles A. H. H. H. He was a clerk for the deceased, who since a time a clerk of Nashua, absconded and was captured to St. Louis.

### A Free Bottle

Of Drake's Palmetto Wine will give you a bottle of wine with every dozen Kildare Write to Drake Formula Company, For sale by Raboteau & Co., 90 N. Bryan,

St. Louis, Mo.

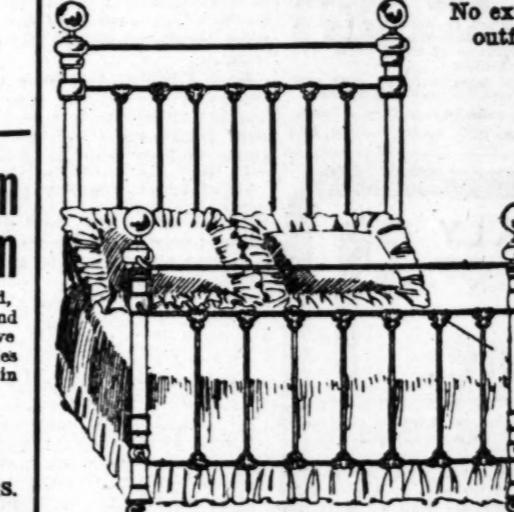
## TO THE THANKSGIVING BRIDAL COUPLE:

Economy should be your watchword. Make every dollar go as far as possible. Save as much as you can in furnishing your future home. PLEASE NOTE! WE PAY NO CLERK'S EXPENSE—NO HIGH RENT. WE PAY SPOT CASH IN BUYING OUR GOODS, SAVING BIG DISCOUNTS. Now, why shouldn't we sell goods cheaper than others, and thereby save you quite a sum? All we ask is to please call and let us show you our goods, our prices and our lenient terms.

IF YOU COME TO LOOK, YOU'LL STAY TO BUY.



PAY US THE BALANCE AS YOU GET YOUR ENVELOPE.



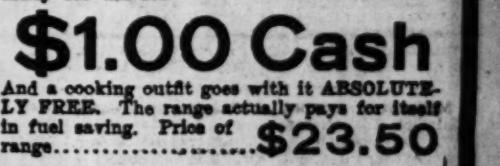
\$1.50  
CASH BUYS THIS

### MALLEABLE IRON BED

Five feet high, white or green enamel, gilt decorations, brass top rods and brass mounts both head and foot; ten years guarantee. We include in this magnificent offer a pair of pillows, cotton top mattress and a fine durable spring; the whole outfit for

\$11.25

One dollar and a half puts the entire outfit in your bedroom, afterwards you can pay us five little dimes each week, and you won't miss it.



## LADIES! LADIES!

Have you ever considered the many small items that go to make a garment more valuable and distinct, such as quality of the cloth, exclusiveness of pattern, harmony of make-up, and then the underlying value and the—price? Tastiness in dress makes the woman more beautiful, and is in itself a mirror of character. If you wish to take advantage of an extraordinary bargain, after you have inspected the various displays of the big Broadway stores, take a fancy to a certain pattern or shade, will you not kindly step into our store, and ask the forelady to show you through our Ladies' Suit Department, where for

## TOMORROW ONLY

### ALL LADIES' TAILORED SUITS

A multitude of styles, all sizes, colors and qualities, sell—your choice—for.....

PREMIUM STAMPS FREE! CATALOGUES FREE!

\$13.98



THE PIONEER CREDIT CLOTHIERS OF ST. LOUIS

417 WASHINGTON AVENUE.



## MONDAY FLYER!

Absolute choice of any Ladies' Dress Hat. See elegant display in our windows, Hats usually sell-  
ing as high as \$12, very special.....\$3.48

**TRYING TO SAVE MURDERER**

Counsel for Armour, Who Slew Woman, Urges Life Imprisonment, Because Death Was Not Intended.  
Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 12.—Alex Armour, whose sentence by the lower court of this

county has been affirmed by the supreme court for the killing of Mattie Strength, an old fortune teller at Indian Springs, who was accused of having been sent to the Hamilton County jail soon, where he will await his end on the gallows unless he succeeds in saving his death sentence to life imprisonment.

Action has already commenced to have the sentence commuted. J. G. Geiger, the lawyer who directed the defense of Armour, has addressed a card in which he says the man should not die which he says the man should not die because he failed to kill the old woman. He also says it is a case of murder in the second degree, because in Ar-

mour's assault a rib was broken which pierced the lungs and caused pneumonia, which finally resulted in death several days after.

**Knew His Ways.**  
Pretty Parlor Maid: "There is a gentleman at the door, ma'am."

Mistress: "Did he give you his card?"  
Pretty Parlor Maid: "No, ma'am; but he insisted on giving me a kiss."

Mistress: "Oh, that is my brother Jack. Let him in."

**THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN HERALD PRAISES OF PE-RU-NA.**

**Catarrh and Catarrhal Diseases Make Invalids of More Women Than All Other Ailments Combined.**



Suffered Long With Catarrh.

Miss Clara Case, 715 9th street, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes:

"I can think of no event in my life that fills me with more gratitude and at the same time a sense of future security, as a cure after long suffering from catarrh, brought about by taking Peruna as directed. It has completely cured me."

**Entire System Toned by Pe-ru-na.**

Miss Mary Bennett, 1819 Addison avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"A few months ago I contracted a cold by getting my feet wet, and although I used the usual remedies I could not shake it off."

"I finally took Peruna. In a week I was better. After several weeks I succeeded in ridding myself of any trace of a cold, and besides the medicine had toned up my system so that I felt splendid."—Mary Bennett.

Physicians Had Given Up the Case—Miss Nalley's Story—She Is Now Entirely Well.

Miss Gertrude Linford, Vice-President Parkside Whist Club and teacher of whist, 22 Niagara street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna has effectually cured me after physicians had practically given up my case."

"For a long time I suffered from catarrh of the kidneys, had a weakness and pain in the back, lost flesh rapidly, my feet were swollen, my face was puffed under the eyes and I had a waxy yellowish tint of skin."

"I took Peruna for some and am entirely well. I cannot endorse Peruna too strongly."—Gertrude Linford.

**If you suffer from catarrh in any form, do not delay. Take Peruna at once. Delays are dangerous.**

DENTISTS.

DENTISTS.

**TEETH**

EXTRACTED, CLEANED, FILLED, FREE  
CROWNED AND BRIDGED

Bridge Work Specialist.

Small Charge for Material Only.

In order to increase our clinic we are just adding more dental chairs and have decided to make

Our Best Full Set of Teeth for \$2

Gold Crowns... \$2.00  
Bridge Work... \$2.00  
Silver Filings... \$2.00  
Platinum Filings... \$2.00  
Gold Filings... \$2.00

**FREE**

SET OF TEETH... \$2.00 and up  
PURE GOLD CROWNS... \$2.00  
GOLD FILINGS... \$2.00 and up  
COMPOSITION FILINGS... \$2.00  
PAINELESS EXTRACTION... \$2.00

Open evenings till 9 P.M. Sundays 9 to 1.

DR. J. H. CASE, Proprietor.

DENTISTS.

**Boston Steam Dental Room**

415 N. Broadway, bet. Locust and St. Charles  
5th Floor Take Elevator.

Bridge Work \$3  
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SET OF TEETH... \$2.00 and up  
PURE GOLD CROWNS... \$2.00  
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ESTABLISHED 1871.

Prices Within the Reach of All.

Gold Set Teeth... \$2 Gold Crowns... \$2  
Bridge Work... \$2 Gold Work... \$2  
Silver Filings... \$2  
Platinum Filings... \$2  
Gold Filings... \$2

**FREE**

SET OF TEETH... \$2.00 and up  
PURE GOLD CROWNS... \$2.00  
GOLD FILINGS... \$2.00 and up  
COMPOSITION FILINGS... \$2.00  
PAINELESS EXTRACTION... \$2.00

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BARGAINS IN DENTISTRY.  
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FIRST-CLASS DENTISTRY

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Gold Set Teeth... \$2 Gold Crowns... \$2  
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Free Reclining-Chair Cars to

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Sleepers and Dining Cars.

Ticket Offices: Olive and Sixth,  
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## GAMBLERS ROUTED IN A TEXAS CITY

Church Workers in El Paso Determined That Vice Shall Be Suppressed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 12.—Gambling is apparently doomed in El Paso. The petition of the Citizens' League asking the officers to suppress the vice already has 1200 names and is getting additional signatures every day.

The Citizens' club, Woman's Christian Temperance Union and other such organizations have ordered the movement, and today every preacher in the city has denounced gambling and the attendant vices from the pulpit. The cry is, "Now is the time to make the charge and stamp it out forever."

Wednesday night a monster mass-meeting was held, at which the officers of the law were present. The meeting adjourned Tuesday night, to keep the young men out of the gambling houses and saloons to hasten their return. The churchmen arranged to have a special service on Sunday in the building of the new convention hall to give the returns. The admission was free and all the proceeds were to be given against gambling. The officers do not have to show the gambling resorts, as they all run wide open, and the only question is, Will the citizens be able to make them close them.

## Drunkards Cured Secretly

Any Lady Can do it at Home—Costs Nothing to Try.

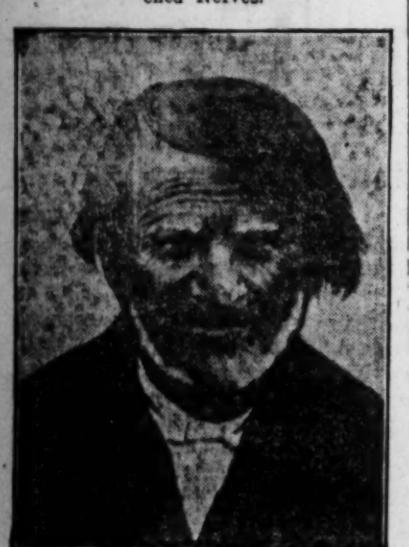


A new tasteless discovery which can be given in tea or coffee. Heartily endorsed by W. T. U. and temperance societies. It does its work silently and surely that while the drunkard is reclined even again his will is gone without his knowledge. Send your name and address to Dr. J. H. Haines, 2001 Green Ridge, Cicero, Ill., and he will send you a trial package of Golden Flakes free to show how easily it is to cure drunkards with this remedy.

## Hale and Hearty At 103 Years

Johann Arnold, Who Is 103, Says Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Cured Him When His Stomach Refused to Retain Any Other Medicine.

Duffy's Increases His Digestive Powers and Strengthens His Weakened Nerves.



JOHANN ARNOLD.

Reading, Penn., March 15, 1904. It gives me pleasure in my old age to testify to the fact that I am still Hale and Hearty. I am now 103 years old, Hale and Hearty, have a good appetite, and feel well. I have a number of wines and whiskies for their stimulating effect, but my stomach would not react to them. It is retained by my stomach and produces a mild stimulation, which my condition and age demands. It is only necessary to take the spirit, which needs no stimulation to tone up their stomachs, increase their digestive powers and strengthen their weakened nerves.

JOHANN ARNOLD.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey  
Is the Comfort and Support of Old Age.

The sincere and grateful tribute of Mr. Arnold, who has the distinction of being the oldest citizen of Pennsylvania, to the invigorating and life-preserving qualities of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is one of the most remarkable and convincing on record. He reads and is dependent upon no one for his information. His memory is perfect, his eyes sparkle with interest as he quietly recites events of the past gone by in later years. He is in the belief that with the comforting and strengthening qualities of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey he will live another quarter of a century.

If you wish to keep young, active and vigorous, have a glass of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey and retain full possession of your mental powers, you must take Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey regularly as directed and void of any stimulants. It stimulates the vitality, no matter how weak or feeble may have been the feelings and reaches the blood and stimulates the circulation, giving health and power to the body, brain, nerves and muscles.

The absolute purity of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is attested by the fact that thousands of physicians and druggists throughout the country say it is the only whiskey recognized by the medical profession as a medicine. It contains no fuel oil.

**HEALTHY.**—When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, be sure you get the genuine article by calling on your agent, and history is everywhere in sealed bottles and cans. For the trade mark, the words "Duffy's" on the label, and be sure and see that the cork is not broken. Learned she is.

The climax of the testimonial and doctor's story is with testimonial and doctor's story of the Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Company, Rockford, Ill.

## MARKET STREET COMES TO FRONT IN REALTY DEALS

Sixth Street Corner Purchased by M. Shaughnessy, Whose Appearance Herald Greater General Interest in This Street.

GEO. J. BELCHER BUYS OLIVE STREET HOUSES

Merchants' Hotel Property at the Southwest Corner of Twelfth and Olive Is Leased to the Stillwell Catering Co.

The sale of the northwest corner of Sixth and Market streets, that of a block of houses at 2306-38-40 Olive street and a long lease of the Merchants' Hotel property at the southwest corner of Twelfth and Market streets, that came to light during the week in regular circles.

The Market street property was owned by John J. O'Connell and was bought by Martin Shaughnessy, the millionaire hotel proprietor, for \$10,000. The Olive street property was owned by Mrs. W. L. Kline, and was purchased by George J. Belcher, a prominent business man, for \$40,000, the Commonwealth Trust Co. and the Matthews Real Estate Co. acting for the respective parties to the transaction.

The lease of the Merchants' Hotel corner was on behalf of William H. Post of New York, and was secured by the Stillwell Catering Co., its present occupants, McNair, Harris and Jones, representing both parties.

The Market street property, which is in the form of an L, has 86 feet on Sixth street by 135 on Market street, and is occupied by old three-story brick business buildings. Mr. Shaughnessy stated yesterday that he had made the purchase as an investment, and that upon the expiration of the lease would replace the present improvements with a steel frame hotel, to cost from \$500,000 to \$600,000.

This structure will occupy the entire plot and will be from 10 to 12 stories in height, visiting in appointment and design with the finest hotel in the country. Mr. Shaughnessy, the newest operator of the city and his advent into Market street, dealers say, will have a tonic effect on trade in this thoroughfare.

In addition yesterday that the Western Union Telegraph Co. has plans for a new big home structure in St. Louis and will soon occupy a prominent corner at this point.

**Big Rise in Downtown Prices.**

Much interest has been manifested recently in property on Market, between Broadway and Eighteenth streets, by professionals, and it is the belief among realty men that operations on this thoroughfare the coming year will verify the most widely held opinion concerning it.

Interest was centered largely in the election during the past week, and much business which otherwise would have been conducted was held over for the future.

While there is a good general demand for property, the call for central business buildings continues the distinguishing feature of the market.

At the various agencies it was stated that offers on plots in the central business district were up, but not so frequently and consistently that it is evident that an unprecedented amount of capital is seeking investment at the top.

Interest was well postponed their purchases in the business district in anticipation of lower prices have stood before rising.

"During the last six months," said Gus Schuchmann, a prominent speculator, "prices down town have risen from 15 to 25 per cent. For instance, a plot on Market street, in the neighborhood of Fifteenth street, which could have been bought last year for \$1000, is now being held for \$1500."

The owner is indifferent about selling at that price. The high-water mark has not yet been reached and those who are thinking of investment times will be well repaid for their foresight.

"Anything on Market, Pine, Olive, Locust, Washington avenue, east of Jefferson avenue, is a 'buy' at present quotation.

Says Interest Will Increase.

A client of the Holbrook-Blackwelder Real Estate Trust Co., who has reaped a small fortune out of his real estate operations, even in the last two years of the great depression, has predicted the local market predicts that now, the election over and considering the beneficial effects from the World's Fair, and upon the success of the Fair, interest in real estate will be stimulated in this city, realty men said.

Mr. Schuchmann, a prominent speculator, reports his plots in the central business district, which could have been bought last year for \$1000, are now being held for \$1500."

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## IAS CINCINNATI A FIEND WHO IS SLAYING WOMEN?

Three Murder Mysteries, All Still Unsolved, Point to One Person as the Assassin Who Kills Through Mania.

### ALWAYS LEAVES BODIES NEAR RAILROAD TRACKS

Review of the Recent Crimes That Make Up the Chain of Horrors That Have Appalled the Ohio City.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 12.—Three mysterious horrors in Cincinnati within six months have appalled the people and baffled the police.

In each case the victim was a young and defenseless woman. There seems to have been an absence of any motive except depravity.

The method of murder was the same. In the trio of tragedies, the unsuspecting girls were struck on the head with some blunt instrument, and, to make death certain, the slayer beat in their skulls and mutilated their faces. The bodies were found in remote and lonely places, and it puzzles the student of criminology to discover by what uncanny craft the young women were hurried to their frightful fate.

The three murders took place within a radius of one mile and within the precincts of the Twenty-third ward, or Cumminsville. Singularly enough, the first conclusion of the authorities was that the girls had been killed by accident. Their lifeless and disfigured bodies were only a short distance from railroad or street car lines, and the theory was that the victim with devilish cunning, had thought to throw suspicion from himself. It was only by the accumulation of damning evidence that the police were forced to admit in at least two of the cases that the girls had been brutally killed.

**Mystery of the McDonald Murder.**

The first discovery to startle the community was the body of Mary McDonald near the tracks of the Big Four railroad, east of Dune street crossing. The engineer of a freight train saw the girl, and, stopping his engine, went to her rescue. The girl was unconscious, having fallen several inches above the knees. A bruise on the head back of the ear led to the suspicion that she had been murdered. Miss McDonald was still alive when found, but died shortly afterward at the hospital. She regained consciousness long enough to tell her name, but could say nothing of the man supposed to be the assassin which led to her death.

Mary McDonald's tragic end came on the night of the 30th of April last. She was 22 years old and single. She lived with Mrs. Flinley at 23 East Seventh street. The girl's movements on the day she was found have never been fully accounted for. It was conjectured after when she dressed in her best and left her home in high spirits. It was presumed that she was a prostitute. Prior to the time of the tragicomic in that vicinity, for several persons testified to seeing her there. Late in the evening she visited the home of Mr. John Stegman, at Stegman's Corner, and after talking with her awhile Mr. Stegman volunteered to take her to the city. At the corner he met Mr. Stegman, inquiring that he put the girl on a College Hill-Main street car just at 11 o'clock, and that was the last he saw of her.

**Dying Woman Found on Railroad Tracks.**

At 6 o'clock Sunday morning the dying woman was found on the Big Four tracks, some four blocks from where Mr. Stegman left her. And here the mystery begins. Some witnesses said that the girl was seen about half past eight in the morning, and that she was very much intoxicated, but how she happened to leave the car after she had boarded it and wandered 200 or 300 feet east of the tracks was a puzzle. The police explained. The police insist that her death was an accident; that she was with a drunkard, and that they together, not knowing where they were, had walked along the railroad tracks, where the girl was found. But the strange man is not accounted for. Mr. Stegman declared that Miss McDonald was a perfect sober woman left for the city, but the street car conductors and motorists have no recollection of seeing a passenger a passenger at that hour of the night.

Then on the morning of Oct. 2, the body of Louis Mueller was discovered in a clump of weeds in the woods of Cumminsville known as "Lovers' Lane," the mysterious death of Mary McDonald had almost been forgotten. There were two deep wounds on either side of Mr. Mueller's head extending down the face. The skull was fractured at the base.

The face of the body was found in not more than 200 feet from the C. H. & B. railroad tracks, and the first impression was that she might have been struck by a passing train. The experiments made on the night of the murder were traced up to 8:30 o'clock. It was shown by several witnesses that she had an engagement to meet Frank Eastman, a young man whom she had been keeping company. She stopped for a few moments and listened to the steps of a Sojourner at the corner near her home, which is only a short distance from Lovers' Lane, where her corpse was discovered. It is supposed that the steps were to be at the entrance to Lovers' Lane.

**Two Men Held in Muller Case.**

Great impenetrable were developed by the tireless and rigid investigation, and they finally led to the arrest on suspicion of Theodore Salmon and William Wilson, who are brothers, and are leading residents of Cumminsville. The brothers, Salmon and Wilson, have a small hotel for the keepers of teams at the end of a path east of Lovers' Lane. He and Wilson, and two girls, Sadies Pierce and Sadies Key, who live with them, said they had seen Miss Mueller early before 8 o'clock that night at the entrance of the lane. They spoke to her and passed on. A few minutes later, Salmon, who boarded a car for the city and Wilson went with him. The statements of the two men and the girls caused the holding of Salmon and Wilson, the authorities believing that they, at least, had guilty knowledge of the crime. The brothers, Salmon and Wilson, had no difficulty in establishing an alibi. Wilson has been very active in trying to solve the mystery surrounding the brutal killing of his neighbor, and in getting into the history of Miss Mueller has refused to reveal any one who would want to kill her for money, status or revenge. She had several lovers, but so far as can be learned she had given no great offense to any of them.

The effect of horror comes with the discovery of the bruised and battered remains

### Cincinnati Telephone Girl Whose Murder the Police Cannot Solve



MISS ALMA STEINWAY.

### CHRISTENING PLANS FOR BABY PRINCE THWARTING FRANCE

Vatican and Quirinal Reach an Agreement by Which Ceremony May Be Held in Rome.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
ROMA, Nov. 12.—All details for the christening of the baby prince of Piedmont have been completed, after several weeks of negotiations between the Vatican authorities and the royal family.

It was the desire of the King that the ceremony should take place in Rome and to this the Vatican did not offer any objection, provided that no Catholic sovereign should come to Rome for the purpose of being godfather.

The King readily agreed to this and has chosen as sponsors for this child and heir, Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, the little prince's grandfather, and the Duke of Genoa.

The dowager Queen Margaret will act as godmother and the ceremony is to take place before the end of the month of the Quirinal palace.

The selection of the Quirinal Palace as the place where the ceremony is to be performed has been also the subject of serious discussion in the Vatican, because of the fact that the ancient Papal residence has been under interdict since 1870, and of course no sacraments can be celebrated in any part of the palace excepting in case of death. It was known, however, that under the late Pope Leo XIII, the papal residence was open to the public, and the King, who has obtained permission to communicate with the palace, was outside the limits of the interdict.

All the members of the teaching orders who refused to disband or to wear secular dress have been obliged to leave France, and many have done so, and now reside in border so as to be able to continue in the work of educating their pupils. Especially those of the Order of Lerins, whose rule is like that of the Benedictines.

The Brothers of St. John, whose principal occupation is to nurse the sick in the hospitals, will probably be spared, but, as announced, the White Fathers, a missionary order established by the late Cardinal Lavigerie, in Algeria and the colonies, will remain.

All the members of the teaching orders who refused to disband or to wear secular dress have been obliged to leave France, and many have done so, and now reside in border so as to be able to continue in the work of educating their pupils. Especially those of the Order of Lerins, whose rule is like that of the Benedictines.

The Sisters of St. Vincent De Paul have acquired a vast property at Bossey, and have opened a nursing school.

The Spanish missions in several cases have turned over the school buildings to their use, and for some of these orders the new residence has only added to their prosperity.

The Italian Riviera, all the way from Nice to Carlo to Genoa, is also dotted with French religious estates, which were originally elegant villas on the Mediterranean shore, and have now been converted into monasteries.

Mr. Bernardo, the recently appointed chaplain, will perform the ceremony, and will be assisted by the parish priest of the church of St. Vincent and Anastasius, under whose jurisdiction the residence is situated.

The ceremony will be held in the throne room, as it was intended.

The Carthusians from Grenoble have accepted the offer to perform the ceremony, as the rules of the church prescribe that only Catholics in good standing should be chosen for this honor.

Monks from other houses will only be present to send a handsome present for the occasion.

**An Impossibility.**

Softiegh: When I aw-awaked foh her hand in mairage her bwual fairie twateened to aw-bwain me, donche.

Miss Cutting: That's just like her father.

Let Her Down Easy.

Sibyl: Mr. Joshem complimented me on my intellectuality last night. What do you think of that?

Smithkins: Why, I had no idea the little feller was old enough for that sort of thing.

Ponipleigh: Oh, yes. He repeats everything he hears me say.

**Unsatisfactory.**

The Parson: Well, Broth'r Snosser, how did you like my sermon this morning?

Snosser: It was a little too long.

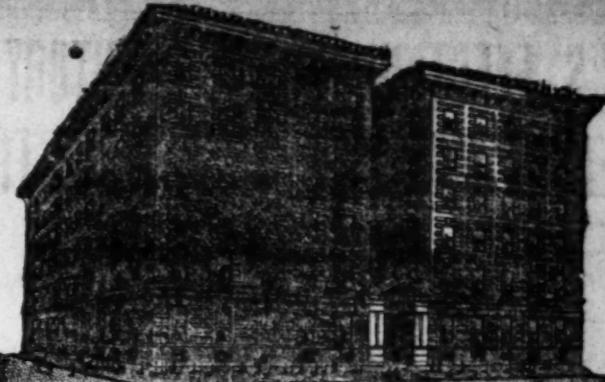
Snosser: Yes; I slept five minutes overtime and awoke with a terrible headache.

**Son of His Father.**

Ponipleigh: My wife has a book in which she records all the bright things our baby gets off.

Smithkins: Why, I had no idea the little feller was old enough for that sort of thing.

Ponipleigh: Oh, yes. He repeats everything he hears me say.



"THE HOTEL SUCCESS OF ST. LOUIS"

## The Hamilton

A DELIGHTFUL HOME FOR THE WINTER

Rooms Single or En Suite, with Bath.

Special Quarters for Bachelors.

Bowling, Billiards, Turkish Baths.

Balls, Parties and Receptions a Specialty.

For Rates, Booklets, etc., see

W. F. WILLIAMSON, MANAGER,

Cor. Hamilton and Maple Aves.

1854-1904

## WALTHAM WATCHES

HAVE STOOD THE TEST OF TIME.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, free upon request.

AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY,

WALTHAM, MASS.

"RIVERSIDE" grade especially recommended.



## THE GREAT HOME REMEDY.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been used so successfully in thousands of homes in cases of Stomach, Liver, Bowel and Kidney disorders that it is now universally acknowledged to be the greatest home remedy on the market. It has been before the public for over 50 years, which is one

of the strongest arguments we can present as to its wonderful merit and for urging you to give it a trial. It is also freely prescribed by physicians to their most delicate patients, past experience having proven that the weakest stomach can retain it. It is nature's own remedy for the many ills of mankind and its results are certain.

## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Is your tongue coated, bowels constipated, appetite poor, sleep restless or nerves unstrung?

### TRY THE BITTERS.

Have you a bad taste in the mouth, sallow skin, bad complexion or severe headaches?

### TRY THE BITTERS.

Do you belch after meals, have sour risings, heartburn or pains in the stomach?

### TRY THE BITTERS.

These ailments are nature's warnings of future trouble—Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Complaints and General Debility are sure to follow. Take our advice.

### TRY THE BITTERS.

Or, perhaps you are subject to Severe Colds, Chills or Malaria, Fever and Ague? Then don't fail to

### TRY THE BITTERS.



### WEAK AND RUN-DOWN WOMEN

Need the Bitters, too, especially in cases of Monthly Irregularities, Backache, Cramps, Vomiting, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Nervous Headaches or General Weakness. It has cured thousands in the past. That's why we urge you to

### TRY THE BITTERS.

### HERE'S RELIABLE PROOF.

Rudolph Pohl, West Hoboken, N. J., says: I was troubled for many years with Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and tried many remedies without results. Your Bitters soon cured me and also restored my appetite. Everybody should try it.

Grant Gould, Crawfordsville, Ind., says: I had been subject to attacks of Diarrhoea and Stomach Troubles for many years, but your Bitters has cured me. I freely recommend it.

Albert Hamilton, Providence, R. I., says: I have used your Bitters for stomach troubles, and find it an excellent remedy. I heartily endorse it.

Sarah E. Mann, Loganton, Pa., says: I was very sickly and run down, but your Bitters soon restored me to health again. My appetite is good and I sleep well. I willingly recommend it.

THERE'S NOTHING ELSE NEAR SO GOOD.  
THE GENUINE HAS OUR PRIVATE STAMP OVER NECK OF BOTTLE.

Get Hostetter's,

## MURPHY'S ELECTION PLEASES INDIANS AS A MINE FIELD

Missouri Congressman-Elect Was Attorney for the Creeks and Much Is Hoped From Him.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Nov. 12.—Indian Territory claims as its own A. P. Murphy, who was elected to Congress as a Republican from the Sixteenth congressional district of Missouri. He has made his home in Muskogee for three years, and until March was the national attorney for the Creek nation. He stirred up a governmental investigation at that time, when Inspector Bonaparte was sent to Muskogee on a special mission.

Through personal enemies Murphy was removed from office by Chief Factor of the Creeks. Out of this has grown two \$30,000 damage suits against Porter and the nation, brought against him in the state of Missouri and in the federal court here. The interest here in his candidacy for Congress was intense, much greater than in any other place in the country, and the people of the territory are looking to him for assistance, as he is really the only man who really knows the Indian political status of the Indian Territory.

Verified.

"Casey, how yes ever hur-rud that if ye set off th' beetham an' taill chimney ye kin sett off either an' taill tomes?"

"Ol' hove, me bye, awn Ol' boy sane them."

"Tea same shin."

"Ol' did. Ol' all down th' chimney."

\$15.00 TO NORFOLK AND RETURN

via Big Four, Nov. 15th. Ticket office, Broadway and Chestnut and Union Station.

## INDIAN TERRITORY AS A MINE FIELD

Production of Coal Is Increasing Rapidly Despite Drawbacks to the Work.

VINITY, I. T., Nov. 12.—The annual report of Mine Inspector Cameron to Secretary Hitchcock shows that the Indian Territory is destined to become a great coal producer.

Mr. Cameron says the output for the last year would have reached the 4,000,000 tons mark had it not been for the general depression in southwest business circles, notably in the cotton market. A short cotton crop, causing a general business depression, naturally reduced the demand for coal for steam power.

Another reason assigned for this lack of demand in the first half of the year is in the fact that dealers and consumers anticipated a general prosperity of average or better than average winter and expecting an advance in prices, laid in a heavy stock of coal.

The inspector also assigned the violent weather of the last months of the past fiscal year for the great stamp in production during the second half of the year, to an extent requiring months of pumping to reduce, and causing many thousands of dollars of expense to again put the mines in working order. At that moment a time when the market was recovering and orders were coming in more freely, the tendency was to lay off a certain amount of production, which was caused thereby. Notwithstanding all of these drawbacks of the past fiscal year, the total output for the year 1903 was over 76,000 tons. The output of the first half of the year was 1,873,400 tons, while the second half showed a decrease of 43,732 tons for reasons already recited.

## LADY COOK HERE TO FIGHT FOR WOMAN'S RIGHTS

Millions to Be Spent in Enlightening the Voters and the President Will BeAppealed to Personally by Her to Support Movement.

### WOMEN'S NAMES WITH MEN'S ON 1908 TICKET

Clubs Are to Be Formed in Every Town and the Campaign Is to Begin at Once, Says the Indefatigable Advocate of Equal Suffrage.

OUR THREE-ROOM OUTFIT IS THE TALK OF THE TOWN!

We furnish Parlor, Bedroom and Kitchen, Complete with Range, Heater, Furniture, Carpets, Pictures and Curtains—complete for Seventy-Five Dollars.

**3 ROOMS COMPLETE \$75  
WITH STOVE AND RANGE**

## WHAT MORE COULD YOU ASK?

We Give You a 100-Piece Set of Dishes  
Worth \$15 with every purchase of \$50 or more, absolutely free, and you get them on the first load.

100-Piece  
Decorated Dinner Set  
Free  
With All  
Purchases of \$50 Upwards

QUICK MEAL,  
CHARTER OAK AND  
PEOPLE'S  
Steel  
Ranges

Exactly like cut, large removable fire pot—full—will keep fire for 30 hours with one bucket of coal—Regular price \$24; this week \$11.85

\$2 Cash, \$1 a Week.  
See Our Soft Coal Heater (family size).....\$3.98

**CHARTER OAK  
HARD COAL BASE  
BURNER**

8-Inch  
very  
large  
and  
deep, clearest  
Crystal Glass

2500 Fruit Bowls, Real Cut Glass Pattern

Sold down-  
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\$1.50  
Monday 15c  
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Post-Dispatch Wants are an unfailing aid to self-support.

Every Drug Store a P.-D. Want Ad Agency.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

"Every Work That is Honest is Honorable."

Work that is lucrative as well may be found by consulting the Want Pages.

Every Drug Store a P.-D. Want Ad Agency.

PART TWO.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13, 1904.

PAGES 1-12

THE  
SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH  
NOVEMBER 13.

66-PAGES-66

Including the Regular 4-Page Colored Comic Weekly, and a 10-Page Magazine, Illustrated With Half-Tone and Line Prints.

IN SEVEN PARTS.

BE SURE

Your Newsdealer Gives You All.

INDEX AND NEWS FEATURES.

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Automobiles More Dangerous than Airships, says Titled French Skipper of the Skies. Santo Domingo's President Creates a Reign of Terror. County Curate Sends France a Letter to the Pope. First Results of Election Show Voter Thinks for Himself. Texas Happy in Fine Corn Crop. Southern Beauty Loyal to Her Nicaraguan Sutor. Leaders of the South Give Views on Threat to Reduce Southern Representation in Congress. United States Navy to Be Largest in the World. Real Estate Transactions. Illinois Man Lost in Frozen Arctic Country. The Chelcennet Murder Mystery. Lady Francis Cook Here to Fight for Women's Rights.

PART II.

Rival Defeats Princeton. Rival Kings of the Wire View World's Fair Together. Reported Death of Gen. Kuroki. Death of French Princess. Aerial Navy Out Monday. Peasant Jackson Defeats Authorities. Folk Wins Praise from Russia. He Discusses Election Lesson. Charge That Parker Was Betrayed. Jefferson Guard Runs Training. Republicans Wave Standard. Lost Hills Home Eating Elsewhere. Dog Dies at Showman's Fair. Operator's Error Killed Eight Persons. "Tough" Take Job to Fill This Job. Pope Sends Greeting to Roosevelt. Election Please London. Kate Carew Interviews the Man Who Signed the Subway. Tone postpones Naming Cardinals. Annual Branch of Promised Case. Good News from League American Work. Daily Sleep in Coffin With Her. Women Best Men at "Bootlegging." Overend Wins Ads. 10 and Saturday's Sporting Results.

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PART VII.

FUNNYSIDE.

Fun at the Zoo—How the Elephant Won the Race. Five New Jokes in Pictures. The \$100 Prize Picture Story.

ST. LOUIS HUNTERS FINED.

Disputes in the Post-Dispatch from Lincoln, Ill., state that three men giving themselves as P. F. Francis, George H. Walker and William Foey, all of St. Louis, paid jointly for their ignorance of the Illinois laws which require non-residents to procure a license before they can hunt in Illinois.

Arriving in Lincoln a few days ago, they provided themselves with necessities and pitched camp on Salt Lake, sixteen miles from there prepared for a week's hunt. Friday, a committee with state grants arrived to collect the fines of \$100 each, and fine \$25 and costs each, the total amounting to \$100. After paying the fines assessed, they took out licenses, which cost them the modest sum of \$10 each.

ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE'S TEST.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 12.—The official test of the big electric locomotive built for the New York Central Railroad by the General Electric Company, took place today on the stretch of four miles of specially prepared track between this city and Hoffman. Seventy-five miles an hour was the maximum speed attained.

This locomotive is the first built of iron ordered by the New York Central for its New York terminal. The electric locomotive was attached to a train consisting of nine heavy Pullmans.

## BRAVES DEATH TO ATTEND HIS BROTHER'S FUNERAL

## ANTHONY DICTATED CREED AND EPITAPH

Veteran Kansas Editor on His Deathbed Recorded His Belief in a Good God.

Ed Jackson, Leader in West Virginia Feud, Goes to Montgomery to Pay the Last Tribute to the Constable He Seeks to Avenge.

## REWARD FOR HIM DEAD OR ALIVE

Killed a Sheriff Who Sought to Arrest Him and Stood Off a Mob With His Gun, Backing Out of Town and Reaching Mountains.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 12.—A great deed of desperate bravery as ever was performed, and an equally chivalrous regard for daring, were shown when Ed Jackson, with a price of \$500 on his head and a frantic mob of avengers seeking his life, walked into the funeral ceremonies of his brother today and was permitted to escape unharmed.

Ed Jackson, whose blood a hundred desperadoes sought, braved it all that he might pay the last tribute to his brother, who had been killed by an officer of the law. He walked in to certain death or humiliating capture as debonair as if he were going to a ball and backed by his followers walked out again unscathed.

His brother had been killed by a policeman; Ed had retaliated by shooting down a sheriff. "A tooth for a tooth; an eye for an eye." Within the space of a week as terrible a feud as ever existed in the South began and men who formerly were friends have taken sides and seek each other now only for death.

Ed Jackson and his brother are fugitives, shot at by law posse, but surrounded by faithful friends, pledged to protect them.

The beginning was quite simple and under ordinary conditions would have ended as simply. Constable W. A. Jackson of Montgomery, W. Va., 25 miles distant from Charleston, was talking on a street corner when a man of no particular importance named Hendricks. They quarreled over a matter of a round, much less a life, and their voices grew hoarse.

They were interrupted by Policeman Elliott, who endeavored to arrest both of them. Being spirited men and believing that their quarrel was their own and of no public interest, they refused to go with Elliott. Jackson waxed angry at his endeavors to draw his pistol. Chief of Police Hundley and Policeman Salsby ran to Elliott's assistance. Someone knocked Jackson's pistol from his hand. Chief Hundley grasped him and Elliott shot him to death.

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Jackson & Rush to Avenge Death.

This act aroused the friends of the Jacksons to the boiling point, and they rallied around a street arbor for retaliation looking for Elliott, who was snugged out of harm's way by his friends. The news of W. A. Jackson's death soon reached his brothers in the country beyond, and they rushed to town frantic with grief and anger, with red revenge in their eyes.

They strode the streets flourishing their revolvers, crying for Elliott, and a mob of townsmen gathered suddenly to oppose them. The feeling had reached the point of ignition when the mayor of Montgomery telephoned the governor for troops to protect the town. He was told to call upon the sheriff to restore peace.

Sheriff Daniels responded promptly and went to Montgomery from Fayetteville, and the mob, not finding Elliott, was furious at the death of his slayer, the officer of the law. The blood in his eyes blinded him; he was beyond discrimination, and when confronted by the law he shot to kill.

Corcoran's injuries are not considered serious.

Their escape from being cast under the car was narrow. Corcoran was driving north on Newstead Avenue into Olive street and the rear of the car struck a buggy. Both Corcoran and Kinsella were thrown to the ground. Both alighted outside the track. The buggy was smashed and the horse was fatally injured.

They lost sight of Jackson's loss of his brother. All they saw was a brave officer deliberately shot down to satisfy a vengeful lust of which he had no making.

But Jackson was as brave as he was reckless. No Claude Duval, no Jack Sheppard, no Robin Hood ever ran his neck into a noose so thoroughly to pull it out again with such desperate courage and laugh at capture. With a wonderful sangfroid Jackson, his teeth gleaming, his eyes blazing hate and determination stood the mob off with his revolvers drawn in the main street out of the crowd along the curbstone until it was torn him.

He made the best of the situation by turning the horse west, and the car struck the rear instead of the side, blinding the driver. Corcoran and Kinsella were thrown to the ground. Both alighted outside the track. The buggy was smashed and the horse was fatally injured.

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## FOLK'S LABORS WIN PRAISE IN DISTANT RUSSIA

United States Ambassador McCormick Says People of Missouri Are to Be Congratulated on Victory of Boodele Prosecutor.

### ROOSEVELT BOOKS READ IN CZAR'S COURT CIRCLE

While rejoicing in Republican Success, Minister Says Americans Abroad Are Interested in Governor-Elect of This State.

Robert S. McCormick, United States ambassador to Russia, before leaving St. Louis last night, said that he congratulated the people of Missouri on the election of Joseph W. Folk as governor. He said:

"It is a healthy sign and a good thing for the whole country when a man like Mr. Folk can be elected to office. We Americans as far away as St. Petersburg are quite familiar with Mr. Folk and his good work in Missouri. While we have only a small American colony there, all take many of the American magazines, and through them, we have been able to follow the Missouri situation, even through the times of war."

"It is unnecessary for me to say that I rejoice in the glorious victory of the Republican party, as well as that I am delighted with the election of Mr. Roosevelt. Over in Russia President Roosevelt is very highly esteemed. He is regarded as a great man. They have heard about him in Russia for many years, and I can illustrate the interest the Russians have in him by saying that, upon my arrival at St. Petersburg I was requested to procure copies of 'The Strenuous Life.' I will not mention who made the request, but I may say that their position was the highest."

Mr. McCormick was asked whether the Czar was amongst those who had asked for "The Strenuous Life," but he only smilingly replied that he could not be more definite than he had been.

Mr. McCormick diplomatically declined to express an opinion on the probable outcome of the Russo-Japanese war. He also declined to say what in his opinion might be the effect, if any, of the election of President Roosevelt on the outcome of the war.

## CHARGE PARKER WAS BETRAYED

Tammany Times Says He Was Lured Into Race and Then Made Victim of Grafters.

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Great indignation was created among the leaders of Justice Parker's campaign by the publication in today's Philadelphia Press of a sensational article in the Tammany Times of this city, which charged that the promoters of Justice Parker's candidacy lured him into the race and then betrayed him.

The charge was boldly made in the article, and campaign funds were looted and that the campaign was one of graft and treachery from start to finish.

The Democratic managers, from Chairman Taggart down, either indignantly denounced the yarn or refused to dignify it by notice. The Tammany Times says:

"At a late date we shall deal with some of the men involved in this great conspiracy. We propose to make some of them hang their heads in shame while they are standing in this pillory of an outraged public opinion. For it was in many respects the greatest political fraud ever perpetrated upon a long-suffering American public."

### MEMORIAL TO BEN. HARRISON

Unusually Large Window in His Honor Placed in His Church at Indianapolis.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A window memorial to the late President Benjamin Harrison will be unveiled one week from tomorrow in the First Presbyterian Church of Indianapolis, of which President Harrison was a ruling elder for many years. The window was designed by Fred Wilson of this city and will be erected by Mrs. Mary Lord Harrison, widow of the President.

It is of unusual size, rising in five Gothic lancets, surmounted by tracery, and will occupy a large opening in the south transept of the church.

The subject of the memorial is the text, "The Angel of the Lord encampeth round about them that fear him and delivereth them," and the interest centers in the great figure of St. Michael in the middle panel.

## FOLK DISCUSSES ELECTION'S LESSON FOR DEMOCRACY

Tells Post-Dispatch Party Must Find Affirmative Issues in Order to Win the Favor of the Majority of Voters.

### PRESIDENT'S PERSONALITY CAUSE OF HIS VICTORY

Missouri's Governor-Elect Thinks Imperialism, Protection and Trusts Were Not Approved by People Who Merely Felt Change Was Not Necessary.

Governor-elect Folk was visited by a representative of the Post-Dispatch at his home on DeMarr boulevard, and was asked to interpret the action of the people of the Union State in his favor, in its bearing on governmental issues.

"I do not believe that they ignored the issue," said Mr. Folk. "That the vote can be construed as expressing either approval or disapproval of all of the positions assumed before the election by the winning party. For instance, while the protective tariff policy was discussed, I think the people did not affirmatively endorse it as a governmental measure."

"I do not think that they ignored the issue," said Mr. Folk. "But there was no question that they were prospering under existing conditions and they simply refused to do anything which might interfere with that condition."

"Your theory is, therefore, that the vote was a declaration to stand pat?"

"Not entirely. Mr. Roosevelt is entitled to a personal credit which is not accorded to him by that statement. A very large number of young Missourians, and some who are older, admire the President for his personality, regardless of questions of national policy."

"What is your idea as to the future of the Democratic party?"

"It was not Judge Parker's fault that the election resulted as it did. He made a game fight against tremendous odds, and lost like a man. His conduct in defeat has been such as to win the admiration of his bitterest opponents. There is no occasion for ill-natured comments or criticisms. I believe everyone did the best he could. But it is too early to suggest the future policies of the party. Expressions along that line at this time have very little value. The party is defeated, but not dead, by any means, and it is not an unprecedented thing for a political party to be defeated overwhelmingly at one election and to turn the tables at the next."

"A political party, however, cannot win with negative policies. It must offer something affirmative. It should not merely be against something; it should be for something. A political contest ought to be for principles, not for men; and when no principles are involved, there is nothing to fight for. The chief trouble in the recent election was that the Democracy proposed nothing definite as a substitute for the things it complained of."

"Do you think that the presidential vote in Missouri shows that the people of the state endorse imperialism?"

"No, I think not. I think many men voted for Roosevelt who would not vote for imperialism if the issue could be segregated."

"How about the trusts?"

"I do not believe for one moment that the people, or a majority of them, favor the trusts. They are not grafters, and shows that one can defy powerful corruptionists and still be elected. I shall give the best service of my heart and brain to my state."

"I ask what your policy will be as governor?"

"I shall endeavor to carry out as governor the principles I have been advocating. It is my intention to give to all every right the law grants them, but no more. The vote of confidence of the people is my warrant for grafting, and shows that one can defy powerful corruptionists and still be elected. I shall give the best service of my heart and brain to my state."

Mary McDonald Is 134.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Bedridden and blind and actually shrivelled by the ravages of age, Mary McDonald filled and lighted her little black pipe today and looked on her 134th birthday. She is a tiny, smooth old woman believed to be the oldest person in Philadelphia. The year of her birth is recorded as 1770, and it is believed to be authentic.

### The Kidneys

When they are weak, torpid, or stagnant, the whole system suffers. Don't neglect them at this time, but heed the warning of the aching back, the bloated face, the sallow complexion, the urinary disorder, and begin treatment at once with Hood's Sarsaparilla which contains the best and safest curative substances.

For testimonials of remarkable cures send for Book on Kidneys, No. 8. C. L. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

### NOTICE.

We have a limited quantity of our marvelous bargains which must be sold during the next five days. Our great Camera and Supply Sale, consisting of Cameras, Card Mounts, Trays, Printing Frames, Alums and everything in the photo supply line, must go regardless of class. Our developing department is doing its best work for 25c per dozen.

McCarthy Optical Co.

SUNDAY MORNING—ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH NOVEMBER 13, 1904.

\$1.00 Black Taffeta Silks for 63c.  
Monday only, as a special leader, we will offer 27-inch wide Taffeta Silk, guaranteed to wear woven in the selvage; bright, crisp and rustling; a high-grade silk that sells elsewhere for \$1.00; our price, per yard.

63c Mercerized Sateens for 12½c.  
SPECIAL—9 TO 11.

2000 yards best 35c quality Mercerized Sateens, suitable for underskirts and coat lining—black, and all colors—Monday, from 9 to 11, per yard.

12½c

BROADWAY, AND FRANKLIN AVE.

BRONW DRESS GOODS SALE.

We have placed on our counters for Monday what

may be termed the best Brown Dress Goods bar-

gain ever brought to the market of the St. Louis wom-

en. The opportunity is extraordinary—price being small and variety sur-

passing the range of most of the St. Louis wom-

en. The newest of its kind to stimu-

lize our appreciation of Monday's shop-

ping. All the new goods—2000 yards of 35c

quality Mercerized Sateens, 12½c wide, 2000 yards

wide, in two of the newest shades—

12½c

## CONTRACTORS HELD TO SPECIFICATION

## JEFFERSON GUARD RANKS THINNING

**Mayor Expected to Order Investigation Into Methods of Work on Public Buildings.**

### CITY WAS OFFERED REBATE

**Substitution of Concrete for Steel Was Proposed by Sub-Contractor at Poorhouse.**

When Mayor Wells returns from the East tomorrow it is expected that he will order an investigation into the affairs of the building commissioner's office, with a view to ascertaining whether there are any irregularities in the methods of fulfilling contracts for the construction of public buildings.

The suggestion that there may be such irregularities has been freely discussed about the City Hall of late. It has been based on the fact that in two specific instances efforts have been made to secure official approval of changes in specifications furnished by the city after work was under way.

The case in which the contractor requested the change is the addition to the poorhouse. This contract was awarded for \$6000 to the Barstow Construction Co., of which Daniel G. Barstow is president.

The case in which one or more subcontractors asked for the alteration is the poorhouse addition. This contract was let to R. P. McClure, 202 North Tenth street, for \$5000.

The office of the Barstow Construction Co. is in room 1506, Chemical building. J. F. Annan, agent for the Trussed Concrete Steel Co., occupies the same office.

Mr. Helmberger says the request in the poorhouse case was made of him informally by a local iron company. This company has the contract for supplying the steel for the poorhouse addition. Contractor McClellan, having submitted his plan, Mr. Helmberger sees the present change would have saved money for the sub-contractor, but that the iron company offered to give the city a rebate for its estimate of the difference. This amount is said to have been about \$500.

Gossip about the City Hall has it that, had Mr. Helmberger permitted this change to be made, the iron company would have saved \$3000.

Mr. Helmberger says he finally disapproved the plan, after testing the material it was to substitute and deciding that it would not suit.

Contractor McClellan, in the plan to change the poorhouse specifications, had "first learned of it two weeks after I had signed the contract," he said to the reporter. "I am a messenger of the iron company to Rich I can't tell the steel contract t-bid me about it."

This man (whose Mr. McClure named) told the reporter he had prepared a new plan for the iron work of the poorhouse addition, that it had been accepted by the engineer, and that he thought that he approve it.

"It was astonished at what the man said. I had submitted the plan to the engineer, and I told the man I would have something to say before the plans were changed. I went to the engineer and told him about it. He said the iron company had applied for the alteration, but he would return it to the Board of Public Improvement if the iron company would offer to rebate to the city the difference in the cost of the material the specification called for, and when the proposal was made, I do not remember positively the amount. Mr. Helmberger named, but I think it was \$500."

**City Police and Two Battalions of Troops Will Patrol Exposition in Future.**

Beginning this week, two battalions of United States troops will patrol the World's Fair grounds. They will assist in guarding the exhibits until all have been removed from the grounds.

The two battalions are from the Sixth Infantry, and will be quartered in the West Point Camp and the Model Barracks west of the Administration building.

With the arrival of the additional regular troops, the passing of the Jefferson Guard begins. Although this body of men were not discontinued, vacancies will be filled. Resignations are occurring daily, and scores of men are planning to leave.

The city police will continue to assist in patrolling the Exposition after the departure of the separate district organization.

The regular troops are being sent by express to the exposition now at the World's Fair will remain. This will make 450 regular soldiers in addition to Jefferson Guards and policemen.

The influence which Mrs. Manning has over the legislature who is not Republican—Senator Woods, who is a hootoo Democrat.

Adolph Weber, a son of Julius, and the only surviving member of the family, testified that his father got very angry when crossed and had often said serious things but had never acted insanely and was over his anger in a few moments. There had been no quarrel on the day or evening of the murders. When in San Francisco this summer his mother and father had a dispute in which the mother asked for a division of the property. Nothing was said further and the matter was dropped.

The battalions of the Sixteenth Infantry from Fort McPherson, Ga.—The Sixteenth Infantry, will be quartered in the West Point Camp and the Model Barracks west of the Administration building.

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The city police will continue to assist in patrolling the Exposition after the departure of the separate district organization.

The regular troops are being sent by express to the exposition now at the World's Fair will remain. This will make 450 regular soldiers in addition to Jefferson Guards and policemen.

The influence which Mrs. Manning has over the legislature who is not Republican—Senator Woods, who is a hootoo Democrat.

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## OPERATOR'S ERROR KILLS 8 PERSONS

Gave Freight Train Fifty Minutes to Make a Siding Instead of Thirty Minutes.

### BOTH ENGINEERS ARE DEAD

Trains Came Together Head-On While Running at Full Speed.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Nov. 12.—Eight persons were killed and five injured, two seriously, in a head-on collision shortly after midnight between Union Pacific westbound passenger train No. 3 and an eastbound extra freight train a short distance west of Azusa, Wyo.

#### The Dead.

ENGINEER WILLIAM J. MURRAY, FIREMAN J. B. ELLIOTT, MAIL CLERK H. M. SHERMAN, CAR INSPECTOR SAM EPPERSON, FIREMAN JACK STAGG, CONDUCTOR FRED L. STOCKTON.

Two unknown passengers in day coach, John B. Winslow, 45, of Cheyenne, and Frank Nolan, of Cheyenne, mail clerk, was badly injured, and may not recover.

Three passengers in the day coach were injured, but seem to be recovering.

The track between Granger and Green River, Wyo., is part of the Union Pacific, but is operated by the Oregon Short Line. The wreck, it is said, was the result of an error in a train order by a telegraph operator.

The freight train was given 20 minutes to make Azusa and meet the westbound

## CALLED "REV." NOT 'TWOULD TAKE JOB TO FILL THIS JOB "DR.;" DAMAGES

Unique Suit Follows Telephone Company's Errors in Classing Physician as Minister.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 12.—The docket for the northern district of the Supreme court term, which convenes Tuesday, will contain an appeal case absolutely unique in the annals of civil litigation in this state, and if the lower court is sustained by the higher tribunal a new avenue of damage suits will be opened.

The case is that of Dr. D. W. Potter against Cumberland Telephone Company, from the circuit court of Tate County.

A trial of the case was held last week, Judge Robert Powell, of this city, appearing as counsel for the defense.

The ground of action set up by the plaintiff was that the telephone company in a recent issue of its directory containing the names of subscribers at Senatobia, printed the plaintiff's name as "Rev." D. W. Potter, "Dr." or "D. W. Potter, his profession being that of a physician, and not a minister."

He requested the company to make the correction, but the directorate failed to do so, or to comply with his request to strike out the "Rev." with red ink and insert "Dr." In each copy of the telephone book the name was listed for damages and was awarded a verdict for \$300, the jury believing he had been injured to that extent by being branded as a preacher.

Man in Charge of Cascade Pumps Answers Questions Enough to Make the Sphinx Dizzy.

The interesting story in last Thursday's Post-Dispatch, which told of the questions which J. D. Hunter, the Jefferson Guard at the aerodrome, World's Fair, has to answer, has brought to the front the man who makes the cascades go. He answers a few questions himself every time the fountain plays, and some of the fountain's play is made up of some of the fountain's play.

Why does the fountain start? Why don't they run all night? Where do you get your water? Does that one machine pump all the water for the cascades?

Why did Mr. Francis put the pumps in such a hole?

Is Mr. Westinghouse an old man? Why don't you get the pumps through the small door, and down those stairs?

Why can't I find Mr. Francis' "exhibit"? What direction do I take etc. etc. Why are the buildings not open at night? Does the horse power run the pump?

Is it hard work running the pump? Are you the boss here?

What makes that noise? Where does the water come in at?"

What size is the engine? Why did they build the Cascades way over there?

Do you have much trouble with the pumps?

How much water are you pumping now? Why doesn't it cost to run the pump?

What is that big lump in the pipe? (A check valve).

Is the leakage natural or artificial?

Are the Alps real Alps moved over here, or just little hills fixed up like Alps?

Is that colored electricity that makes the different cloud lights?

Is that big organ the organ or just a harp around the organ?

How much wages do you get?

Are you married?

Do you live all the way up to where the water comes out?

Is the water good to drink after coming through the pump?

What kind of water comes out from a well?

Ain't you afraid of gettin' kill'd?

What is all those wires for?

What don't you know about the water?

Do you get paid for this?

What kind of clocks are those up there?

Are these what makes the lights burn?

How much water does that pump throw?

How many gallons of water are pumped here?

How many have been pumped since the first opening?

What gas is the pump running?

What horsepower is the motor?

Why do you have so many pumps?

How many pumps are there?

We have some pumps there, but not so big as these.

Did Mr. Roosevelt speak to you when she was here?

What's in those iron boxes?

Why do they have that on the ceiling?

How do you feel when you are away from this noise?

Are the pumps built like a windmill? No?

I thought they were—a windmill goes round and pumps water.

Do you get tired of answering questions?

**The World's Fair for Sale.**

Many rare bargains from the great Exposition are advertised in today's Post-Sale Columns.

**HOSPITAL DAYS POSTPONED.**

Collection Dates Changed by Committee of President.

A special meeting of the executive board of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association was held yesterday afternoon at the Nodder Club, with Vice-President A. L. Shapleigh in the chair. There were also present E. H. Semple, R. J. Tausig, Secretary of the Board, and Dr. George C. Stadelman, Secretary of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, and whereas it was decided that all good citizens will desist from paying fees to the hospital on account of the visit of President Roosevelt. After a full discussion of the matter the following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, the city is to be honored by the presence of the President of the United States on Nov. 20, the day appointed for the annual collection of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, and whereas it is deemed that all good citizens will desist from paying fees to the hospital on account of the visit of the President,"

"Therefore, in the best interests of the entire community, the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association is willing to postpone, for this year, its annual collection for the sick poor in our hospitals from Saturday, Nov. 20, to Sunday, immediately following Thanksgiving Day, for one week, to Saturday and Sunday, Dec. 3 and 4, and by resolution of its executive board, the date of the annual collection for one week and appoints Dec. 3 and 4 as Hospital Saturday and Sunday.

It was also the sense of the board that any church or Sunday school which had already made arrangements for Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 20, for collection, and should desire to make its collection for the association on that day, no objections would be found in the matter."

**Meadow Gold Butter**

Won First Prize and Gold Medal at the St. Louis Exposition.

The Meadow Gold Creamery Co., Charles A. Sweet Provision Co., distributors, 401 North Second street, St. Louis, has been awarded first prize and gold medal for the superior excellence of Meadow Gold Butter. The judges also took into consideration the airtight and odor-proof package in which this butter is packed, thus bringing it to the consumer deliciously fresh and sweet, and the beauty of the display.

The Meadow Gold Creamery Co. uses exclusively the package method for the packing of its butter, and the butter is in airtight, odor-proof package. It does not come in contact with anything harmful, and its delicious flavor and appetizing freshness are always maintained.

Meadow Gold Butter is made in the world's greatest and cleanest creamery, cream, butter, and softest cream, perfectly ripened and carefully prepared. Only the most approved scientific methods are employed in the making. When ready to eat, it is perfectly fresh, pure and sweet. Insist upon getting Meadow Gold Butter from your dealer.

**500,000 Smoked Glasses.**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—The minister of war has ordered 500,000 smoked spectacles for the troops in the far east. The Russians have taken warning from the fate of the English soldiers in Tibet, where many soldiers were struck with the disease. So dazzling are the sun rays reflected from the vast snow-covered plains of Manchuria that even the natives suffer from serious infections of the eyes. The Chinese, however, had need special protection for their eyes.

Celebrate Haymarket Anniversary

BARCELONA, Spain, Nov. 12.—The local anarchists held their usual meeting yesterday in the hall of the People's Council of the execution of the anarchists in Chicago. The meeting protested against police persecution and exhorted their brethren to imitate the "martyr conduct of the Chicago martyrs."

100 Isabella Fur Scarfs—2 large bushy tails—worth \$10.00.

Electric Seal Scarf—6 tails and ch.

fastenings—worth \$1.50.

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## POPE'S GREETING TO ROOSEVELT

Archbishop Chappelle Arrives From Rome With a Special Message to President.

### TO DELIVER IT PERSONALLY

The Health of Pius X Is Good and He Talked Much of the President of the United States.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Placide L. Chappelle, archbishop of New Orleans and apostolic delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico, arrived from a journey to Rome on La Torraine today. He was accompanied by his secretary and his niece, Miss Solignac.

"I had many talks with the Holy Father," said the archbishop, "and I bring him a special message of good will and greeting to President Roosevelt, the result of which will be my taking this message immediately to the President and telling him all the nice things the Pope has said of him."

"After my visit to Washington I shall go to New Orleans and then proceed to Havana and Porto Rico to look after church affairs there."

"I am delighted to know that President Roosevelt has been elected. As soon as the steamer got in touch with land I sent a wire message to the President congratulating him on his election."

"His election is a great thing for the Philippines. They have been unfortunate from a civil and economic and a religious point of view. President Roosevelt's election is a great thing for the Philippines and for law and order. No doubt it was a mighty good thing for them when they passed from Spanish to American rule."

"I believe the Catholic and Roman Church in the Philippines have never received fairer treatment than at present. The action of the President and the American government in the Philippines pleases the church authorities."

"Although I am an intense southerner, I am much pleased at the healthful gains for the South. It is a good sign that the intense feeling against President Roosevelt will be much modified in four years."

"I am sorry that the attitude of the President has been very much misunderstood throughout the South and that what he did was not done with any intention of discriminating against us."

"Even the Pope was undoubtedly very happy to know that President Roosevelt had been elected."

We are much of the President. Theodore Roosevelt, His Holiness was delighted with the integrity of the President and his good intentions toward the Philippines."

"I am comisioned by the Holy Father to deliver to Mr. Roosevelt a special message of kindness and good fellowship."

"I am a member of his congregation, but I had several audiences with His Holiness. The stories of his falling health are untrue. He has no heart failure. With such a large amount of work and constant round of duties, it is nothing strange that His Holiness weakened considering his age."

"I am in the best of health. I am very anxious to go back to New Orleans. I shall never resign my archiepiscopal. No, I shall never leave New Orleans."

### AFTER THIS

What More Can St. Louis People Ask for?

When old-time residents and highly respected people of St. Louis make such statements as this, it must carry conviction to every reader.

Mr. Thomas Safford of 5708 Von Venen avenue (28th ward) says: "I have often noticed testimonies published in St. Louis about medicine, but all of them from foreign parts, and it has often struck me as peculiar why they did not publish some nearer home. Here is a case in St. Louis and you are at liberty to send any resident to Tom Safford for his opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills and what that remedy did for him. My back ached so that I could not rise from a chair and was almost unable to lie in bed and was compelled to rise, and for weeks at a time I could not sleep. For two or three days at a time I could not leave the house. When I stopped or left home I caught me in the small of my back, which rendered me helpless for the time being. I tried medicine of every description, until I lost faith in it. When I told my people I was going to Wolf-Wilson's corner of Sixth street and Washington avenue, for Doan's Kidney Pills, they laughed at me and asked me if I was to try some other fake. Now, when a preparation brings as genuine relief to a sufferer as Doan's Kidney Pills brought to me, I am only too pleased to make that fact known so that others may profit by my experience. I am perfectly willing to go to a magistrate and take an oath for every word that I have made in the above statement. I repeat, send anyone to my physician particulars about Doan's kidney pills."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

## CURE YOURSELF BY ELECTRICITY

FREE Save Expenses—Keep Well

You should have this book—it is the best—Scotia's "Cure Yourself By Electricity." It gives a diagram of the human body, showing the great nerve centers that controls the body, and the life-giving electric current applied to certain parts of the body with new vitality, restores organs to normal activity, stimulates circulation and develop muscle; quickly curing rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, asthma, affections and diseases arising from poor circulation.

This book shows how to do it yourself at home with one of our sets of Batteries (price \$1.00 to \$1.25) and their accompanying instruments. Also shows how they are constructed, how to operate, and how to charge batteries.

Dooley Appoints a Judge.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 12.—Gov. Dooley today appointed J. Ward Groves of Hoonvile judge of the Probate court of Cooper county. The cause was caused by the death of J. N. Parsons, Consgrave, who died until the election in 1900.

## ELECTION PLEASES LONDON WEEKLIES

Spectator Is Particularly Glowing in Its Prophesies of Roosevelt's Administration.

### LONDON PAPER PESSIMISTIC

Doubts the Benefits to England of the President's Enterprising Foreign Policy.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The weekly newspapers issued today devote considerable space to the presidential election in the United States and all dwell lengthily on the personality of President Roosevelt, as the prime factor in the Republican victory. The most notable articles appears in the Spectator, which preaches a splendid tribute to the President with the admission: "For ourselves, we do not profess any special liking for the Republican party," while in the same paragraph it says the result of the election is "a subject for congratulation throughout the English-speaking world." The Spectator then asks: "What will he do with it?" and proceeds to credit Mr. Roosevelt with an ideal program for the next four years, the standard of which will be "reason, justice, moderation and common sense."

Discussing the prospective policy of the American government in relation to foreign affairs, the Spectator says: "President Roosevelt will not be afraid to insist that the United States shall hold her own among the great powers of the world, but he will not seek foreign entanglements. The paper continues:

"If the Monroe doctrine is not to be consigned to the political waste paper basket, it must rest in the last resource, upon naval and military power, and if America has not a fleet strong enough to say 'thus far and no further' to those who shall challenge the doctrine that doctrine in the future will not prove worth the paper on which it was written."

After predicting that the Panama canal will be completed by President Roosevelt, the Spectator says:

"In the far East and in all that concerns the future China, we may expect the Secretary of State, Hay, who is now unquestionably one of the ablest if not the ablest of living diplomats, to maintain the attitude already adopted."

"We believe his administration will leave intact the policy of the largest part of the English-speaking race and that the whole of that race it will be a lesson in the provocation or pretext presented by grave dangers."

Saturday Review says: "We have often expressed the conviction that this country has little to gain in the end from a translation into action of President Roosevelt's policy, and that the whole of that race it will be a lesson in the provocation or pretext presented by grave dangers."

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## "SWEET IDA" SUES HER SWAIN OF 64

His Love Letters and Ardent  
"Pomes" Read in Court Amuse  
All New York.

### ELECTION TOPIC IS FORGOTTEN

He Has a Wife and Three Grown  
Children, but She Claims He  
Asked Her to Marry Him.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Miss Idaline C. Hayes is 22, good looking and wide-awake.

Henry Clay Sayers is 64. He is not handsome now or happy, though he confesses he once was both. That was when he called Miss Hayes "Sweet Ida" in the days of long ago, full seven years ago, before she sued him for breach of promise to marry her.

Henry Clay Sayers denies her accusation, and points to an aged wife and three grown children as proof that he has not been available for the marriage market in many years. He further insists that "Sweet Ida" knew all along that he was a married man.

It is in the trial of "Sweet Ida's" suit now on in New York that she told a happy "seaside story" after the election excitement. Great crowds try to push into the court room, and court officials have hard work to keep them out.

The fair plaintiff testified that she first met the defendant at a country fair at Waynesburg, Pa., in 1887. She produced many letters and poems which Sayers wrote to her. The letters were dated Waynesburg, Pa. The "pomes" were mostly in the grapevine wire. Only the letters will be quoted.

In one the writer addresses the plaintiff as "dear sweet Ida." He wrote:

"I love you, I can't help loving you, I will always love you. I have a fine ring for you with four opals and sixteen diamonds."

He next wrote: "My dear girl, don't use any more of that cocaine. It might kill you, and what would I do for my Ida then? Ida, I'm in love with you."

Miss Hayes testified that she had once used cocaine for a bleeding tooth.

Some letters contained many references to the rain and the crops. He wrote:

"Last night I signed for thee, dear Ida, and I am only wishin' we were my own—don't you dear sweet girl?"

Again he wrote: "My dear, sweet Ida, never mind your teeth now; I can get plenty of good dentists for you. I don't want you to fall off any more."

Miss Hayes testified that before their engagement Sayers told her he was worth about \$75,000, and would inherit about \$100,000 on his father's death.

Miss Hayes said that Sayers promised to marry her in this city, and then wanted her to go to Philadelphia to be married. She said that she insisted on being married this day in the presence of her brother and other relatives, and that Sayers said:

"I'd be explain what he meant?" inquired counsel.

"Yes, he said he had a wife living. That was the last time I ever knew he had a wife. For four years he had told me he was a widower."

"Did he tell you why he deceived you?"

"Yes. He said he was afraid he would lose me if I knew he had a wife."

Upon hearing that Sayers had a wife, the plaintiff's attorney asked him to leave the house, which he did. She said that her sister was present when he left.

The sister testified to this happiness ending of the pastoral and added: "He was blubbering" as he went out of the house.

Old Sayers Quaintly  
Tells of Flirtation.

After various other confirmatory witness was heard, "Sweet Ida's" ardent beau took the stand in his own behalf. His quaint personality, his shaggy hair, tall in the front, tones of a typical Pennsylvania farmer, together with the rapt attention and frequent titterings of the big crowd of listeners, created a scene. Several hundred spectators of a matinee of "David Harum" or the "Old Homestead," with the star actor portraying the incidents of an old homestead that he had omitted from the stage in the productions.

Mr. Sayers said that he lived in Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa., and had lived there all his life.

"How old are you?" he was asked.

"Sixty-four years old this month."

"I think you have been married?"

"Thirty-seven years."

He said in a drawing voice: "Everyone in the town seemed to know about me and theirabouts, and most every one calls me 'Hen' about there. I know lots of people at Pittsburgh. I have done business there, and the men there all know me. I was superintendent of the Waynesburg fair and village constable."

"Tell about meeting the plaintiff," suggested counsel.

"Well, I was superintendent of the grounds of the fair and I heard that there were two women who were to be married. I thought some. I went to see them and Miss Hayes was one of them. She asked me to take a sit down, so I did. She then told me the even time she was on the grounds and came in again she had to pay to get in. Why she had spent all of \$5 except a few cents, got the money back and gave them passes."

"What else happened?"

"Well, there was some joking. I was talking to the girls, who were demonstrating the tea and a fellow named Parker, he came up and said: 'Come away with me, old fellow, or I will tell you wife on you.'

"Did you go away?"

"Yes, I went back," responded the defendant, plowing a field. Miss Hayes, he said to me. You are an old soldier," I said. "Yes, I am; I served three years. I don't like old soldiers," and a soldier's daughter, and I like old soldiers," he replied.

"Then it was tea and 'soft soap' that started the friendship," queried counsel.

The aged defendant grinned slyly in reply.

"When did you see Miss Hayes next?"

"The next day at the hotel," he said. I looked at her and she smiled, and just then Capt. Packer came up and he smiled and said, 'Now, Hen, you mustn't flirt with that girl again.'

"What happened next?"

"Well, Miss Hayes sort of smiled at me and said, 'I am a poor woman and I have to pay my hotel bill and I am a little short of money. Will you give me some?' and I did, said the old soldier defendant as he threw a dollar over his shoulder in a proud manner, with a grim smile on his face. 'She let her have a dollar and a half. She is a good girl,' he said.

"Did you take a receipt for that money?"

"No, sir," most indignantely he replied.

"I got a letter from her some time after that," said Sayers, "and later I met her in Pittsburgh by accident."

Little Sums He  
Advanced Ida.

They attended the theater. En route there Miss Hayes told him she was going to get out of "that place," meaning her mother's home. A few days later, Sayers said, he received a letter from Miss Hayes telling him she was a little hard up for money. He said he sent her a \$10 bill in a letter. He did not register the letter.

Sayers says he got a few letters and about three letters from Miss Hayes and then "went down to see" the plaintiff. "I never loaned over on my shoulder and said, 'She said she left her home and must go back to Pennsylvania again.'"

"Well," drawled Sayers, "she asked me to hang around with her a little. I said I didn't think it would be right, my being a

married man, and she said, 'O, that's all right, you are an old soldier, a Grand Army man and a Mason. My father is a Grand Army man and a Mason, and it will be all right.'

"What did you say?"

"Well, at first I refused, but she whined around so much how nice it would be, and I consented."

Sayers testified that there had never been any talk between them about marriage, and remarked: "I never heard anything about

that thing until I was served with the papers."

"How did you happen to go to Washington, D. C., with Miss Hayes?"

"I was on vacation, and it was raining in the country, and I thought it would be nice to get out of the rain and stay in Washington."

Sayers said that in May, 1898, while he and Miss Hayes were "taking dinner" in a restaurant in Pittsburgh, "two girls came by and Miss Hayes said to me, 'Pull down

your head, or twist it around so that those girls can't see you; they are Miss Rush and Miss Adams.'

"Well, I did pull down my head,"

responded the defendant, as he twisted his head around, and she did the same, but she was laughing and naked. "How is all the folks and how is your wife?"

"Mrs. Hayes," inquired counsel,

"Well, to tell you the truth," exclaimed Sayers, "I just lost my head. She kept leading me on and I was just willing to let her."

"What did she say about marrying?"

"She asked me to cut off my moustache and marry her."

"What did you say to that?"

"I just broke loose from her there. It was time to stop and I stopped there. I said I wouldn't leave my wife, and she got mad and flourished around her umbrella and carried on awful and went away."

"Did you give her all this money willingly?"

"Oh, yes, I never expected to get it and she was a friend of the old soldier's daughter, with a grim smile."

The case is still on trial.

**He Voted for Andrew Jackson.**

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 12.—Judge Bennett Smith of Woodbury, Tex., who is 96 years old and who voted for Andrew Jackson, was at the polls last Tuesday and voted for Judge Parker, Judge of North Carolina, on Nov. 23, 1896, and voted for Jackson and continued to vote the Democratic ticket ever since.

**Dwellings and Plants.**  
Today's For Rent Directory in the Want Section will enable you to find a home

and carried on awful and went away."

"Did you give her all this money willingly?"

"Oh, yes, I never expected to get it and she was a friend of the old soldier's daughter, with a grim smile."

The case is still on trial.

ST. LOUIS MOST POPULAR STORE  
**Globe**  
7TH & FRANKLIN AVE.  
MAIL ORDERS FILLED. FREE! Tickets to the "Boer War."

## Facts Worth Knowing About St. Louis' Busiest and Greatest Store!

It occupies the entire half city block, 7th and Franklin.

It contains floor space of over 200,000 square feet.

All car lines transfer direct to the doors.

It owns its own building.

It pays no fabulous rent.

Its prices are always lower than elsewhere for the same quality of goods.

COME TO THE BIG STORE TOMORROW!

ST. LOUIS GREATEST CLOTHING STORE  
**Globe**  
7TH & FRANKLIN AVE.  
WE GIVE BLUE TRADING STAMPS! THEY'RE BETTER!

# Greatest Sales that Ever Struck St. Louis!

Start tomorrow at 8 a. m. at the Big Store! A million-dollar stock of up-to-date goods at prices no other store can touch!

## STAR DRESS GOODS EVENT!

35,000 Yds. Finest Silks, Velvets, Wool Goods

Scopied in from an overstocked manufacturer for 60c on the dollar. SPOT CASH, will be placed on sale Monday at prices that will be the talk of the town! Come early! Don't miss it!

25c for 50c China Silks, All Colors, 21-in. Wide

50c Dress Velvets, every 25c 17-in. Black Peau de Soie, 38c 22 inches wide.

1.00 Silk Crepe de Chine, 24 inches wide, every shade..... 49c

29c for 59c Black All-Wool Zibeline, 40 in. Wide

75c Scotch Suitings, all wool, 40 inches wide..... 38c

1.00 Silk Mohair Brilliant, 52 inches wide, every color..... 49c

## A Rousing Coupon Sale!

These Remarkable Items Can Be Had With COUPONS ONLY!

Black Silk Velvet, 19 in. wide, regular 1.00 quality; with this coupon, 35c

Colored Oil Bolled Taffeta Silks, 19 in. wide, every shade and color; 75c value; with coupon, per yard, .29c

Turkey Red Table-Cloths, warranted fast color, 2 yards wide, regular price 75c; until sold out, with coupon, each..... 35c

Oilcloth Stove Rugs, 19 yards square, in best quality; regular price 1.00; while they last, with coupon, each..... 49c

Black Morocco Skins for Petticoats, full yard wide, regular price 25c; until sold out, with coupon, each..... 15c

12c Press Percale, 6x6, comb Huck Towels, 6x6, large size..... 4c

8-1/2c Unbleached Bed Sheets, full size..... 35c

Great Blanket Sale!

39c Pair for 10x4 Fleeced Blankets.

2.00 Home-made Bed Com-forts, 72x80..... 1.15

1.50 heavy 11x4 Gray Blan-kets, pair..... 65c

5.00 All-Wool California Blankets, pair..... 2.75

7.50 Ingain Room Rugs, 3x12 feet..... 3.75

2.50 and 3.00 Lace Curtains, 3x5 yards long, pair..... 1.39

.50 Ingain Door Mats, 18x26..... 19c

SALE OF DOMESTICS, LINENS, ETC.

5 for the Regular 12 1/2c Lonsdale Cambric.

12c for 25c Embroidered Collar and Cuff Sets.

25c for All-Silk Stock Collars, 25c worth up to 1.00. 25c for 2.00 Lace Cape Collar, 3c per foot for Ribbons worth 12 inches deep.

Timely Sale of Ladies' Gloves!

7 1/2c Each for 25c Embroidered Collar and Cuff Sets.

25c for All-Silk Stock Collars, 25c worth up to 1.00. 25c for 2.00 Lace Cape Collar, 3c per foot for Ribbons worth 12 inches deep.

Choice of Any Piece in the House Music Sold Everywhere for 25c, Your Choice of Any Piece of MUSIC in the House,

12 1/2c for 25c Embroidered Collar and Cuff Sets.

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## BOY FATALLY SHOT WHILE IN ROWBOAT

Car Struck Trigger and Youth Was Wounded by Contents of a Rifle.

### ROWED BACK, BUT TOO LATE

Death Follows Two Hours After Unintentional Discharge of Hunter's Weapon.

A verdict of accident was returned by the coroner of Jersey County last night in the case of William Shoemaker, aged 17 years, of Grafton, Ill., who was killed as the result of the accidental discharge of a rifle while crossing the Mississippi river with a party of friends late Friday afternoon.

Shoemaker and his companions left Grafton early Friday to go hunting on an island in the opposite side of the river.

Each had a rifle and several rounds of ammunition. They had reached the middle of the river when one of the occupants of the skiff dropped his gun into the water. In calling the oars struck the barrel of the side. There was a loud report, and a moment later young Shoemaker toppled over in the boat.

"Tom shot," he gasped, as his companions rushed towards him.

The bullet had passed through the abdomen.

The skiff was at once taken back to the Illinois side of the river and physicians were summoned.

Shoemaker was unconscious when the doctors arrived, and his death resulted two hours after he received the bullet wound.

### PROHIBITIONISTS UNDER FIRE

Party Paper Charges Managers of Campaign With Appropriating Money.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—The Citizen, the organ of the Prohibition party, is out with a charge of "appropriating" against leaders of the party in the campaign. Oliver T. Stewart, chairman of the national committee, is involved in the charges. In part the publication asserts:

"That at a committee meeting held in the Leopold Hotel, St. Louis, on Oct. 15, Stewart and Tate, the secretary, were forced to confess that \$15,000 had been used to aid the Tate-Stewart newspaper."

"It was ascertained that Mr. Stewart and Tate by systematic system of trickery and deceit, concealed from the members of the executive committee and also from the treasurer the purpose for which the large sum of about \$50,000 was being used."

"It was ascertained that about \$3000 had been charged to the campaign account of Mulvihill. Mr. Stewart's personal legislative campaign manager.

Mr. Stewart denies all except subsidizing the official organ.

Negro Train Wrecker Foiled.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ASHVILLE, N. C., Nov. 12.—Rans Love, a negro 19 years old, attempted to wreck a work train on the Bee Tree road near Swannano by throwing open a switch and sending some heavy freight cars down a steep mountain incline. The engineer of the work train saw the freight cars coming behind his train and pulled out the third car. The engine then started up and a wild run down the mountain. Love had been discharged and had sworn revenge. He had been put in jail here.

Bride H. Clay's Granddaughter.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 12.—Miss Julia Fletcher McDowell and Wm. B. Brock were married here tonight at Ashland, the home of Henry Clay, who was a grandfather of the bride. The bride is the last single daughter of the late noted turfman, H. C. McDowell.

## BABY'S VOICE

In the joy of the household, for without no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall be the mother of her child with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at \$1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address MADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## MOTHER'S FRIEND

### Try Ingalls For Furniture, Carpets and Stoves

We will set you up at housekeeping in a small way for \$10 DOWN or we will sell you a single piece of furniture or a rug or lace curtain on terms to suit you.

Remember, Ingalls marks every article in plain, one-price figures and you can brighten up your home on a very small outlay.

My large variety of new and artistic styles in furniture will surprise and please you.

I have got what you want.

I know how to please you.

Once a customer, always a customer, at



Comfort for the Wounded.

Prices, \$11.50, \$12.50, \$15.50 and \$18.50, set up at your home with first-class pipe. Terms to suit you.

F.H. INGALLS, 1223 Olive St.

## HAIL LEVI BRISSON, MULTIPLE GRANDPA

His Forty-Third Child Has Become Mother of Triplets at the Age of 17.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PLAINFIELD, Conn., Nov. 12.—Levi Brisson, father of 43 children, has taken a new leap into fame. His 17-year-old daughter, Mrs. Lucille Le Claire of Three Rivers, who is his forty-third child, and was a sixteen-year-old offspring by his third wife, today gave birth to triplets. Their names will be Peter, Paul and Joseph. They are healthy, hungry and thriving. So is Gracious Brisson.

Brisson lives in Forster, R. I., just across the state line. He looks 60 years of age, is really 71 and is in the pink of physical condition. He seems good for 25 years. He is a good citizen, a wonder and a true human nature. His first wife gave birth to triplets three times and quadruplets once. His second wife had five pairs of twins. The plural births continued with his third wife.

The children of Levi Brisson are scattered over 17 states, three territories, in Canada, Mexico and the Philippines. He is an honest, hard-working man. He says he hopes for the best.

### PORTLAND WANTS ROOSEVELT

He Will Be Invited to the Lewis and Clark Exposition and Will Open It.

PORLTAND, Ore., Nov. 12.—Announcement is made by the management of the Lewis and Clark Exposition that President Roosevelt will be invited to visit the exposition and should he accept, great preparations will be made to celebrate the event. It has already been decided that President Roosevelt will open the Exposition. The electric connection between the Exposition grounds and the White House will be made, and when all other readings are taken, will push the button that will set the machinery of the Exposition in motion.

### BROWNING KING SUFFER LOSS

Chicago Store Burned—Damage to Stock and Building Is \$200,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—The large five-story stone building at the northeast corner of Madison street and Wabash avenue, occupied for the most part by Browning King & Sons, was destroyed by fire last night. It is estimated that the loss to the building and contents will aggregate \$200,000.

The cause of the fire is not known, but several explosions were heard before the flames were seen.

A panic was caused in the Continental Hotel on the south side of Madison street across from the burning building, which penetrated the hallways and the intense heat cracked the windows. Men and women in hotel and office buildings were in flight, but the firemen prevented a spread of the flames to this building.

### BOER WAR EFFECTS SOLD.

The total possessions of the South African Boer War Col. were sold at auction yesterday for \$120,000. The auction was held in the arena in front of the grandstand at the Boer camp. Commandant J. N. Boshoff and Dr. W. W. Wall, financial manager of the new company which will take charge of the Boer War company after Dec. 1, was almost the only bidder.

Candidate for Chaplain.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PRINCETON, Mo., Nov. 12.—Rev. C. J. Phillips of Mayville has formally announced here tonight that he is the chaplain of the lower house of the state assembly. He is a retired Methodist Episcopcal minister and is well known throughout northern Missouri.

## MUSEUM PLANNED AFTER THE FAIR

Movement Inaugurated to Preserve Many of the Historical Exhibits for St. Louis.

PROJECT FINDS MUCH FAVOR.

Letters Are Addressed to Public Spirited Men and Historical Society Becomes Interested.

A movement which has for its object the creation of a historical museum, to be a monument to the World's Fair, has been started by the Missouri Historical Society.

It has long been felt that one of the greatest needs of St. Louis is such a museum, and it is now in contemplation that there never be such an opportunity to start one as is presented by the closing of the World's Fair there is a vast quantity of the best possible museum material. Much of it is being offered for sale at extremely reasonable prices.

As far as sufficient subscriptions have been received, the cost of maintenance of the society, to a large number of public-spirited men, asking their co-operation.

The fact is emphasized that the matter cannot be delayed. What is done must be done at once, or there is delay the opportunity of getting the chief exhibits will be lost.

As soon as sufficient subscriptions have been received, the cost of maintenance of the society, to a large number of

Tiptoe softly that the child might not be disturbed, her mother said. The tiny arms clung closely about the doll and words of childhood endearment broke the silence of the room. At last the child raised the face of the doll, and then the face of the dead girl she began to cry, fact that of the inanimate playmate of her years of life.

The little girl lived with her mother at JES. Paseo, a girl stricken with brain fever. It was this that made her blind and it was from the affliction that she died. The family formerly lived in Muscatine, Ia., and it was there the child's body was taken for burial.

Schaefner Won the Bet.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Americans here were amused this week to learn that the astute Henry Tepe, proprietor of the most famous bar in Paris, who prides himself on never being "done," was done by Jake Schaefner, the billiard player. Schaefner bet \$1000 that Roosevelt would not be re-elected President. When the money was bet Jake explained that it was impossible since Roosevelt had never been elected Presi-

dent.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 12.—Edward McGargill, father of W. H. McGargill, the missing cashier of the Citizens' Bank of Imogene, announced today that he stood ready to make good every dollar of the loss sustained by the alleged defalcations of his son, who was recently estimated at from \$35,000 to \$40,000.

W. H. McGargill left his home here last Friday on a long business trip to Maryville, Mo. The young man is said to have lost money on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Mrs. Botkin's Case Continued.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 12.—The case of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, accused of the murder of Mrs. Ida Henrietta Dean, of Dover, Del., was continued until November 26 in the Superior court today.

## DOLLY SLEEPS IN COFFIN WITH HER

Dying Blind Girl Wanted to See Playmate on Awakening in Heaven.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 12.—Aware that the angel of death was near, Jessie Hayfield, a little blind girl, called for her mother, who with tear-dimmed eyes sat near by as her baby's life ebbed away.

"Mamma, when I am gone," said the child, as she groped in the dark to touch once more the mother whose loving care she knew so well. "I want you to bury me with dolls." She died.

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## MARKET ABSORBS PROFIT-TAKERS' SALE

Week's Movement of Stocks Upward Decreases the Loan Account \$14,700,000.

### ELECTION RESULT SUITS ALL

Coupled With It Are Crop Movements to Market of Record-Breaking Magnitude.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The Evening Post's Wall Street review today says:

"Both at home and abroad today's financial markets were extremely active. On our own Stock Exchange there was pressure to sell as well as to buy, and the result was a market which surged forward and backward at rather rapid intervals, much as it did on Wednesday."

"There was evidence of very large profit-taking sales, but the market seemed to absorb them well enough in the majority of stocks. The heavy trading lasted up to close of business, leaving prices as a rule not greatly changed. The chief exception was Pacific Mail, in which the clownish performance of yesterday, on which the stock was put up some 10 or 11 points, had today its normal sequel."

"In London the noteworthy financial incident of the day was the successful floating of the new Japanese loan.

"The bank statement threw about as much light on the situation as might have been gained if no statement had appeared. It shows a net increase with known additions. The reported decrease of \$6,200,000 cash is nearly three times as great as any of yesterday's forecasts indicated. It is offset, however, by a \$14,700,000 loan reduction, for which the week's movement on the Stock Exchange, taken as a whole, gives little explanation."

The stock market had received Mr. Roosevelt's election favorably.

"As it happened, too, election day came at the very time when the greatest cotton crop in history was moving to market at extremely profitable prices; when an enormous corn harvest was coming in similarly good return when the wheat-grower was selling a crop of substantial size at the most remunerative figures touched since 1886; and when, as a consequence, the market was gradually reviving. Those were gradually reviving. Those were circumstances which could not reasonably have been predicted, and were, in fact, not foreseen, but were of excellent authority, one or two months ago. He who could surely have foreseen all the developments of the market, forecasted something of the recent market. He might also have named the figure of the presidential vote."

**GOLDWIN SMITH  
FEARS FOR THE U. S.**

"If You Have an Empire You Must Have an Emperor," He Says to Canadians.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 12.—It was a pathetic picture that Prof. Goldwin Smith sketched for the Canadian Club today when he spoke of himself as the last leaf left before the storm, which had borne to their fate the great men whom he had known in his earlier years.

Discussing "some past events" in the United States, he said: "The horizon altogether in that quarter is dark. At present England reigns with its 'strenuous life,' its 'big stick,' its swagging, boastful aggressiveness, its contempt of right."

"Suppose expansion takes a southern course and extends to the line of the Panama canal, taking in a vast population. There will be another disruption, there can hardly fail to be a change of institutions. If you have empire you must have an emperor."

He then drew a despondent and pessimistic picture of the "passions of aggression and war, which slumbered for a time, but which will again break out, signifying the fact that religious belief is being shaken by science and criticism, and the stability of society in danger of being impaired. War is raging between capital and labor. Society is threatened with a general collapse."

"I am not so pessimistic as Dr. Smith regarding the future of the United States," said Prof. Laurier. "I don't think there will be disruption, but it is certain there should be disruption to the South. I certainly do not want it to the North. I am not so pessimistic as Dr. Smith, but perhaps they have not always been considerate in their international relations, but, despite their faults, I admire them still."

**Taft to Leave for Panama.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Secretary Taft will leave Washington for Panama next Saturday morning and will travel from Fensalys on Monday on the Columbia. The Dolphin will meet the party at New Orleans and take them to Panama, where they will remain until the two ships, The Columbia can get her up to New Orleans on account of her draft. The trip to Colon will take four days and the return on the isthmus only a week, as he wishes to be in Washington when Congress meets.

**Greve at Vladivostok.**

VLADIVOSTOK, Nov. 12.—Rear-Admiral Greve, the newly-appointed commander of the port, has arrived here.

### DIED.

**OCHSNER**—Entered into rest on Saturday, Nov. 12, at 12 o'clock p. m., after a brief illness, Eleanor M. Ochsner (deceased), wife of William H. Ochsner (deceased), beloved mother of H. William (deceased), Charles J. Ochsner (deceased) and Charles L. Ochsner, at the age of 76 years.

The funeral will take place from her son's residence, 4445 Park boulevard, Nov. 14, 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m., to Balletonian Cemetery.

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

14 Words, \$1.

**ANSON**—Divorce without modification, general law business; all cases handled by experienced lawyers; consultation free. Ad. 108, Post-Dispatch.

**CLARK**—Divorce suits, etc.; advice free; every service rendered. Ad. 108, Post-Dispatch.

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# LATEST NEWS AND NOTES FROM THE WORLD OF SPORT

## DOLLY SPANKER AN EASY WINNER

Held at 1 to 12, She Captures Edgemere Stakes in Mud at Aqueduct.

## LORD BADGE ALSO A VICTOR

Takes the Last Race Ridden in the East This Year by His Jockey, Hildebrand.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A muddy track and held at the prohibitive price of 1 to 12, Dolly Spanker easily won the Edgemere Stake at Aqueduct today. Out of the original six starters four were scratched and Seymour was added.

The start was bad, Ostrich being practically left. Seymour made the pace for a quarter of a mile, when Spanker went to the front and won by eight lengths. Seymour tired in the stretch and Ostrich beat him five length for place.

Jockey Hildebrand leaves tomorrow afternoon for California, where he will ride during the winter.

First race, six furlongs—Atwood 103 (Phillips), 12 to 1, won; Ascension 119 (Burns), 18 to 6, second; Morris 112 (Geaney), 6 to 1, third.

Second, Dick Hernan, Jerry C. Minnow, Col. Leopold E. St. Hilaire, Maudie Ward and Bob Mc Dhu also ran.

Third race, one mile—Milestone G., 102 (Crimmins), 4 to 6, first; Phineas 107 (Shaw), 16 to 1, second; Arsenal 105 (Hildebrand), 7 to 2, second; Arsenal 105 (Hildebrand), 4 to 1, first; Blue Prince 96 (Cochran), 9 to 5, second; Red Ruler 96 (Travers), 5 to 2, third; Prince 122 (Horn).

Garment, Bill Bailey II, Priority, Chimney Sweep, and Applied also ran.

Fourth race, one and one-half miles—Lorch 103 (Cochran), 4 to 6, first; Milestone G. (Cochran), 9 to 5, second; Perseverance 116 (Wieder), 5 to 2, third; Milestone G., 102 (Cochran), 4 to 1, first; Blue Prince 96 (Cochran), 9 to 5, second; Perseverance 116 (Wieder), 5 to 2, third; Milestone G., 102 (Cochran) and California also ran.

Central Men Bowl Poorly.

Though the season is well under way, the talent in Central Cocked-Hat Bowling League is showing much out of the ordinary as yet. But they must have an average of 52 or better, following along the records of the ten high men:

Name. Games. C. P. M. P. Aver.

W. Block ..... 30 2.45 13 12

Hobson ..... 20 1.08 13 12

Anderson ..... 20 1.75 13 12

Deeterman ..... 20 1.75 13 12

Guth ..... 20 1.75 13 12

Decker ..... 18 1.47 3.87 51.40

Wheeler ..... 24 1.20 51.54

Johnson ..... 20 1.62 51.58

Decker ..... 18 1.47 3.87 51.40

Wheeler ..... 24 1.20 51.54

Johnson ..... 20 1.62 51.58

## M'KINLEY HIGH LOST, 84-0.

### Western Military Team Has Easy Time With St. Louisans.

Before the bunches of touchdowns and strong line bucking, McKinley High School of St. Louis met defeat Saturday afternoon, at the hands of the Western Military Academy eleven on W. M. A. gridiron, Upper Alton, by a score of 84 to 0.

This was the second interscholastic game played this year by Western Military Acad-

emy. Lawrence made a touchdown from the kickoff. The playing of Platt, Ming, Jackson, Wainland and Barnhart was brilliant. The lineup:

W. M. A.	Position	McKinley B.
Fullback	Left guard	Klein
Right guard	Left tackle	Ward
Center	Left end	Miller
Left end	Left tackle	Krueck
Wing-t	Left end	Ritter
Lawrence	Left guard	Knuck
Wainland	Left halfback	Geering
Barnhart	Fullback	

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

case with which Yale rolled back the figures. There was no time when one would have been surprised to see Princeton.

Jim Robinson, the veteran trainer, said he predicted that Princeton would be as good, if not better, in the second half than in the first, and judged by the way he sailed into the Blue's line when the teams resumed hostilities, he was right.

For a time it seemed more than probable that the ball would be forced across Ell's line, but a sudden brace held them for the balance and the danger was past.

### The Play in Detail.

Bloemberg kicked off for Yale and Ritter caught the ball on his 20-yard line. He took it back only five yards before being downed. Standard got through Hogan for three yards, and Foukoule's yard's end.

The second half was marked with hard play and strong blocking, but neither

team could get away.

Edwardsville lost to Alton.

Score of 6 to 0 resulted in Fast

High School Game.

In one of the closest football games played at Spotswood's Park, Alton, the Edwardsville High School team went down in defeat after the Alton High eleven, Saturday afternoon, by a score of 6 to 0.

Jim Miller, the captain of the Alton team, made a run on the 10-yard line and Edward Enox, fullback, kicked goal.

The second half was marked with hard play and strong blocking, but neither

team could get away.

April Bird, Big Beach, Monroe, Maid, Slocum, and Blue Coat, Casper, Sonora, Estero and the rest of the pack were in the

fourth race, one and one-half miles—

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CARBONDALE, Ill., Nov. 12.—The Cape Girardeau football eleven was defeated in this city today by Carbondale, 28 to 0.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA SAILS.

Twenty-Year Exile Ended, He Re-

turns to His Native Land.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—His sentence of forty years having expired, J. J. Donovan Rossa sailed for Ireland today. He was escorted to the pier by Irish volunteers and the Catholic Protective Band. He is going to Skibbereen in native land.

The fact that it is possible to erect a Chester Mayne is significant in the case that Ireland has made," said

He was imprisoned as a Fenian agitator and liberated on condition that he go into exile. Before the ship sailed a woman came along who was an American and a Fenian. One of the Fenians had assumed the British flag, and then tore it to pieces.

Princeton got five yards for outside play and Cooney made two through tackle. Ritter got past Shevlin for three, but Miller was thrown for no gain. Ritter put on a five yards past Shevlin, and then Princeton was penalized 15 yards for holding in the line. Miller, on a fake kick, made only three yards and kicked to Hoyt. Tooker tackled him heavily and in going to earth sat a blow on the head from Hoyt's knee which knocked him out for three minutes.

Hoyt, who was thrown by the tackle, jumped to his feet again and took the ball in for 12 yards.

Then Yale sprung a delayed pass and Leavenworth forced himself through Princeton's center for a run of 27 yards. Tenney was called in to relieve Burke. Bloomer gained four yards through center and again scored in the same play.

Princeton was penalized 15 yards for outside play. Leavenworth gained three yards on a cross-buck and Tomlsey added two more, making it down to Yale's 20-yard line. Hoyt gained three yards around right end, and Bloomer added two more through Center. Hoyt gained two yards in the same place. Leavenworth gained two yards through tackle and Bloomer carried the ball three yards to Princeton's one-yard line.

Bloomer Makes First Touchdown.

Honors were with Bloomer, and with only one yard to make the ball was intrusted to him and he carried it over. Hoyt kicked off an easy goal. Score: Yale 6, Princeton nothing.

Hoyt kicked off to Shevlin, who ran the ball back to the 20-yard line. Hoyt scored on a delayed pass, but followed with six yards on a fake kick. Leavenworth gained eight yards outside of tackle. Hoyt was penalized 15 yards for holding. Hoyt kicked to Tenney, who ran the punt back 20 yards to Yale's 45-yard line. Cooney gained two yards through tackle, but Tenney lost 10 yards on a quarterback run.

Yale got possession of the ball on account of a poor pass from Dutcher to Miller. Gains were made by Hoyt and Bloomer, and Hogan added five yards more. Hoyt made four yards. Leavenworth made three and then eight around Princeton's left end. It was almost a foregone conclusion that Yale would score another touchdown, when she lost the ball on a fumble, eight yards from the goal.

The ball was picked up by a player for a kick-off. Yale man broke through and blocked it. The ball shot back of Princeton's line and Leavenworth, following it as it struck the fence. As other players followed themselves on top of him the fence gave way and a large section fell.

Both teams were held up while the Princeton captain fought and struggled to get back. Cooney was penalized five yards.

Leavenworth, the white bird, gained possession of the ball on the 45-yard line, which was substituted for Owsley and Ward for Tooker. Yale was unable to gain and Hoyt kicked to Miller on Princeton's 20-yard line. Yale had the ball and the white bird was downed. Ritter failed to gain and Tenney lost five yards. Princeton's 20-yard line. Princeton gained 20 yards on an exchange of punts. Hoyt gamed to Tenney, who was downed by Princeton.

The first half closed with the ball in Princeton's possession in mid-field. Score, Yale 6, Princeton nothing.

ASTHMA CURED.

Henry Mayer, No. 1045 Treadway Av., East St. Louis, Ill., was cured of asthma and other diseases by electric treatment.

He had had asthma all my life, could not even do constant work without coughing; was always weak and thin in flesh; could scarcely breathe at all in damp weather. Doctor Powell cured me of all the above symptoms.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES.

Mr. John Pollack, No. 2235 Oliver St., St. Louis, said he has suffered with catarrh and deafness for many years. Was so deaf I couldn't hear common conversation. I tried many doctors and thought I had tried every known remedy. I was given a most wonderful cure. It has stopped the buzzing and bell-ringing in the head and has restored my hearing.

ASTHMA CURED.

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He had had asthma all my life, could not even do constant work without coughing; was always weak and thin in flesh; could scarcely breathe at all in damp weather. Doctor Powell cured me of all the above symptoms.

Why Not Buy a Good Watch

OR SOME NICE JEWELRY OR DIAMONDS

On Time Payments

My store is an absolutely reliable place to trade. We will give you what you want, and you can immediate possession and pay for it out of the money which you might otherwise spend foolishly.

Nearly all your friends

F. H. INCALLS. - 1223 Olive St.

Watch Repairing by experts at low rates. Money

String given in for the year. We are always pleasant and accommo-

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# Let Eagle Trading Stamps Be Your Santa Claus!



A collection of 300, 600, 900 or more Eagle Trading Stamps will bring you absolutely free the magnificent Christmas presents now on display in the Premium Room Annex on our third floor. All you need do is to **ASK FOR EAGLE TRADING STAMPS** when you make your purchases—we give **EAGLE TRADING STAMPS** with every cash purchase of 10c or over—see how many **EAGLE TRADING STAMPS** you can save before Christmas.

## 59c NECK CHAINS, 25c.

Fish scale, solid pearl bead, turquoise graduated bead and amethyst or amber cut bead Neck Chains—the styles most in demand now—regular 59c values—Monday, very special, choice for..... 25c

## Rubber Gloves.

\$1 Values for 79c.  
Best quality all white rubber Gloves—extra heavy, strong and durable, guaranteed to be perfect—sizes 7, 8, 8½ and 9—regular \$1 value, Monday, very special at..... 79c



## IF YOU NEED FURS

Come direct to Famous, where only Furs of quality are handled. Every fur garment that is purchased at Famous carries with it our guarantee of absolute satisfaction. Monday's special values will no doubt interest you.

### \$13.50 Fox Scarfs, \$8.95.

Splendid Single Fox Scarfs—broad, fluffy skins, with two large ears, made from clear cord and two tails—beautiful and reliable fur scarfs—sold by exclusive furriers at \$13.50—Monday, at Famous..... 8.95

### \$7.00 Opossum Scarfs, \$4.95.

Opossum Cluster Scarfs in both Isabella and sable—with tail clasp and chain—very good, serviceable fur pieces and extremely reasonable in price secure one of these—regular 7.00 values—Monday, at Famous..... 4.95

### \$3.00 Fur Scarfs, \$1.75.

Blended and Natural Silver Mink Scarfs, with tails and chain—fur scarf for everyday wear—regular \$3.00 values—Monday, special for..... 1.75

### \$30.00 Fur Coats, \$19.75.

Genuine Electric Seal Coats—made of finely sheared and matched seals—wide storm collar—guaranteed satin linings—all sizes—the latest 1904 fashion—coats that we guarantee to last—regular \$30.00 values—Monday, special for..... 19.75

## Women's Underwear



### 50c to 75c Garments for 39c.

A purchase of short lots of splendid underwear from one of the best underwear mills in this country accounts for this astounding special, coming as it does just when these garments are in greatest demand.

#### Women's Vests and Pants

Jersey ribbed—medium weight—pink and ecru colors—50c values.

#### Women's Union Suits

Ecrú and silver—open down front—feather lined—50c values.

#### Women's Vests and Pants

Combed Egyptian yarn—heavy deco lined—50c values.

#### Children's Union Suits

Drop seat—ecru and silver—feathered back—all sizes—50c and 75c values.

Monday, at Famous, very special, choice of any, per garment..... 39c

#### Women's Union Suits

All wool mixed—open down front—silver gray—silk-trimmed regular \$1.50 values—Monday, very special for..... 98c

Women's Union Suits—The renowned "Iroquois" make—elegant imported worsted—open down front—this is our regular \$1.50 value—Monday, very special for..... 2.15



### \$9 Sanitary Couch and Pad, \$5.50

Judging by the way we've been selling these outfits recently, it is very evident that the advantages of these folding couches are being fully appreciated—it's the celebrated "Star" Folding Couch—fitted with the National spring and supported in the center by two rows of spiral springs—guaranteed to support 1000 pounds weight—the pad or mattress is made of heavy ticking with drop sides. These Couches can be used as a very comfortable double bed or as a practical day couch—the outfit is actually worth \$9—Monday at Famous the complete outfit goes at..... 5.50

11-4 Wool Blankets—Either white or gray—regular \$5.00 values—Monday, pair..... 3.50

11-4 White all pure Wool Blankets—Worth \$7.50—4.95 Monday, pair..... 4.95

Silkline Comforts—Filled with soft snow white cotton—knotted wool—tufted—Monday, each..... 95c

10-4 Soft Cotton Flocked Blankets—in white, gray and tan—Monday, pair... 69c

10-4 Wool Blankets—Either white or gray—regular \$5.00 values—Monday, pair..... 3.50

11-4 White all pure Wool Blankets—Worth \$7.50—4.95 Monday, pair..... 4.95

Silkline Comforts—Filled with soft snow white cotton—knotted wool—tufted—Monday, each..... 95c

Gas Fixtures—Well made 2 lights—complete with globes—Monday..... 98c

Gas Pendants—Made of brass—8 inches long—50c value—Monday..... 39c

Gas Bracket—Joints of solid brass—ropes two—silver—Single Swing, 28c; Double Swing, 38c

Gas Globes—Made of imported flint glass—handsomely engraved—15c

Gas Lighter and body of Dripless Gas Tapers—worth 15c—Monday..... 9c

Air Light Burner—Made with new easy regulator—high grade manometer—burner with air light chimney—worth 75c—special Monday..... 39c

Portable Gas Lamp—Complete with independent burners, tubing and pink shade—worth 1.25

Gas Fixtures—Made of solid brass—polished and lacquered mat—gold finished shell—pretty cast ornaments on center shell—pretty cast ornaments on arm settings made of the best materials—put up with a polished brass base—each 20c—2 lights—\$2.75, 3 lights—\$4.75, 4 lights—\$5.75

Gas Fixtures—Made of solid brass—fancy center shell—rope-twist casting—circle-twisted arm—complete with globes—2 lights—\$3.75

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## HAVE YOU NOTICED

Neighbor Jones driving a fine-looking horse? It may not have occurred to you that Jones had exchanged an old piano for the horse through Post-Dispatch Wants.

All St. Louis Drug Stores are Post-Dispatch Want Ad agencies.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

## Look Around the House Today

If you find anything you would like to sell, advertise it in the Post-Dispatch want column tomorrow. THE POST-DISPATCH PRINTS MORE FOR SALE WANTS THAN ANY OTHER ST. LOUIS NEWSPAPER

PAGES 1-10B

PART THREE

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13, 1904.

## OPIUM TRAFFIC WITHIN WALLS OF MISSOURI PENITENTIARY MAKES "FIENDS" OF MEN INSTITUTION IS MEANT TO REFORM

**Use of Drug Is Induced by Hard Work and Monotony of Diet, and Habit Becomes Firmly Fixed on Many Men Who Were Strangers to It Before Entering Prison.**

### "TRUSTIES" AND "SQUARE MEN" SMUGGLE IT INSIDE

**Efforts of Warden and Deputies to Stop Introduction and Sale Have Failed, and Inmates Without Means Beg and Steal From Each Other and Attendants to Get "Dope" Money.**

Convicts released from the Missouri State Penitentiary have spread throughout Jefferson City and brought to St. Louis the news that owing to the prevalent traffic in opium therein the institution is actually making opium fiends of prisoners.

Persons in a position to know say that fully 70 per cent of the prisoners within the walls are hopeless and confirmed users of the juice of the poppy.

The prison authorities do not attempt to deny that opium is smuggled into the penitentiary, but say in defense that the supply is kept at a minimum by careful inspection. A convict released a few days ago went to a leading druggist in Jefferson City to buy a dollar's worth of the drug. It was denied to him, although he was apparently suffering greatly for the lack of it.

He stated that previous to going to the prison he had never used opium, but had contracted the habit there, and while a prisoner had been able to get all he desired to satisfy his appetite.

He complained that as a free man he was unable to indulge in a habit bred and easily satisfied while he was in prison. He told the druggist that if he had known he could not buy it outside he would have purchased supply in the prison, because, he said, there was plenty of it there.

He told the druggist that he could put his hands on 50 pounds of it within the prison walls, in the possession of convicts and "square men."

A reporter for the Post-Dispatch has investigated the seemingly shocking situation in the penitentiary. Here is his story of what he found:

In prison parlance a "square man" is one who works within the prison walls and who is not a convict. There are more than 200 of these men employed in and about the penitentiary. Inside the prison are eight convict labor contract factories, five for the manufacture of clothing, two for the overall factory and the largest saddle tree factory in the country. In these factories are employed the 2000 convicts, who come into the prison tradeless and unused to work. They unwillingly learn the trade to which they are assigned, and seldom become experts, as they hate the trades and work only under fear of punishment.

It is, therefore, positively necessary to employ "square men," who are experts at various parts of the trades, to do the finer work and to direct and teach the convicts.

The "square men" are employed as foremen, cutters, finishers, stockmen, etc., and they have access to the prison during working hours, in that is, between 8 o'clock in the morning and 4:30 in the afternoon. Numerous teamsters, employed by contractors and the state, come in and out of the gates all day, hauling in supplies of various sorts. Some of these "square men" and the "trusties" are accused by persons who know of the prevalence of the opium traffic of procuring the drug, taking it into the prison and selling it. The fact that it can be carried on so extensively is due to the great cunning of those engaged in it, and the failure of the prison directors to stop it.

An inspection of the convicts at the Jefferson City prison convinces one who can detect the typical opium fact that a large proportion of them are habituals of the drug. The yellow face, the sunken eyes, the listless bearing and a certain hopelessness of demeanor are indications of the prevalence of the destroying habit.

**Missouri Prison**

#### Easy for Convicts.

Prison life in itself is an incentive to seek surcease from its hardships, its monotony and its pain. This is fostered by the moral distortion of the average prisoner's life and outlook. Those who do not surrender to the ways of men of higher means, the breeding who expect to return to honorable walks of life when their terms have been served. These are the men who have not left hope behind.

The hardships at the Missouri state penitentiary are said not to be excessive. It is called by old criminals one of the easiest state prisons in the country. The greatest complaint is the monotonous quality of the food, which has its effect on the health of men who work eight hours a day in the prison. It is a diet of bread, meat, molasses and coffee, seasoned by vegetables. The penitentiary has a large garden which is not worked. It is charged that the necessary supply of vegetables is withheld and the effect is shown in the prevalence of digestive disorders, which are greatly aggravated by the use of opium.

The discipline is not severe and, indeed, the conduct of the convicts within the walls is far from severe and easy, according to the convicts themselves, than in the prisons of the neighboring states, Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois and Iowa.

#### Warden Not Expert

#### in Criminology.

Warden Frank M. Wooldridge left a farm and a country store to take up the exacting role of guardian of 2000 criminals. He is convinced that he is a good busi-

ness man and conscientious in the performance of his duty, he is in no sense a criminologist or a student of criminals. While he has the great advantage of holding the whip hand over the men confined within the walls, still there are among them hundreds of the shrewdest criminals in the state and country who have experienced life in many prisons and who have pitted their wits in their effort to live on the fruits of crime against those of the shrewdest enemies of crime and criminals.

There is among these men a community of interests and a league against honest men and all authority. The man of experience with criminals is Deputy Warden W. M. Todd, the relentless foe of the convict; who measures out punishment and administers it, and who is hated and feared by them.

When locked up by the law, convicts' brains are busy with thoughts of escape, and in the effort to extract as much physical comfort as they can from the life about them. To this end they scheme and plot constantly, drawing honest men into their toils and using them for their purposes in introducing into the prison such contraband as opium and alcohol.

**Explosives Found in Convict's Pocket.**

Jefferson City has not forgotten the most sensational introduction of explosives within the prison, which, if they had not been detected by the guards, would probably have resulted in a hideous tragedy and the release of hundreds of convicts. One night last winter a guard detected two prisoners by circumstances, and in no way connected with thievery or dishonesty. Since his return to citizenship he has taken his place quietly in business, bearing the confidence of his employers and the respect of representatives business men, who look upon his prison experience as a deserved misfortune.

For obvious reasons his name cannot be made public, but his intelligence and bravery are attested by the support of the men whose influence eventually caused his release from prison and his new start in life.

To the writer he revealed a deplorable state of affairs in the Missouri penitentiary, due to the unrestrained use of opium. An investigation of the matter at Jefferson City and interviews with persons in a position to know lead to the conclusion that he told the truth as he saw it.

Warden Wooldridge, in acknowledging that occasionally opium was smuggled in, was of the opinion that not a great quantity escaped the vigilance of the inspectors.

Druggists in Jefferson City say that opium is not sold from their stores to any person who might smuggle it into the prison, and that its sale to individuals is under the severest restrictions. They point out that an opium smuggler would not get his supplies so near home. One of them stated that a resident of Jefferson City went to St. Louis or Kansas City once a week for the contraband stuff, buying it in several places to avoid detection, and getting most of his supply from Chinese importers. This man was given entrance to the prison until he was suspected and barred out. He was believed to be at the head of the prison opium ring.

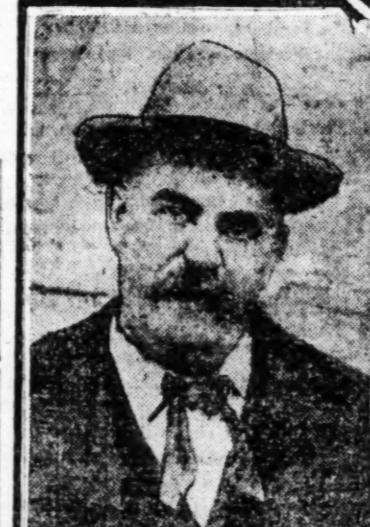
The opium, the druggist said, was introduced at the prison by "trusties," prisoners in whom the authorities have such confidence that they are allowed certain liberties and permitted to work outside the prison walls and to act as outside messengers. Usually they are short-term men.

But there are men who, through

How Opium Is Secured by Prisoners in the Missouri Penitentiary.



Convict Distributing Opium to Fellow Prisoners While the Guards Are Not Watching.



FRANK M. WOOLDRIDGE,  
WARDEN

"Square" Man Passing Opium to a Convict.

whose families live near by or in adjoining counties and who would lose rather than benefit by attempts to escape, or to betray the confidence reposed in them. These men are inveigled into becoming the agents of the prison opium ring, and their liberty is given as opportunity to carry the drug inside, where it is掌管 by other "trusties" in the well-known for sale.

Other agents are such "square men" as are tempted into the traffic by the large profits to be made out of it. A pound of gum opium costs \$2 to \$5 in an almost constantly fluctuating market. Within the prison it is mixed with extract of coffee and rolled into small pills, which are sold at the rate of three for a dime and up to a quarter of a dollar, according to the outside market price or the financial plenty or stringency among the convicts, and a single pound divided will bring as high as \$40, and seldom less.

In detailing the extent and effect of the opium traffic in the penitentiary the former convict, spoken of before, made the following statements to the reporter, which are given substantially in his own language, as follows:

"One of the most remarkable features of graft exists within the Missouri state's prison, I believe, however, without any collusion among the prison officials. But that does exist, I know by observation, for which I had many good opportunities while serving a sentence. I believe that the leaders of the graft are known to the

officials, who are not able to cope with it. I refer to the opium ring working within the prison.

"That the sale of opium is possible is due to two things, the fact that many prisoners are provided with funds from the outside, and that those who have no outside financial aid steal to get money with which to buy opium. There is much thieving going on inside the penitentiary. And why not? It is the home of thieves and the breeding place of thieves; in fact, it is the thieves' university, where the higher branches are taught by past masters to the beginners, where the seed of every hideous vice is sown broadcast by the alumni of crime.

"The life of a convict in the Missouri penitentiary is one long hell of hard work and underfeeding, unless the convict has outside influence and money. That's where the graft comes in. Traffic of all sorts goes on within as well as outside the prison, and a man with money can buy many comforts and privileges; without money he suffers a living death.

"But with it all the hard-worked, half-starved convicts find one surecease—opium. The Missouri penitentiary is a big opium joint. The convicts are doing well when it is driven to it to save his life. I venture to say that 75 per cent of the convicts who have no means, and no help from the outside are opium fiends. The great majority of convicts have no money, they cannot make within the prison walls. They must have it to buy 'dope' with. How do they get it? They earn a little and steal more. If they can neither earn nor steal, they die slowly but surely. An average man without money who is put at hard labor will die in less than three years unless he gets at the opium.

"The convicts take to it first by example. They are put at heavy, tiring work without having any previous training. Their criminal lives have habited them to idleness, and they are soft with dissipations. They are sent into the tan yard, shoe factory, or saddlery, and driven to work. They work eight hours a day on a diet that would not sustain a horse.

"Gradually they break down and get into the hospital. They are dosed with salts and quinine, the two stock medicines there, and their diet is decreased. They get lower and lower physically, develop malaria, typhoid fever or consumption, and out they go. Consumption is the great physical enemy inside the prison.

"Convicts who use the drug have told me that it is easier to get inside the prison walls than outside, and the officers in charge of the prison are not the highest class of criminal experts. I suppose they are honest enough, but they are not superlatively clever. They are paid from \$6 to \$8 a month and are frequently changed.

"They never seem to be exactly flush of money, while I have known 'trusties' or 'hall-tenders' to leave the prison with several hundred dollars, the savings out of the honest pennies they have earned.

"They are no shrewd men, and the things they do in prison are so remarkable as to al-

"How do they get opium? From theaten. Its passage from seller to buyer is almost impossible of detection. The salesmen are usually 'hall tenders.' convicts who are not locked up in their cells until the lights are put out, and who wait on the prisoners, carrying them water, etc. Their opportunities are boundless and they report sales and turn the money over to a more intelligent convict who is the ring's general agent. There is only one guard to a cell house at night, and he has not eyes for everything.

"On an indulgence means that if the user has no outside financial help he must rustle hard to get money. If he is released and willing workman his contract boss will tip him something every week. But the contractor pays the state 20 cents a day for the services of every convict he employs, and taking the good workmen with the bad, he feels that he is paying a pretty good price at that.

"That it is not stopped is at least a severe reflection on the ability and wisdom of the men in charge of the prison.

"Men use the drug to deaden their misery, relieve their hunger, kill the desire, and stop them along certain lines to serve their sentences out. Of course they leave the prison opium wrecks, but that, they think, is better than dying in prison of hunger and hard work.

"Anyone who knows the symptoms of opium addiction can go through the prison and pick out the men who use the drug by their faces. That the use of opium seriously detracts from the working value of the men, contractors of prison labor could testify if their business interests did not keep them from speaking. I know that they are aware of the traffic and deplore it, and while they make every effort to detect it and aid the officers in stopping it they are equally helpless.

"Not long ago one of the guards had stolen from him inside the prison walls and he never told it, nor was it the chief detected. There are many clever thieves inside, and the guards are not the highest class of criminal experts. I suppose they are honest enough, but they are not superlatively clever. They are paid from \$6 to \$8 a month and are frequently changed.

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CONTINUED ON PAGE SIXTY.

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Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER. Published by  
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO., 210-212 N. Broadway.

**AVERAGE CIRCULATION**

First TEN MONTHS 1904

SUNDAY	DAILY
227,243	149,642

20,000 MORE POST-DISPATCHES ARE  
SOLD IN ST. LOUIS EVERY DAY  
THAN THERE ARE HOMES IN THE CITY.

BIGGEST WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI

President's Day at the Fair should be celebrated by a crowd 500,000 strong.

The very magnitude of Roosevelt's victory should sober him and make him more sensible of his responsibility.

Of course it is right to have a day for red heads at the Fair, but only on condition that the baldheads are similarly honored.

The Indian wife who takes in washing to help her husband pay alimony to his first wife is a heroine who should be given an order on the Carnegie fund.

**THE INDEPENDENT VOTER.**

Electoral returns from the state not yet complete, show a slump in the Democratic vote for Parker under that of Bryan in 1900 of more than 33,000 votes. On the other hand, Roosevelt's gain over McKinley exceeds 12,000. These figures tell the whole story of the Democratic defeat in Missouri. The Bryan Democrats evaded their score with the gold Democrats. Some stayed at home. Some voted for Roosevelt. Some voted for Watson. Thousands deserted the Democratic nominee for the presidency, although some of the Republican gain may be charged to Republicans can immigration.

There are special features in both the state and city elections which cannot be explained by the general Democratic slump, but reflect great credit upon the honesty, intelligence and independence of a large element of both Democratic and Republican voters.

Folk's plurality of 30,000 over Walbridge, in the face of the general Republican victory throughout the state, is a magnificent demonstration of the capacity of the people of Missouri for self-government and of their independent spirit. The Post-Dispatch's exposure of Col. Walbridge's record as mayor, and especially of his violation of the charter and the criminal law in selling goods to the city while president of the Council, together with its appeal to vindicate the state's reputation and give a public officer who had done magnificent work new opportunities for public service, evidently had a tremendous effect on the best element of Republican citizens. Thousands of them, although intensely desirous of a Republican victory in the state, scratched their own candidate for governor and voted for the Democratic candidate. The Post-Dispatch congratulates these Republicans upon their high sense of civic duty and upon their great public service to the state.

Not less conspicuous than the independence of the Republican voters who scratched Walbridge and voted for Folk, was the independence and high sense of civic duty of the Democrats who, following the leadership and accepting the facts published by the Post-Dispatch, scratched Cook and Allen and voted for the Republican candidates for secretary of state and auditor. Cook, with his record as participant in a bungle deal and as a representative of the corrupt machine, is at the tail end of the Democratic ticket, the lead of his opponent being greater than that of any other Republican candidate and second only to Folk's. Allen also fell far below the average vote for Democratic candidates. These votes of Democrats were rebukes directed at the machine leaders who forced Cook and Allen on the Folk ticket against the protests of honest Democrats voiced by the Post-Dispatch.

Another signal instance of independent voting was shown in the defeat of Judge Zachritz, whose bad record as judge, circuit attorney and assistant circuit attorney, was exposed by the Post-Dispatch. Basing its opposition on his infamous instruction to the jury in the Central Tractation deal which this paper had exposed, and on his record as an official amenable to political pulls, the Post-Dispatch appealed to the voters of St. Louis to defeat Judge Zachritz in the interest of reform and as a rebuke to the vicious element which dictated his nomination. That appeal was magnificently responded to by the intelligent public. Despite the effort of the Butler forces, which defeated all the other Democratic candidates except Folk, Judge Sale was elected in place of Zachritz, who was voted down by a substantial plurality. The result was the more significant, because the issue raised by the Post-Dispatch and the fight we made against his election on the ground of his bad record as a public officer, was accepted by Judge Zachritz as the basis of his campaign.

This exercise of discriminating intelligence, this strong and effective move for honesty against dishonesty and for efficiency against incompetence and for reform against powerful corrupt forces, marks an epoch in Missouri elections which is full of promise for the future. It indicates a rapidly rising tide of independence. It proves the passing of "yaller dog" partisanship.

But the independent voter was abroad all over the land. The election of Democratic governors in Massachusetts, Missouri, Minnesota, Colorado and Montana showed that an unprecedentedly large element of citizens thought as they voted. The more numerous the voters who do this the better for the country.

The big stick hit the Democrats hard, and they may feel sore, but it is not as if they were unaccustomed to defeat.

**A PERIL TO WOMAN SUFFRAGE.**

The women are allowed to vote in Cincinnati on some local questions. The Board of Elections, however, informed them that when registering they must give their exact ages.

Naturally there was trouble. Some women refused to answer, some fibbed, while others said 31 plus.

This is no painted road upon which female suffrage is drifting. It is a very real danger and must be removed if the suffrage movement, in possession of the outposts, shall win the inner citadel of political privilege.

Women who get beyond a certain, that is, an uncertain age, don't like to celebrate their birthdays publicly, and

they would rather lose the suffrage than be forced to own up to their years.

Of course this is irrational, but we can't be rational in all respects. If men and women forfeit important rights and privileges because they are sometimes irrational, what would become of rational freedom?

No, let the lady say "31 plus," and the judges and clerks can guess the plus but must not record their guesses. The essential fact is that she is of legal voting age. That known, impertinence is as irrational as her fluttering reluctance to acknowledge the truth.

Says a wise Eastern journal: "The only positive and lasting good that is likely to come to the world from the desperate and bloody conflict now raging in the far East may be found in the startling object-lesson it affords both as to the enormous cost of war and its inherent and inevitable savagery and hellishness." Let us hope that it will have a sobering effect upon American jingoes.

**POLITICAL ADVERTISING.**

The campaigns of two candidates who won notable victories were marked by the liberal and novel use of advertising.

Mr. Cortelyou inserted pages of special and costly advertising in high-class magazines and periodicals and in selected newspapers, containing judicious praise of President Roosevelt. The advertisements were carefully and cleverly constructed. They contained a few inspiring quotations from Mr. Roosevelt's speeches and writings, a few favorable opinions of Mr. Roosevelt's character and career from men of note, and a brief sketch of the man and his deeds. As a rule there was little about politics. The man was the theme. Some prominent Republicans made speeches and a few spellbinders were employed, but undoubtedly the largest single item in the bill of expenses for appeals to the voters was advertising.

Governor-elect Douglas of Massachusetts, who accomplished the remarkable feat of getting elected Governor as a Democrat in a Republican landslide, announced that he would do his campaigning through the newspapers and periodicals. He advertised his political opinions and pledges just as he advertises his shoes.

That intelligent advertising of this kind is potent cannot be gainsaid. The results indicate it. But do not these advertising experiments presage the passing of the spellbinders? The public speech is now merely a means of getting newspaper publication. In this land and day of universal education and of enormous circulation for newspapers and periodicals, are not the campaign managers and candidates likely to set aside the stump and depend upon the press?

The Litchfield, Ill., district elected a boy of 23 representative in Congress. Since he is under age the district will either be unrepresented or a special election must be called. The levity displayed by the convention when the youngster was nominated was out of place. Even when there is no hope of election the dignity of the occasion should not be forgotten. Besides, this case shows that the unexpected sometimes happens.

**THE END OF A CHAPTER.**

When the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Co. quietly retires from business, after closing out what was once the most important business of its kind in the West, it leaves vacant an office which was once the headquarters for the carrying trade of the Mississippi river. This is the end of the chapter. It is one of the most important chapters in the growth of St. Louis and of America.

It is not the end of the book, however, for still the Mississippi river must go on making St. Louis history and American history.

The river, the gulf, the canal, the Pacific—these are chapter headings for the future. It is as impossible to close the Mississippi "out of business" as it is to check its current.

But the river should be put into active and continuous business at the earliest possible moment. This will mean a tremendous increase in the prosperous business activities of the Mississippi valley.

Is it really true that the Japanese minister at The Hague actually organized the fishing fleet and sent it against the Russians? What a wicked man he must be! And to think, he is minister at The Hague, that blessed dove.

**PEACE IS IN THE AIR.**

The proffer of peace made unofficially to Russia is a sign that the Mikado is in a pacific temper. Japan will not be too severe in her terms. And the Czar, if he can stand out against the war party, is not likely to spurn an opportunity to terminate a struggle which has brought nothing but discredit and disaster to his empire.

That the war may be brought to a conclusion at an early date is the belief of Mr. Oscar S. Strauss, a member of The Hague tribunal. The settlement will include the near eastern as well as the far eastern question and effect an agreement which, he believes, will secure the peace of the world for 25 years. "By the end of that time," says Mr. Strauss, "the nations will have become so accustomed to availing themselves of The Hague tribunal that war will be largely eliminated."

This is a consummation devoutly to be wished for. Nor is it an unreasonable hope. The Hague tribunal is due to the Czar's initiative and he cannot consistently repudiate the principle it represents by refusing to meet the Mikado half way.

Peace is in the air. Port Arthur seems to be in extremities and a deadlock is threatened about Mukden. The conditions seem ripe for the mediation of neutral powers.

The railroads should surely bless the farmers. This year they got from them a gross revenue estimated at \$463,644,051.

**THE MIND OF GREATNESS.**

Just after having presented the statue of Frederick the Great to the United States, to be unveiled in Washington in an election year, His Majesty the Kaiser announces that he will be more lenient hereafter in cases of lese majeste.

This follows and is perhaps occasioned by the conviction of a German editor for this species of blasphemy against the "Lord's anointed." After naming a number of royal idiots and insane persons, now under medical treatment, he suggested that there were others, "too dangerous to mention," who needed treatment of the same kind. For this he goes to jail.

When Frederick, the first royal Radical, who laughed at the theory that he was the "Lord's anointed" and the envy extraordinary of heaven, passed a crowd on the street one day, he saw that it was collected around a cartoon, directed against himself. Before the crowd realized his presence he heard them abusing him in the hardest and most muscular German.

"Hang the thing lower, so it will not give them a crick in their necks," he said loudly to his secretary as he passed on. And the cartoon was hung lower accordingly, while the

crowd, realizing what had taken place, cheered the man whom as a King they were abusing for his extortions in taxation.

It was because Frederick, the man, had a mind of this kind that Germans, when they discovered it, named him "Frederick the Great." He did not preach sermons after the fashion of the present Kaiser, but on many critical occasions he practiced them.

The soft, velvety government note, which is to carry no microbes, may be in circulation next year, displacing the inconvenient and dangerous crisp money. It will be easier to obtain, however, than the present sort.

**JACOB RIIS IN A STATE OF MIND.**

The expected has happened. Jacob Riis is in a state of mind.

"It seems to me that life was never so perfectly satisfactory as it is today; I am so happy that I do not care what happens."

So says dear old Jacob, who is chock full of gladness because his dear friend Theodore—they call one another Jacob and Theodore, you know—was elected President of the United States by the biggest majority ever given a candidate.

No wonder Jacob is glad. Didn't Theodore tell the folks at the station to "look at Jacob—he is a decent citizen."

Of course everybody knows, and knew then, that Jacob Riis was a decent citizen, one of the very decentest citizens on the footstool, but it was so nice for Theodore to say so. It's always nice to praise a man for his elementary virtues.

Well, we're glad Jacob Riis is glad. He is a fine type of simple-minded intelligence, earnestness and practical idealism, and if he likes to have Theodore patronize him, who cares? Who knows what and how much Theodore Roosevelt owes to Jacob Riis!

When the war is over probably everybody will wonder why the differences were not settled by diplomacy or arbitration. A reasonable settlement is just as readily effected by reasonable discussion as by violence and slaughter.

It is certain that increased September exports to the record-breaking point. Hall to the American planter!

If the armor of six of our battleships is defective, let us have peace.

Who said "Douglas tender and true"?

**JUST A MINUTE**

for

**POST-DISPATCH**

Verse and Humor

**The Never-Failing Topic.**

When we have nothing whatsoever to say Of consequence or interest to any;

When bone mots simply will not come our way,

Though in the world ideas there are many;

When for such thoughts as we may have today,

The world would not exchange a penny.

We all get busy when we get together

And talk and talk and talk about the weather.

"Pray, will it rain today?" asks Mrs. Jones.

"The clouds are heavy," ventures Mrs. Brown.

"I feel the rheumatism in my bones,"

Says Mrs. Johnson, with an awful frown.

"Oh, what a heavy fog!"—in anguished tones

Says Mrs. Smith—"this morning wrapped the town!"

"It's worse than London ever dared to be,"

Says Mrs. Jenkins, with a slight "tee-hee."

"It would have frosted but for clouded skies,"

Says Mrs. Williams, in a knowing way.

"I'm sure," says Mrs. Jenks, with lighted eyes,

"There's sure to be some startling change today."

"Why, even snow would be no great surprise,"

Says Mrs. Bangs, "the clouds are all so gray."

"This means for boas, sure as anything,"

With sage reflection ventures Mrs. King.

"This summer was a most entrancing season,"

Says Mrs. Foster; truth none can deny.

"Yes; wasn't it cool? I wonder what's the reason?"

Says Mrs. Barker, with inquiring eye.

And thus they go; to talk of else were treason.

How swift the weather makes the minutes fly!

"Oh, yes, we must be going!" \* \* \* "What? So soon?" \* \* \*

"We've spent a most delightful afternoon!"

**Hindsight.**

How delightful, how beautiful, how edifying a thing is hindsight!

Foresight may bring us riches and power and pleasure,

but hindsight teaches us wisdom pure and undefiled.

Let us take the example of King Solomon.

Are we for one moment to suppose that Solomon acquired all of that vast wisdom of his in a minute? Are we for one moment to believe that in a twinkling he became surcharged with the essence of all philosophy and with the quintessence of all things knowable?

No! We have his own word for it that he made his mark as the Wise Cadi only after years of thought and toil and pleasure and travail, accumulation of riches and sybaritic indulgence of self, and it was only after he had seen, done, accomplished and experienced all that is possible to humankind that he arrived at that marvelous wisdom which makes his justly celebrated works a joy to every thoughtful reader, even unto this day.

In other words, hindsight was the making of Solomon. Blessed be hindsight!

Unavoidable.

The next Republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts will be compelled

"To bear the lion in his den,

The Douglas in his hall."

Most nations would spring at any plan to prevent the fall of Port Arthur and relieve the winter of her discontent, but summer indifferent.

It is always pleasing to find that a comedy is "funny," as advertised, and usually surprising.

**CLUB WOMEN.**

From the Albany Journal.

He: What do you want a hundred dollars for now?

# GOSSIP OF EUROPE CABLED TO THE SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH

**ALPHONSO MAY WED NIECE OF KING EDWARD**

**PRINCESS VICTORIA TO VISIT MADRID SOON**

**She Must First Embrace the Catholic Faith to Which There Is no English Objection.**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
MADRID, Nov. 12.—The announcement in the Post-Dispatch several weeks ago that negotiations were pending for the marriage of King Alfonso to the Princess Victoria Patricia, daughter of the Duke of Connaught and niece of King Edward, received confirmation here this week when the official announcement was recently made that the duke is shortly to pay a visit to Madrid, accompanied by his daughter.

Photographs of the young princess have been procured in England and are to be seen here and there in the shops of the city, where the probable selection of an English princess as the future queen of Spain has met with great favor.

The only difficulty in the way was the religious belief of the princess, who was born and reared as a member of the Church of England. The Vatican authorities were consulted in the matter and it was agreed that, because of long-standing traditions, the wife of the Spanish King should be always a Catholic. It is not expected that any objections will be made by King Edward or the ducal family to the conversion of the young princess, as such proceeding is not unusual when princesses of royal blood marry the heir to the throne of another nation.

The reigning Czarina, who embraced the orthodox religion just before her marriage and the conversion to the Catholic Church of Queen Helene of Italy, are recent instances. In fact, arrangements have already been made to have the young princess instructed about the tenets of the Roman Catholic faith in Madrid if her visit should be prolonged a sufficient length of time.

The marriage of the King, it is hoped, will solve the at present much-disussed question of the personality of the heir apparent to the Spanish throne. The recent death of the Princess of the Asturias, the eldest sister of the King, who, on the death of her father, the late King, in 1855, became the hereditary princess of the kingdom, left the succession to the title to her baby son, the Little Prince Alfonso, now 3 years old.

In fact the baby prince is designated already by the title of hereditary prince, but the fact that he is the son of the Prince of Caserta, a nephew of the deposed King of Spain, and a Lieutenant of Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, has caused much dissatisfaction in royal circles here. Because of his father's political leanings the little prince "heredero" is not as popular as he ought to be among the masses, and for reason of the announced marriage of his royal uncle, a few years hence, have fallen into obscurity.

**LONDON WOULD KEEP MISS LESSING FOR ITS STAGE**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
LONDON, Nov. 12.—Madge Lessing made a hit on her appearance as Aurora at the one hundred and fiftieth performance at the Prince of Wales' Theater of "Sergeant Brue," a very successful musical comedy. All the critics commend her singing and acting, and say a permanent place would be found for her on the London stage.

Mrs. Lessing is not only good to look upon, but she is an actress of merit, particularly well-fitted for the part she portrays in "Sergeant Brue." She has endeared herself to the London public not only by these qualities, but also by her graceful and gracious manner and her high appreciation of the properties under all conditions.

**PINKERTON WOULD GIVE SHERLOCK HOLMES JOB**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
LONDON, Nov. 12.—The arrival this week at the Hotel Cecil of William Pinkerton and his brother from the United States created quite a commotion. It was immediately inferred that they were on the track of some big case. William Pinkerton explained that he had come simply to show his brother around, as the latter had never been there before. He was indignant when asked what his most sensational experience had been, replying: "We don't deal in sensationalism; we deal in business." Asked as to the practicability of the Sherlock Holmes method, he replied: "I've been looking for such a man for 20 years. I believe you could work on his principles, but the man is yet to be found." Comparing American and English detectives:

"The greatest difference between us is that while in America we are quick, you are slow; we jump to conclusions and as the law allows us a great deal of latitude, we are often right; often, though, we are wrong. In England your detectives set about matters slowly but doggedly, with the result that when you get to a conclusion at last you are nearly always right."

**RACE FOR CAB HORSES TO ENTERTAIN PARISIANS**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
PARIS, Nov. 12.—Visitors to Paris recalling their experiences are astounded to learn that a race has been arranged, open only to Paris cab horses in everyday service, victorias and coupes. The course is to Versailles and return, about 30 miles, and must be finished the same day. The walk and trot only are allowed. The race is controlled by "La Presse," and substantial prizes are offered. A reporter took a cab this week and rode 30 miles inside the Paris limits and the horse still lives.

**GRANDFATHER OF EUROPE IS DEMOCRATIC**

**DENMARK'S COURT OF JEFFERSONIAN SIMPLICITY**

**RULER GRACIOUSLY SALUTES HIS MOST HUMBLE SUBJECTS BY ALL OF WHOM HE IS IDOLIZED.**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 12.—The Court of Denmark, as Jeffersonian in its simplicity as the winter residence of Jefferson himself, has taken up its winter residence at Amalienborg.

There is no sovereign in the world more close to his people than King Christian IX, and every Dane is proud of the aged monarch's nickname—"Grandfather of Europe."

Grandfather he is of the Czar of Russia, of the King of Greece, to the children of the King of England, and the tale of his modest court's relations to the courts of Europe would fill a longer article than this shall be.

The summer palace at Fredensborg has entertained the greatest rulers of Europe. There every royal guest is happy to be "at home" according to the simple life arranged by the unassuming Christian IX.

The winter palace consists of four unpretentious buildings arranged about an octagonal space. The King and his family go out with no pretension of formal escort in the city, often walking. The King is seen daily riding in the Langeline, or "Long Lane," the fashionable drive. He sits erect in the saddle in spite of his 80 years. He sees everything and smiles benignly upon all who salute him, as Jefferson did.

Every Monday he receives in the palace anybody who is properly dressed. The only formality about it is that a chamberlain to his majesty gives the name of each visitor. The affair is much like those public receptions of the White House in Washington. On these occasions the King wears a uniform.

He is devoted to archery and belongs to a club. Any member may try his skill against that of the King, who is not often beaten. He is also expert at billiards and plays a strong game of whist.

Since the Queen's death the only formal court functions are those which cannot be passed over. The visit of President Loubet of France, two years ago, was the most notable of these, and many a society function in Paris outdoors that of splendor.

The late Queen was seen at her favorite window, sewing away like any contented "Mrs. Somebody." Everyone knows in what simplicity she brought up her daughters, the Queen of England, the mother of the present Czar and the Duchess of Cumberland.

When Princess Alexandra of Denmark became betrothed to the then Prince Albert Edward of Wales, an English illustrated paper obtained a picture of the future Queen's study. The editor looked at the picture and said he could not afford to print it. "It would," he said, "give England the idea that their future Queen was not brought up as a Princess should be."

Alexandra, Dagmar and Tyra, King Christian's three daughters, shared one room, and were dressed more plainly, as girls, than many of their father's subjects.

The present "First Lady" in the Danish court is the Crown Princess, wife of Prince Frederick. She was Princess Louise of Sweden and Norway, and is a great-granddaughter of Bernadotte. Oddly enough, he is her-in-law. Princess Waldemar, who assisted her in the honors of the little court of the French royal house of Orleans. She was Princess Marie, daughter of the Duke de Chartres. And so the descendant of a King whom Napoleon put on his throne takes precedence of a daughter of the ancient kings of France.

Princess Waldemar speaks Danish like a native and is "Colonel" of a fire company which she helped extinguish a blaze in the palace itself. She is also devoted to the interests of the enlisted men in the Danish navy. They call her "Our Marie," much as the soldiers called the present Kaiser's father "Unser Fritz." On her crest is the legend: "I mock at everybody who doesn't like me," but her actions belie that. At least, in Denmark, there is nobody for her to "mock."

The old King's ways crop out in his children. The Crown Prince's eldest son was a common sailor in the navy when the late Czar paid a visit. On disembarking here once he saw his nephew in the line of sailors, to each of whom he was giving a two-kroner coin, worth a little more than a half-dollar. He was going to pass the sailor-prince with a smile and a nod, but the lad held out his hand for the two-kroner bit.

"For me as for the others," he said, and the Czar paid like a good cousin.

**BRIDES OF 1800 WERE THANKFUL FOR HUSBANDS**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Times is one of the few papers able to print extracts from its columns of even date a hundred years ago.

That venerable and solemn journal reported the other day an account of a wedding in the year 1804. The story related that the bride, when asked, "Will thou have this man for thy wedded husband?" answered from another part of the prayerbook: "Tea, verily, and by God's help so will; and I heartily thank our heavenly father that he hath brought me to this state."

Which might be true, so far as many a bride's thoughts go, in 1804.

**NEW AERIAL PROPELLER INVENTED BY FRENCHMAN**

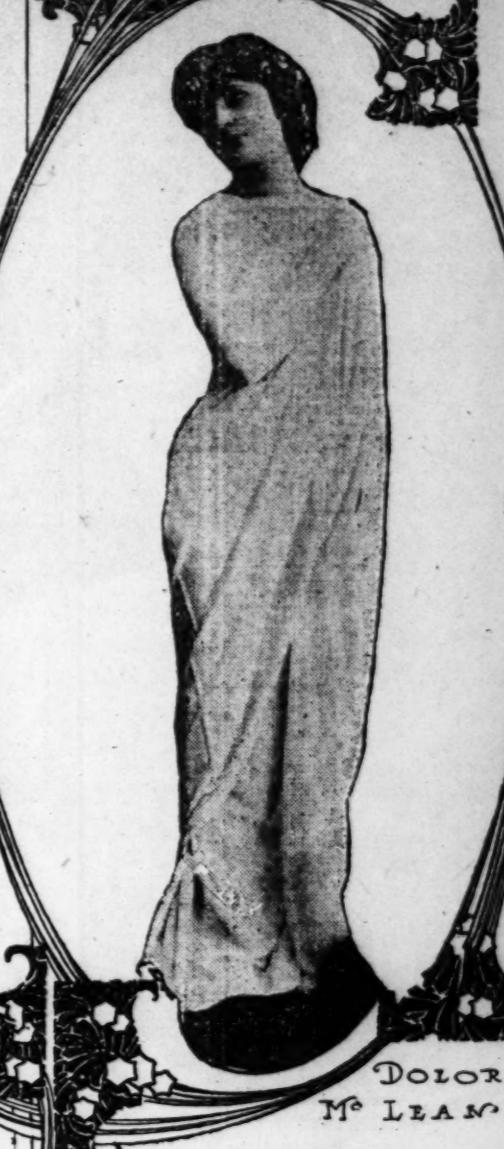
Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
PARIS, Nov. 12.—Col. René, directeur of the Paris d'Aérostation at Meudon, has submitted to the Academy of Science a new aerial propeller, two meters 50 centimeters in diameter, absolutely rigid, resisting a wonderful degree of pressure in the air and weighing only three kilograms, or less than half anything yet discovered. The extraordinary lightness is obtained by novel use of centrifugal force, which helps the rigidity of the propeller.

**Wealthy American Woman Who Is Taking the Lorenz Treatment; Yankee Actress Who Is Rapidly Winning Fame on French Stage**



MRS. ARTHUR PAGET



DOLORES MC LEAN

**BONESETTER OPERATES ON MRS. PAGET**

**NOW IN PLASTER CAST, DOCTORS ARE GROWLING**

**Lady Curzon's Recovery Is So Slow, Her Husband Is Loth to Return to India.**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
LONDON, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Arthur Paget has thrown over her London surgeons and summoned Prof. Hoffa, a bone specialist on the Lorenz lines, to come from Berlin to reduce her distorted hip joint, which London surgeons had said could only be done by an operation which she was not yet strong enough to endure.

Dr. Hoffa had his patient under chloroform for two hours while he broke the adhesions and forced the bone into its socket. After recovering from the anesthetic Mrs. Paget suffered excruciating agony, and only slept that night by means of a narcotic draft. Next morning Dr. Hoffa came again and insisted on the patient being taken out of bed. She stood on the floor for a few minutes, a proceeding which has been since repeated twice daily.

Mrs. Paget is encased in plaster of paris from waist to feet. Dr. Hoffa says the treatment is progressing quite satisfactorily, and promises that Mrs. Paget will escape the stiff limb predicted for her.

He has left two assistants here to carry out the treatment and says that in a little more than a month she will be sufficiently strong to bear a journey to Berlin, where she will be under his own personal supervision.

The surgeon here who refused to recognize Dr. Lorenz are indignant at Mrs. Paget's action in summoning "this Berlin empiric" as they call him. Their indignation is intensifying as the patient is showing decided signs of improvement, and they aver it will not last.

The King continues to make daily inquiries, and the Queen sends frequent presents of flowers. This week she sent magnificent boxes of late autumn blossoms and autumn-tinted leaves from Sandringham.

King Edward, as a mark of his personal favor, has recently taken to sending Sir Frederick Treves, his sergeant-surgeon, to join in consultations with specialists engaged on cases in which the King is interested. He sent him to a recent consultation on Mrs. Paget, and Lady Curzon has also had the benefit of his advice. He was also sent to the wounded Hull fishermen. This well-intended procedure is causing resentment in the London surgical fraternity as it involves a slight risk. The last case was that of Premier Balfour, who was laid low by a troublesome and tedious affection of the veins of his left leg, although Mr. Balfour had already called in a leading specialist in this particular affection.

Mr. Balfour has looked ill for some time, and his brother, Gerald Balfour, secretary of the board of trade, has never completely recovered from a similar attack. The premier has canceled all public engagements for next month. This, he says, is a relief, but what really worries him is the prospect of not being able to play golf for several months.

Unfortunately, Lady Curzon's condition continues to cause the gravest anxiety. Her long illness, and the application of desperate remedies have wrought terrible havoc on her and she is now watched not less anxiously than at the height of the crisis. The beautiful viscountine lies a complete wreck in a pretty bedroom of Walmer place, whether she was removed from Walmer Castle, as it was feared her convalescence would be retarded by the unsanitary condition of that ancient structure. Her physical health is improving, but the shock and strain she has undergone have undermined her nervous system and she takes little interest in anything going on around her. The doctors hope these symptoms will prove amenable to treatment, but Lord Curzon is quite distraught over this development.

Official pressure has compelled him to fix Nov. 22 for his return to India, and he is unwillingly distracted between competing influences of a public and a private nature.

Before he consented to return he was, in effect, informed that the government did not see any alternative except resignation of the vice-royalty, as grave constitutional questions were involved in his continued absence from India.

**AMERICAN SHOWS ARE DOING WELL IN PARIS**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
PARIS, Nov. 12.—The French press is getting much amusement out of the manifesto issued by M. Benazin, chief of the cabinet of the Due d'Orleans, who purposes to make an Arctic voyage.

"The Duke of Orleans," says the manifesto, "during his annual travels, is careful not to go so far as to cause prolonged absence; he follows with great interest events in France and is always ready to undertake with true Frenchmen those weighty, though glorious, tasks which devolve upon him."

The papers ask what would the duke do if, when frozen up in the Arctic seas, France should suddenly be seized by an irresistible desire to enthrone King Jim, and the writers mocking point out that, when at home in the past, no one rang the prince's doorbell, and it would be too bad if, when called upon, he should be out.

**AMERICAN GIRL WINNING FAME ON PARIS STAGE**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
PARIS, Nov. 12.—Miss Dolores McLean, who considers herself an American girl, has made a success at the Gymnase Theater in "Le Millions American."

She is the first woman of Anglo-Saxon birth to secure a position in the stock company of a Paris theater, and it is a high compliment to her ability, for the managers of the Gymnase pride themselves on the purity of the French that is spoken on their stage.

Miss McLean's mother was Mme. Neica, who was formerly well known as a concert singer in New York. Her father is an English physician, but she was educated in a New York public school and is thoroughly imbued with Americanism.

Last year she played with considerable success at the Folies. She has studied under Raphaël, secretary of the Comédie Française.

**ABBY'S CORONATION IS WINNING GREAT PRAISE**

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1904, by the Press Publishing Co.)  
LONDON, Nov. 12.—Abby's coronation picture is generally eulogized for the success with which he has produced a congruous artistic whole out of so many inharmonious and unpromising elements. It is drawing large crowds to the Hanover gallery, where a detective is constantly on the watch to prevent sketches or photographs being taken. It is to be exhibited for two years throughout the British Isles, after which it is to be taken to Canada, and the King has expressed his great satisfaction on hearing that it is also to be exhibited in the United States.



Miss Julia Whiting,

The Edgar C. Locklands are entertaining today with a reception to several hundred friends for the guest of their daughter, Miss Mary Lockland. Mrs. William T. Bull of New York, who arrived Saturday.

Mrs. Bull is the wife of William T. Bull and will be remembered as the former Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. Bull have a beautiful summer home at Newport and another in Jamestown. It is at the latter fashionable place that the Locklands have a home where they spend their time from May until the time of the "near and yellow leaf." Mrs. Bull and Miss Lockland have been warm friends for years.

The reception today will be followed on Tuesday by a luncheon by Mrs. Emily Kayser at her home. Mrs. Kayser is Mrs. Lockland's mother. Mrs. Kayser is one of the grande dames of the old regime and her handsome Vandyvante place home will be the scene of much gaiety this winter, for she will entertain on a lavish scale for her debutante granddaughter, Miss Caroline Lockland.

Mrs. Kayser has recently returned from Europe where she as a rule spends her summers with her relatives, who have charming villas on the Rhine. Mrs. Kayser and Miss Caroline, during their summer abroad, were entertained by some of the members of Mrs. Kayser's family, who are among the nobility of Denmark and Germany.

All the functions given by the Board of Lady Managers have been particularly handsome with the appointments most complete and grandly elegant, but to meet the ladies at their best, you must drop in afternoons between 4 and 6 o'clock for a cup of tea—and such tea and so delightfully served. Friday after doing the flower show for two hours I walked over to the "house on the hill." It was a long walk and the evening was anything but balmy. Just a few moments in the tea room and one forgot the leaden skies and raw winds. Every one within doors seemed filled with delight at being there, and everyone was so bright and cheerful and had such good things to say. The tea was the kind the Miles had served at his table and in his tea gardens. Miss McBlair at the tea table made a charming picture in her simple black gown and snowy hair, back of the dainty china, silver and steaming samovar. The table was filled with bay-leaf garnishments in a cut-glass bowl. Japanese tea cakes of the most delicate flavor, all sorts of pink and white pretty things good to nibble. Mrs. Manning, Mrs. Montgomery, Miss Dawes and Miss Gould came in after a long drive from the South Side, where they and the other members of the board had been entertained at luncheon by Mrs. Philip North Moore. Mrs. Manning was regal in a pale grey gown of some shimmering material and a long white brocade belt and Irish lace coat and immense white feather cape with wide ends. Miss White and Mrs. Mathews were both in blue silks.

Gen. Miles, Gen. Wyman and Gen. Bates and some of the members of his staff and several members of the Japanese commission (the latter enthusiastic over Miss McBlair's tea brewing). Director and Mrs. Komzak enjoyed a merry half hour. Miss Dawes and Miss Gould assisted with the "tea things" and made everyone comfortable seeing that there was the right amount of sugar and lemon in each cup. One rather timid visitor, seeing the handsome toilettes of Mrs. Manning, Miss Gould and Miss Dawes, hesitated at the door saying she understood the afternoon tea were "not for us, so, don't mind us," said Miss Dawes. "We just come from a beautiful luncheon and there are our good clothes you see." And the guest in the severe tailored gown was at peace.

Dr. and Mrs. John A. James, whose wed- ding in Louisville was one of the most fashionable affairs interesting in the circle of southern and St. Louis friends, will return to St. Louis tomorrow. They will be domiciled in the Buckingham Club for the winter, where they will be at home Fridays in January. Mrs. James, as Miss Virginia May Mathews,

was one of the most attractive girls in Louisville's fashionable circles and St. Louis society is to be congratulated upon its good fortune in securing such a fine set of matrons. Mrs. James is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James L. Mathews.

James and his bride have spent the past fortnight in New York. Their honeymoon was necessarily short as they anticipated taking a European trip next month. Mrs. James' mother was a white singer. Her jewels were pearls. Mrs. and Miss Dawes wore black and white net.

## MARY MANNERS.

The wedding was solemnized at St. Paul's church and the Rev. Dr. Estill of the Rev. Dr. Jones' congregation was Dr. James' best man. The ushers were Messrs. Strother Helm, Mark Mundy, Brent Altman and Arthur Mathews. Miss Mathews had only one attendant, her maid, Mrs. Austin Dupuy Smith of Brooklyn, N. Y., as matron of honor.

Prettiest of all the Board of Lady Managers' functions is pronounced the dancing party given every evening. Glad were the hearts of the one hundred young dancers who trod over the floor of the big dancing room.

Among officers were there in crowds, so were Ex-Senator President Franklin and his dinner party guests who had assembled to honor Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, British ambassador.

President Francis took completely his appointment with the "under-tent" of destruction while he dined with Mrs. Hangard.

Ex-Senator Watson of the British commission Refreshments were served from small chairs.

The receiving line was made up of Mrs. Finis P. Ernest, Mrs. Win. H. Colman, Mrs. Frederick M. Heiger, Mrs. John M. Moore, Mrs. Charles V. Morris, Mrs. W. H. Andrews, Miss Anna F. Davis, Miss Helen Gould.

Miss Ernest's handsome gown of fawn-colored silk net, her jewels were diamonds. Mrs. Coleman was in white net over silk, her beautiful brown hair was rolled high

## WEDDINGS.

A pretty wedding was that of Miss Mary Colombaro and Charles Raggio of Chicago, which took place at the home of the bride, at 2902 Saint Vincent avenue. Miss Ursula Colombaro attended her sister as bridegroom and John Raggio acted as best man. The couple left Mr. Raggio's home in Chicago, where a reception will be given in their honor. Harry Young, Fred Addison, Fred Miller, David Cook.

Mrs. Annie McLean Moore of Mount Pleasant, Tex., member of the Board of Lady Managers, is the guest of Mrs. Belle L. Everett.

Mr. Alexander Pope, the Boston artist, whose wonderful picture, "The Swan," displayed

and decorated with jeweled combs. Mrs. Hanger's gown was of flamed pampas silk, made dancing length in order that it is well. Mrs. Houcome wore an exquisite creation of white panne crepe. Black and white pina cloth was worn by Mrs. Monroe. Andie was in white satin.

Her jewels were pearls. Mrs. and Miss Dawes wore black and white net.

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Rev. John H. May, D. D., the bride's uncle, will officiate in the marriage ceremony.

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Mr. and Mrs. Haburton will leave for the South and from there will go to Los Angeles to reside, where Mr. Haburton is in business.

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Rev. John

## WANTS THE NAVY DOUBLED

Secretary Moody Will Call for  
62,368 Men to Man the Ships  
That Are Now Building.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Secretary Moody will, at its coming session, ask Congress to pass an act to increase the commissioned and enlisted force of the navy. This action is in view of the recent estimates that when all the ships now building for the navy are commissioned it will take about 2007 officers and 62,368 enlisted men to man them, which is more than twice as many men as the present law provides for.

## BUCKET SHOPS ARE WIPE OUT

Bull Movement in Stocks Has Ended Their Opportunity in New York to Nurse Speculators.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—All the bucket-shops have disappeared from Wall street. This is not so much the result of the unending campaign against them by the exchanges, as to the big bull movement. They could not withstand the steady rise in values which had taken place in the last month.

The speculating public is always a bull. It always bets stocks will go up. When they do, as in the present case, the bucket-shops lose money.

The World's Grandest Jewelry Establishment.  
Lowest-Priced House in America for Fine Goods.

## X-MAS OFFERINGS

The best values ever offered; articles that are useful and beautiful, that are especially appropriate for holiday gifts.

Order to-day the article or articles you wish from these specials and they will be sent to you by return mail, charges prepaid.

As assurance for those who do not know the reputation of Mermod & Jaccard's, we wish to say that if the goods received are not all that we claim for them, if they are not absolutely satisfactory to you—return them at our expense and we will return your money.

## Our Signet

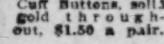
Fountain Pen (as illustrated) with a solid gold pen point complete with clip \$1.



Pen, \$1.25,  
solid silver.



Brooch Pin, \$5,  
solid silver, gold finish.



Cuff Buttons, solid  
gold through out, \$1.50 a pair.

MERMOD & JACCARD'S,  
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

## Beauty Culture Bargains!

Special Sale on  
Mme. Yale's Remedies

Ladies: We are having a special sale each day this week on Mme. Yale's Beauty Culture Specialists and Health Remedies that will surely interest you. Many of you had the pleasure of hearing Mme. Yale lecture last Friday and no doubt you enjoyed beholding what the wonderful Yale Beautifiers have done for her. After attending her talk, you can see what they are capable of doing for you and all womankind. Our personal experience with their remedies has convinced us that they do all and more than what is claimed for them. The demand for them is simply phenomenal, and on the steady increase.

## SKIN FOOD FREE.

Mme. Yale's generous spirit has prompted her to send us a shipment of "Skin Food." Samples for free distribution among her customers; therefore, we shall give a jar containing sufficient for two weeks' treatment with every 15-cent purchase or more this week of Mme. Yale's Remedies.

## Mme. Yale's Almond Blossom Complexion Cream.

This delightful toilet luxury and Skin Beautifier is the realization of all that is exquisite and wonderful for perfecting and preserving the beauty of the skin. It comes in two sizes. Every member of the family can enjoy it. It is a valuable cold cream, skin softener, Skin Food, Skin Remedy, Skin Tonic, Cuts, Bruises, Wounds, old or new, Roughness, Harshness, Infant Skin Affections, Gentleman's use after shaving, and various other purposes too numerous to mention. For 75 cents you can buy a large jar (dollar size) and get a dollar's worth of free samples with the book. We are sending all of Mme. Yale's other remedies at proportionately the same price. We call special attention to

## Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic.

A great deal of money and valuable time are wasted on worthless hair preparations that do more harm than good—why not be on the safe side and use Mme. Yale's wonderful Hair Tonic, that never fails to produce a luxuriant growth of hair. It is equally as efficacious for children as for adults. It stops hair falling in the most rapid manner. Applications yield to it magic-like powers. It is safe to say Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic has been used by more women than all the others. A trial will convince anyone of its vast superiority. Clean, fascinating, gentle—makes the hair soft, fluffy and brilliant as spun silk. Comes in three sizes, 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. We are selling the dollar size for 75 cents this week; a jar of "Skin Food" goes with it. Its purity is guaranteed.

## The Yale Beauty Producers.

Mme. Yale's list of Health Remedies and Natural Beautifiers is so extensive and of such a varied character it is not possible to give newspaper space to their publication. Therefore we call attention to the fact that Mme. Yale has published a wonderful book setting forth the details of her great beautifying system, her various remedies for overcoming physical derangements and the enhancement of personal beauty that cannot fail to interest and benefit all womankind.

## Beauty Books Free.

We shall be pleased to present each lady visiting our Toilet Goods Department with one of Mme. Yale's Beauty Culture Books; please ask for one. Price list of Mme. Yale's specialties contained therein.

## Special Mention.

The Young Ladies in charge of Mme. Yale's Remedies will assist in the selection of the proper remedies to suit the needs of the purchasers.

The Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., Sixth and Washington Av.



spending the week with Mrs. James Duncan of Belmont avenue. Tom Bergens of Trendley avenue departed Saturday for Louisville with relatives in Louisville.

Miss Mrs. Thomas Taaffe of Missouri avenue are visiting relatives in Fairfield, Ill.

Miss Ethel of Gaty avenue is the guest of relatives in Cape Girardeau.

Mr. and Mrs. James Parr of North Twentieth street were for the past week in Chicago and eastern cities. As delegate to the D. O. C. convention, she received much attention while there.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Schwartz of 284 Russell avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Hilda, and L. C. Iells of St. Louis. Mr. and Mrs. Schwartz will be married in the home of the bride Sunday afternoon, Nov. 20.

The Dixie girls were entertained Monday evening by the Mme. Booth Club, Friday evening by the Mme. Booth Club, Saturday evening by the Mme. Booth Club.

The club has been reorganized.

Thanksgiving eve the B'nai El Young People of St. Louis held its annual Thanksgiving ball at Liederman's hall. This society is an auxiliary of the B'nai El congregation which has recently sold its old house of worship and is about to build a new one.

EAST ST. LOUIS  
SOCIETY EVENTS

The marriage of Miss Chrystagne Robinson and John Koen of Kansas City was solemnized at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Reynolds of St. Louis, Saturday at high noon. Rev. Charles C. Wright of the Christian Church read the service. At 4 o'clock dinner was served, after which a reception was given in the home of the bride. The guests: Misses Ella Davanty of St. Louis, A. Stanton, Mrs. John Koen, Mrs. John Koen, Mrs. Mae Kiley of Larne, Kan., Stella Mease, Irene Reynolds, Leah Reynolds, Mandine, Minnes, Joseph Eichels of St. Louis, John Eichels of St. Louis, Louis Koen, Emma Mease, T. E. Austin, St. Charles, R. Cook, Messrs. G. Eichels, A. Snyder, R. Austin, St. Charles, F. E. Austin, St. Charles, Mrs. Eichels, Emma Mease, Mr. and Mrs. George Ripley, T. Reynolds.

Monday evening Miss Lulu Pennell gave a delightful musical at her home in St. Clair avenue. The house was decorated with white and yellow chrysanthemums, white poinsettias and greenery. Guests: Miss Katherine Sullivan, Eva Brocker, Mary Oberding, Cecilia Peet, Nellie Darr, Mrs. Oberding, Alice Davis, Mrs. William Lenz, Bertie Weis, Grace Sillivan, Catherine Downey, Lulu Pennell, Margaret Mulligan, Messrs. Chauncey Wood, Mrs. Solon, E. S. Wagner, William Querner, Horace Darr, Robert Watson, E. Raymond, Charles Eisele, James Brown, William Cashel, Peet, Peet, Arthur Bascom, Howard, Mrs. Robert R. Rouse, Mmes. James Brown, J. James Darr, Thomas Peet, Katie Venell.

Mr. and Mrs. McHale of North Fourth street announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss to Ralph Holliday. The wedding will take place at St. Peter's Church, Nov. 20. Rev. Father Sweeney will perform the ceremony.

Miss Rhoda Brockman of State street entertained members of the Terpsichorean Club Tuesday evening. Those present:

Misses Rose Fletcher, Geneva Hamlin, Rose Butler, Blanche Kirby, Minerva Johnson, Anna Ladd, Julia Tabb, Anna Burke, Julia Burke, Neille Moore, Daisy Bowen, Mrs. F. Beckwith.

Members of the Acme Euchre Club met with Miss Kate Sondas of North Fourteenth street Thursday afternoon. Twelve pairs of euchre were played and at 5 o'clock the usual repast was served. Those present: Mmes. G. Decker, P. Becker, C. Haase, George Roe, F. Du Bois, E. Gutwein, Sonja, Sophie, Marie, Misses Kate Sondas, Lillie Flinn, Mamie Snitker.

Mrs. Henry Liebl of St. Louis was entertained at Progressive club Sunday evening. The prizes were awarded to Miss Clara Wehring, Miss Emma Wehring, Miss Lizzie Liebl, Messrs. L. Liebl, John Liebl, Earl Knapp.

Sen. Thomas H. Carter of Montana, president of the commission, also will be in St. Louis the first of the week to watch the body of arbitration, though he will have no part in its proceedings.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Nov. 10, 1904.

TO SETTLE RIGHT  
TO APPROVE AWARDS

Board of Arbitration Will Be  
Called to End Controversy  
at the World's Fair.

The national commission for the World's Fair and the Louisiana Exposition Company have decided in view of the present state of affairs to settle the dispute, though neither has consented to withdraw one step from the position taken.

The board of arbitration was created for

the act of Congress authorizing the World's Fair, which will be called upon to settle the disagreement.

Two weeks ago World's Fair officials

and the national commission have been engaged in a controversy regarding the right claimed by the commission to ap-

portion the award.

Telegrams have been sent to Senator John M. Thomsen of Nebraska and John M. Allen of Missouri, members of the national commission and of the board of arbitration, notifying them to come to St. Louis. The arbitration will be presided over by Judge Wilbur F. Royle and Charles W. Knapp. In case they cannot agree, a fifth member will be chosen by the government.

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Nov. 10, 1904.

## "HOT AIR" PEDLERS HAVE "COLD FEET"

An Exhibit Cost the Exhibitor  
about \$25,000—  
Take THAT out of the shoes.

Ghost Stories, Signs, Countersigns,  
etc., cost \$15,000—  
Take THAT out of the shoes.

Picnics, Mob Violence and Dreams  
cost \$10,000—  
Take THAT out of the shoes.

Total Cost of a  
"Prize" (?) ..... \$50,000

## Twentieth Century Art Club.

The Twentieth Century Art Club will hold

its first regular meeting at the Washington Hotel at 10 o'clock Monday, Nov. 14.

A special and interesting program has

been arranged.

Last popular Sunday excursion of season

via B. & O. S.W. to Vincennes and intermediate stations Sunday, Nov. 20. Tickets, Olive and Sixth and Union Station.

## IT ALL COMES OUT OF THE SHOES

**THE RETAILER AND CONSUMER PAY THE FIDDLER**

"AWARDS" (?) WERE MADE ON EARLY INSTALLATION, CARPENTER WORK, DESIGN OF BOOTH, ETC.

## THE WORTH AND MERIT OF THE SHOES WERE NOT CONSIDERED

OUR MONEY IS IN THE SHOES—OUR FREE

EXTRA GRAND PRIZE WITH MEDAL ATTACHED  
IS FOR GOOD SHOEMAKING---WATCH FOR THE REAL THING

**WERTHEIMER-SWARTS SHOE CO.**

CLOVER BRAND SHOEMAKERS

LARGEST FINE SHOE EXCLUSIVISTS.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

## TO THE PUBLIC!

We are still offering at our Third Street Store, Third and St. Charles Streets, Exceptional Values in Goldstein-Lang Trunk Company's stock of Trunks, Suit Cases and Bags. COME EARLY.

Goods Must Be Seen to Be  
Appreciated.

**P. C. MURPHY TRUNK CO.**

Established 1860. Third and St. Charles Sts.

Sole Manufacturers of the Patent Perfection Trunk.

**B. & O.**

Royal Blue Trains

WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE,  
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK.

Finest, Fastest and Safest in the World.

Particulars at office B. & O. S.W. R.R.,

Olive and Sixth Sts.

Or address

F. D. GILDERSLEEVE,

Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agt., B. & O. S.W.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Notes.  
Mrs. Vann and daughter of Carterville, Ill., are guests of William Vann of Olive Street. Miss Blanche Spencer of Oraville, Ill.

Miss

# Madame Rejane Will Open the New Garrick Theater December 18

**Announcement From New York Last Night Dispels Uncertainty as to When the New Shubert House Will Open, and Explains the Mystery of Rejane's Infinite Date at the Olympic—She Will Be Here But One Night.**

TWO mysteries in local theatricals are cleared, and a third larger than either of them is created by a telegram which came from New York last night. It is from Asao Tozen Worm, manager of Mme. Gavotte Rejane, the noted French comedienne who is making a short tour of the United States.

Mr. Worm explains away the mystery of the new Garrick Theater's indefinite opening, and also that of Mme. Rejane's unfixed date at the Olympic Theater by announcing that Rejane will play St. Louis but one night, opening the new Garrick Dec. 18.

So, having it settled now that the Garrick is to open Dec. 18, and that Mme. Rejane is really to come to St. Louis, we find ourselves confronted by the greater mystery of why St. Louis is to have one performance, when it has been understood all the time that "the daughter of Paris" would be here a week.

Mr. Worm will have to wire again. We can't think of letting it rest here.

There was a convention of old shows in St. Louis last week. The theaters came so near to making it unanimous that the local playgoer, seeking something new, had to turn to the Columbia, and some of the best money the mints ever made went begging for seats at the variety house. The last few nights in the week late comers could not get into the house with a jingy.

The usual playgoers are holding on until the end of the Fair. They are doing nobly. Their uncomplaining attitude is truly beautiful as a study in forbearance. Even when Deckert went back of the centuries and brought forth that hoary old one about the East St. Louis police force being in sight, and he's looking well, thank you, that whole sum of toleration, the local playgoer, only grimed in a sickly fashion and made no attempt to shoot.

The situation is some improved this week. Ezra Kendall follows the Ham show at the Century with a new play, "Weather Beaten Benson," and Blanche Bates will give a performance of "Hedda Gabler" at the Imperial Thursday afternoon.

The Grand has Nat Wills this week. St. Louis has seen "The Son of Rest," but it is pretty hard to strain at this particular Nat.

Berlin is to have 800 high-class musical concerts this winter. We blust to think of our own total.

"Bird Center" is a dead bird in New York. The Glen McDonough dramatization of John McCutcheon's cartoons made out very well until it reached New York. Gotham looked on it and said, "No." That settled it.

Negotiations are pending with Miss Sullivan Johnson, who has just left James O'Neill, to accept the position of leading lady and it is quite likely that she will be seen in Viola Allen made such a success a couple of seasons ago. The original scenery and many of the costumes have been secured, and it will be as nearly the identical production as it is possible to make it.

Now on the list of attractions comes "Gentlemen of Fortune," and after that "The Christian," and "Japanese Nightingales." These will be followed, but what order has not as yet been determined by "A Gentleman of France," "More Than Queen," "Brother Officers," "The Cavalier," "An Enemy of the King," "Quo Vadis," "Sowing the Wind," "The Price of Peace," and half a dozen other of the recent dramas. "A Midsummer Night's Dream" and possibly one other Shakespearean play will probably be sandwiched in.

William A. Brady's declaration in St. Louis three weeks ago that his wife, Grace George, would be withdrawn from the aftercast of "The Two Orphans" has come to naught, and Miss George will be seen at the Century next week in the part of Louise. When her husband was here he exhibited a telegram from Miss George, in which she said that not all the money in the world could induce her to stay with the company, but it seems that a great deal less than all the money in the world has caused her to change her mind.

"The Girl From Dixie," marked down to a dollar, was the success of last week.

Welsh playgoers at Swansons have a habit of breaking into one of their favorite hymns when they are pleased. A few nights ago, when Sir Henry Irving delighted them until they could no longer sit dumb, they burst forth in song and sang "Cardinal Newman's 'Lead Kindly Light,' with Sir Henry listening with bowed head, from the stage."

"Ben Hur" begins the seventh week of its World's Fair run at the Olympic tomorrow night.

Chicago has found "Weather Beaten Benson" with Ezra Kendall as the star, to be very good entertainment, and the production has had a successful engagement there. Inasmuch as we are much nearer the scene of the story (Oklahoma) than Chicago is, we may be even more at home with it. Mr. Kendall will open here with the opening production. Other members of the company who have been engaged are Thomas MacLarne, who was last seen here with Henry Miller; George D. Parker, who has been with "The Lights of Home" company during its run in New York; W. P. Carleton, Hardee Kirkland, Byron Douglas, Robert Rogers, Frederick Sullivan, Evelyn Vaughn, Lawrence Marston, Little Alter, Louise Mackintosh, Madine Love and C. A. Chandos.

There will be a very short interregnum at the Odeon between the time that Kiraly's Spectacle closes and the Odeon stock company makes its bow to St. Louis. As now contemplated the interval will be but one night, Dec. 5, and this evening will be occupied by the first concert of the Apollo Club. After the stock company takes possession there will be some entertainment like the Apollos, a hot time minister, Metba and other concert attractions each Monday evening.

Miss Blanche Bates, who begins tonight at the Imperial Theater the sixteenth week of her St. Louis run in "The Darling of the Gods," will give a special matinee of "Hedda Gabler" at 2 o'clock next Thursday afternoon.

This affair will be rather a society function, as a great many of the seats have already been subscribed for by members of the local smart set. There is an Olsen cult in every large city, and the Danish playwright seems to have his full quota of admirers in St. Louis.

The piece has been done twice before in this city, once by Miss Flick and once by Nancy O'Neill. On both occasions the play excited quite a bit of argument, both from moral and artistic view points. Indeed, there was so much discussion of Olsen engendered at the time by these performances that the people who had failed to see the play found themselves speechless in interesting conversations at teas and dinners.

A literary woman who lives in this city, and saw Miss Bates do "Hedda Gabler" in Chicago, affirms that the Belasco star perfectly realizes the Olsen character. Miss Bates' attractiveness in the part makes a striking contrast with the soul of "Hedda Gabler," which is not at all beautiful.

The cast includes Albert Bruening, J. Harry Benrimo, Eugene Ormonde, Mrs. F. N. Bates, Miss Leslie Preston and Miss Ruth D. Blake.

Miss Bates' response to a great many requests from the large number of stage folk who are in St. Louis, has decided to make the Belasco professional one, and will extend courtesies to the players in this city. Actors seldom have the opportunity to witness performances by reason of the fact that they are engaged in their own work. By observing an artistic performance by finished players, more than any other way, will the ordinary actor be able to improve upon his own methods. A clever player, too, has much to learn by watching the work of his own associates, and for this reason the Imperial Theater next Thursday afternoon will attract a large element in its audience who will watch the performance with the keenness of technical observers.

The second special matinee to be given by Miss Bates will occur on Thanksgiving Day, and consist of a double bill, including the tragic one-act piece, "Madame Butterfly," by David Belasco, and the comedietta, "My Aunt's Advice," in which Miss Bates has already appeared to advantage here.

"Madame Butterfly" has the reputation in New York of being a play that brings tears to the eyes of the most blasé critics.

Now we shall see Ezra Kendall's new play, "Weather Beaten Benson," which begins its engagement at the Century Theatre this afternoon. Kendall's popularity



WHY THE THEATERS DO NOT HAVE TELEPHONES.

men, and on the occasions when it was presented there the house was invariably filled with the best-known men of the metropolis. It deals with the story of a Japanese girl who has fallen in love with an officer of the United States navy. After she became deeply infatuated with him she discovered that the woman he really cares for is back in his own country, and that he has been merely as a plaything during his service in Japan.

An interesting member of the cast in this play is little Miss Slavin, who is just 1 year old, and, therefore, the youngest actress on the American stage.

Miss Bates' local engagement in "The Darling of the Gods" will come to an end on Saturday, Dec. 3.

Nat Wills will be the attraction at the Grand matinee today in "A Son of Rest." He will have the support of sixty people, forty of them bright girls. In his support are Sylvie Starr, Alter Coen, Moma Wynne, Charles Udel, Edwin Hayes, E. D. Duerdoff, E. Colt Alberton, the midget comedian, Willie Tilden. Among the show girls are Margaret Witt, Madge Melbourne, Georgia Snyder, Maude Elliott, May Harrison, Marie Young and Margaret Miles, said to be a niece of Gen. Miles. There are a number of catchy songs in this farce, as well as parodies on the topical doings of the day. Mr. Wills renders a song that has been found very funny, entitled "Had She Only Let Me Dream An Hour More." There is a dainty love ballad under the title, "Roaming in the Gloaming," a male chorus by a sextette of little Miss Slavin, who is just 1 year old, and, therefore, the youngest actress on the American stage.

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Patrons of the Columbia have a treat in store for them the weekend beginning tomorrow afternoon when Olive May and John W. Albaugh, Jr., appear in Grant Stewart's comedy, "The Girl from Kansas." Direct from many New York successes these young artists have come here, and if all reports are true they are inimitable in their respective lines of work. The scene of the play is laid in Mexico, and the story tells of the misunderstandings, love at first sight, etc., of a bright American girl and an ardent young Mexican. Another feature will be presented by Howard and Emerson, Allen Curtis and company. Their offering is entitled "Comedy Scene from the Paris Exposition." The Nelson-Farnum troupe will have a gaudy acrobatic novelty, which is said to be full of merit and original comedy. Pat Rooney, Alice Bent will be seen in a sketch containing much music and motion. Russell and Locke, in double dancing; Eleanor Falke, singing and dancing comedienne, and the three Rio Brothers, European athletes, are other promising numbers. The complete program includes Lambert and Pierce, "The Two Men in Black;" Wahkund and Tekla, in feats of strength; Warden and Gladdish, illustrated songs; Bennett Sisters, singers and dancers, and the kindred.

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resistance, but the nautical stage picture of the first act and the lighthouse setting of the third act are said to be strong.

Tonight Directress George Heinen, an interesting comedian, "Dove, Lowes des Tages" (The Lion of the Hours) presents that farce-comedy with the full strength of the company and staged by himself. He will have the unctuous part of Pruefer, a chiroptologist, with Mrs. Victoria Webber-Markham as Annastasia, his wife; Hans Loebel, Leona Bergere, Louise Pelleman, Constantine Ackermann, Christian von Stahl, Rudolph Horsky, Vilma von Hohenau and the others in the cast. To Miss Berger the audience looks for the song scenes of the farce, which are always gleefully received. The farce has never been seen here. It is one of those ultra comical conceits which Hugo Wilken has given to the German stage, and which have a good basis of action in spite of the laughable and intricate situations. Tonight's farce will soon be followed by "Platz den Frauen" (Place for the Ladies), the latest work in the farce line, "Heirath auf Probe" (Marriage on Trial) is another comic work which will be soon produced.

Mr. Burton Holmes, who comes to Y. M. C. A. Hall Grand and Franklin avenues, Thursday, Dec. 1, for three lectures, to be given on consecutive Thursdays, has coined the word "travologue" for his lectures. He says that a travologue is not a lecture, but "the gist of a story, ground fine by discrimination, leavened with information, seasoned with humor, fashioned in literary form, and embellished by pictures that delight the eye, while the spoken story charms the ear." The subjects of Mr. Holmes' travologues will be for the first in London, "London of the past and the present." The second subject will be "Beautiful Ireland," a country full of rich nature, and the third will be "Japan." Nearly all the illustrations, moving pictures and colored lantern slides are from photographs made by Mr. Holmes himself. With the former, Mr. Holmes had the assistance of Mr. Oscar B. Depue, his traveling companion.

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## WEATHER WAS CHIEF INFLUENCE

Wheat Market Bullishly Affected by Conditions in North and South America.

CORN HAD GOOD ADVANCE.

A Great Crop of Fine Quality Raised, But Domestic Consumption Enormous.

BY GEORGE D. L. KELLEY.

Bullish conditions have been sufficiently important and impressive to create sentiment favorable to buying and enlist speculation on that side of the market, besides warming the shorts, finally frightening them into covering their sales, so that it has actually been their buying that caused the advance that was made in wheat. The broad general speculation that was so much in evidence last week, and was carrying prices far above a dollar has been entirely lacking. Speculation continues confined chiefly to the speculations of the grain exchanges of the principal cities. Such speculation does not stand for any maintained advance or decline, but is prompted when the longer and more drawn out than the prints, which usually occurs when the longs liquidate on a break or the shorts on a bulge. This past week the bears did not liquidate. It may be that the two are neutral.

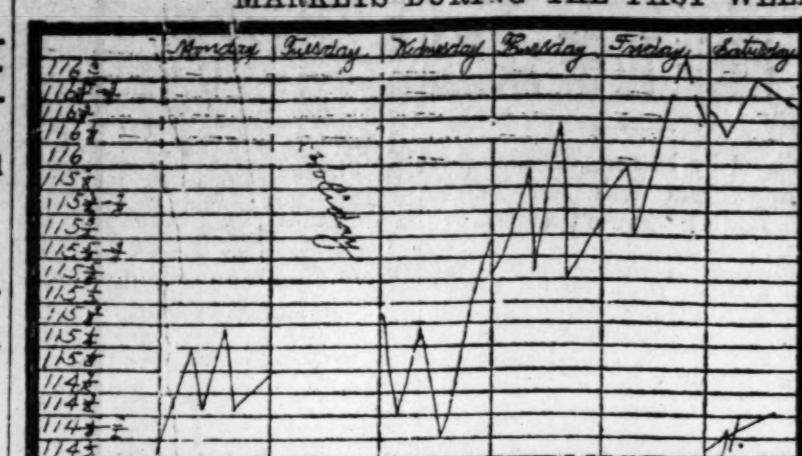
Weather conditions have been the most important factor in which direction either the fall-planted wheat crop of North America and too much wet weather for the crop that is rapidly nearing harvest in South America, has been the prime factor in the former and the quality, if not the quantity, of the latter was too much for the buyers to take into account when both in buying. The Mexican fly, present in the winter wheat of North America was another factor in the market favorable to the short position in the winter wheat in the Liverpool market, where Argentine weather conditions created enough alarm to cause the short position to take on a vigorous character. This too was largely for short account. The foreign scare over Argentine's prospective wet or delayed harvest was not to be considered in the English markets. Antwerp, a market that usually is quickly affected by Argentine crop reports, was not disturbed by the bad weather reported in that country. This inclines one to believe that the North American crop reporters, who were sent to that country, did not find its crop conditions, have been getting in some of the expert crop-killing work they were as bad as in the United States. Both and Manitoba last summer. Friday's Liverpool cable stated that the trade generally did not credit the cable reporting serious frost damage.

When it comes to the supply and demand situation, the conditions are more bullish than they have been for some time past. The movement to market has been smaller in winter and spring wheat, but the demand for the winter wheat, enlargement or increased pressure and supplies continue to increase steadily. This includes the new crop, which is now in. The Chicago Trade Bulletin reports 25,000 bushels increase last month in the world's stores of which 15,000 bushels are in North America, and last month showed the increase during same month last year. For the first week in November our visible increased 1,000 bushels, while the overall 1,000,000 bushels less increase than for same week last year, but that week the increase was principally in amount on the part of the eastern states, while 500,000 bushels through shipments from Duluth and other lake markets, where this year it was chiefly in eastern markets, the increase there 1,420,000 bushels, more than doubling the primary increase of the year taken from the markets' stocks for that period. There was much less wheat this year than in 1903. And receipts this year were much smaller than the year before.

It is the lessened milling requirements that has caused the price to move up. The new crop coming in a very meager way, high premium prices paid at the markets to secure supplies so light the current and stock supplies little concern grade, any day of the year. Thus conditioned with a spell of rain, gave the corn bulls their chance at the short interest in the market, and after a brief stay, they left for that interest caused a considerable advance, more especially in the December option, which naturally moved upward by the second supply contract. Prices are now for a free movement of both old and new corn, the higher prices having power to attract to the market, and to return to favorable weather for marketing is promised. Demands for the actual corn are not large enough to absorb all the surplus offerings, so domestic requirements are far from a winter consumptive basis and export business continues small. The market is still in a position to continue to purchase freely at America's price, which is considerably higher than a year ago, though the crop this year is 200,000 bushels less than the previous year, and should be more plentiful on the 1904 crop than that of 1903.

Latest information from the department of agriculture goes to show that a corn crop was rather poor this year, that was received among the best of the country. More than that, it was one of the best

## RANGE OF PRICES IN ST. LOUIS MARKETS DURING THE PAST WEEK



## IMPROVED DEMAND IN LOCAL STOCKS

Sales Are Heavier and Prices Higher Than in Many Weeks Past.

Business on the local stock exchange the past week showed some signs of an improving demand. The sales recorded showed an increase in volume of those of the preceding week, and prices on the general list closed the week at a higher level of values. Some indications of a more liberal inquiry from outside sources than has recently been noticeable were apparent in the latter part of the week and brokers report a slight improvement in the speculative inquiry. The general opinion on the street for some time past has been that with the elimination of the election as a market factor, that greater improvement would be experienced. The improvement noted in prices during the week, and especially during the period following election, indicate a desire of a gradual improvement is the correct one. And the opinion in financial circles is that in the future the market will be more active in its operations and unless the unforeseen should happen, that an appreciation in local values should continue for some time to come.

With the change apparent in the general conditions relative to the securities markets, and the favorable features of the situation, the market is expected for some weeks past are still prevalent.

Money rates locally and generally remain exceedingly easy in spite of the recent rise in the discount rate. Local bankers report a fair inquiry for loans, but interest rates show practically no change. The most favorable feature of the financial situation is the continued heavy and increasing bank clearings. The clearings last week locally were record破紀錄的. The indications are that these will be surpassed this week. This is a strong indication of a healthy condition of the banking system and a market strikingly prosperous condition existing in business locally and in the territory contiguous to this city.

There will be a fine demand for the great and good crop if speculation does not drive away foreign demands by the export market, according to financial men.

Domestic requirements are so enormous

that they can easily get away with an ordinary-sized crop.

The market is so strong that it is

difficult to hold it down.

Money rates remain extremely favorable, and prices have been well maintained around the high level recently established. The combination of a strong market factor and a strong upward movement to prevail. Many holders of securities had looked for a wider opening on the market, but the market did not occur, but the conservative opinion is that the technical position of the market was not strong enough to sustain the high level, noted above. It would have been the case had the advance suddenly been of such proportion as to have driven out of the market all but the strongest, which may have been looking towards the market over the election.

There will be a fine demand for the securities markets remain exceedingly favorable.

Railroad earnings continue to show healthy condition, and the market is giving the net returns.

Traffic officials report an exceedingly heavy freight movement in all sections of the country and in the South and Southwest the traffic is that from corn and cotton crops will be nearly

if not record-breaking.

Reports from the market recently have not shown up favorably as in the West and Southwest, are now showing striking improvement, and an increasing freight movement.

Railroads entering St. Louis show the most gratifying returns of any of the leading systems, and the earnings in the South and Southwest were never better.

Opening sales in transit receipts on Monday were made at \$4500, but by the later trading day the price was \$5000, and the price was carried up to \$5500. United Railways preferred was in excellent demand throughout the week, and on liberal purchases advanced from \$650 to \$700, and the close was at this figure. United Railways 4s, although in light inquiry, showed an appreciation of one point on sales between \$50 and \$55.

GO TO GOLDFIELD

Shipments \$200, to \$5,700 per car. Goldfield Bar Co. owners of 100 acres, 1000 feet above sea level, founders' shares \$50. Award statements. Lansford Butler, Secy., 506 Mack Blk., Denver, Colo.

## BUYS AMERICAN FISHERIES

BEIJINGHAM, Wash., Nov. 13.—At the receiver's sale today the property of the Pacific American Fisheries Co., representing 1,000,000 acres of land, 1000 feet above sea level, was sold for \$200,000, paid by W. A. Peters, an attorney of Seattle, for interests which he refused to disclose. It is estimated that the company under decree of the Federal Court of Washington and Alaska, had no bidders at the upset or minimum price of \$500,000. Accordingly, the sale was postponed until Dec. 10 in this city.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething produces natural quiet sleep.

## CELLA COMMISSION CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

CAPITAL \$250,000.00, FULLY PAID.

Grain, Provisions, Cotton, Stocks and Investment Securities.

ORDERS EXECUTED BY MAIL OR TELEGRAPH. OUR BOOK OF STATISTICS AND SPECIAL MARKET LETTER MAILED FREE.

200 N. FOURTH ST.  
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## International Lumber and Development Co.

210-211 ODD FELLOWS BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

BOOKS NOW OPEN FOR SUBSCRIPTION.

8% GUARANTEED DIVIDENDS.

25% TO 35% ESTIMATED.

The International Lumber and Development Company owns 238,000 acres of land, free and clear of all incumbrances, located in the State of Campeche, Mexico, and engaged in the commercial production of mahogany, cabinet, dyewoods, etc., also engaged in the production and sale of mahogany, cedar, rosewood, logwood, etc., standing on its land; all of which is very profitable. (Last Year the United States bought 59,015,551 pounds of crude rubber and 2,222,900 pounds of Mexican coffee, and cannot raise a pound thereof. The United States, of all the great consuming nations of the world, consumes over one million dollars (\$1,000,000) worth of tropical products daily.)

## WHAT THE COMPANY OWNS

### FREE AND CLEAR OF ALL INCUMBRANCES.

288,000 acres of land, valued at - - - - - \$2,880,000  
Mahogany, Cabinet, Dyewoods, etc., valued at - - - - 10,276,500  
Railroad, Improvements, Live Stock, Machinery, etc., valued at 255,070

\$13,411,570

450 WORKMEN ARE EMPLOYED ON THIS PROPERTY

A Cargo of 900 Tons of MAHOGANY Is now en route from this Estate to New York City.

## OUR PROPOSITION:

The International Lumber and Development Company offers for sale a limited number of the shares of its capital stock at par value, payable in monthly installments of \$ per month, and guaranteed an annual dividend of \$ per share payable semi-annually. The Company reserves the right to increase the annual dividend of \$ per share at any time without notice. Our land is deeded in trust to the United Security Life Insurance and Trust Company of Philadelphia, to be held for the protection of the purchasers of our shares. As more and more of our land under cultivation becomes productive, it is estimated the dividends will increase year after year, above the \$ per cent guaranteed until it pays a dividend of 25 per cent to 35 per cent on each share.

We Will Accept Applications for One Share. Payable \$5.00 a Month.

## 8% GUARANTEED DIVIDENDS

As \$ per cent dividend payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st of each year, is guaranteed on the payments made in the purchase of our stock. Interest commences when first payment is made. Dividend checks are attached to contracts for stock, which can be cashed when due. There is enough marketable lumber, Spanish cedar, rosewood, logwood, etc., standing on the land, valued at net price in New York City, and other sources of revenue sufficient to pay our guaranteed dividends for 30 years.

## VALUE OF SHARES AFTER MATURITY

It is estimated that after the present development contract matures, the plantation will be paying an average annual profit on each share of stock, at the lowest estimate of \$100, and each share will then be worth not less than \$1000, which is equal to an investment of \$1000 at 5 per cent, or \$1000 at 10 per cent.

## A SHARE OF STOCK REPRESENTS 14 ACRES

AND IS EQUIVALENT TO A FIRST MORTGAGE BOND.

This Company has only 26,000 shares of stock and 238,000 acres of land, hence, each share represents over 14 acres of land, and is the first and only claim upon it, thus making a share of our stock equivalent to a first mortgage bond. We have no watered stock and can never have any, as a Trust Company has charge of the lands.

## LIKE ENTERPRISES SUCCESSFULLY CARRIED OUT

The practical management of this Company is now bringing to successful maturity a large plantation in Mexico with headquarters in Chicago, and with headquarters in Philadelphia. In one of these Companies the stockholders have received 48 per cent in dividends, and in the other 37 per cent in dividends. This stock is over \$50 per share above par, and is increasing in value rapidly.

For Particulars and Full Information Address MATHEWS & MOORE, General Agents.

REGISTERS: GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.  
TRUSTEES: UNITED SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.  
DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY, Wilmington, Del.  
PRESIDENT, JUDGE W. H. ARMSTRONG, EX-UNITED STATES RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.  
VICE-PRESIDENT, COL. A. K. MCCLURE, FORMER EDITOR PHILADELPHIA TIMES.  
C. M. McMAHON, Secy-Treas.

R. L. MAUPIN,  
President.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

J. A. NORTON,  
Secretary.

## THE NORTH AMERICAN INVESTMENT COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES, ST. LOUIS, MO.

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS OCTOBER 31, 1904.

### ASSETS.

Missouri State Deposit.....	\$300,000.00
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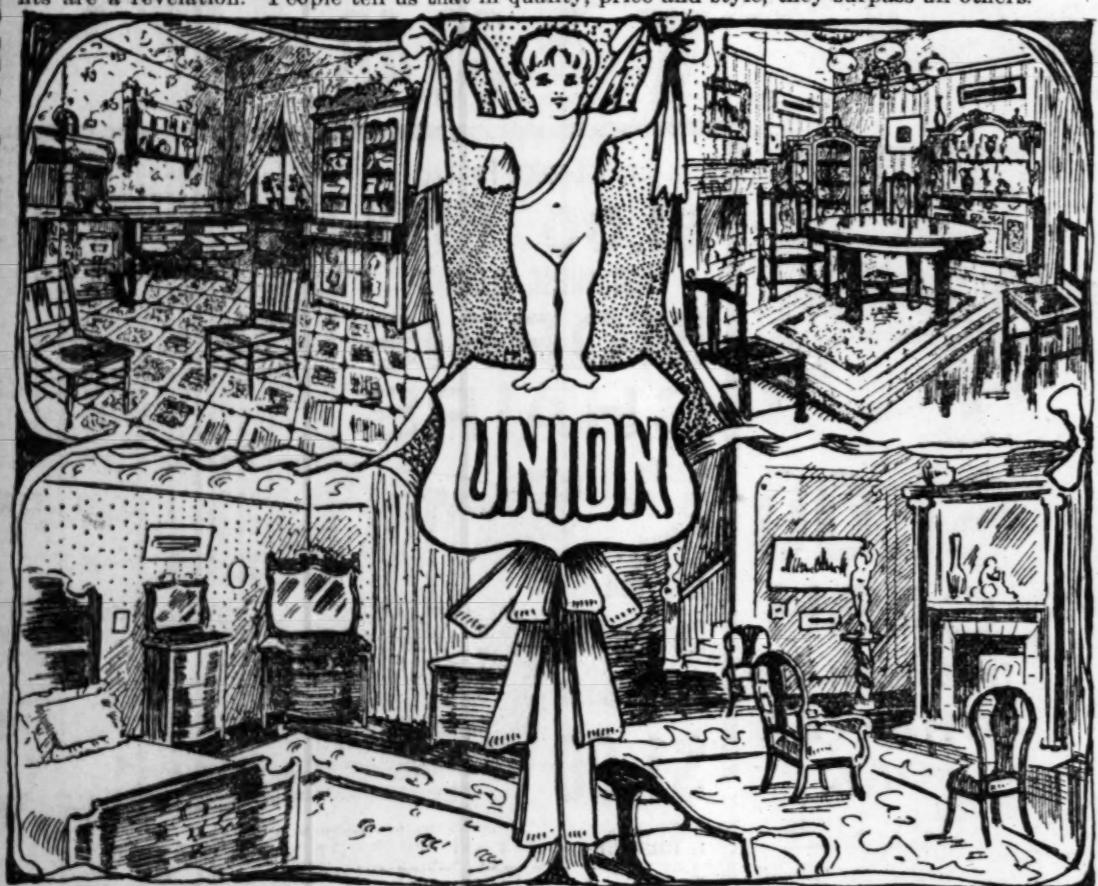


Free to Brides!

A handsome gift free to every bride calling at the store and presenting her marriage certificate dated in the month of November, 1904.

## Thanksgiving! the Brides' Hour.

The time that shows the result of a season's campaign—the effect of the darts plied by Cupid, with unerring aim during the "good old summer time." It is also the Union's hour to make you a cozy, comfortable home. We know other firms make well-founded assertions, but when it comes to quality, price, terms and liberal treatment, we defy all competitors. We make it wonderfully easy for young folks to go to housekeeping—in price and credit terms, the small amount paid down. Convenient payments, and liberal treatment extended to you. Our complete Room Outfits are a revelation. People tell us that in quality, price and style, they surpass all others.



FOR \$4.00 CASH

FOR \$2.00 CASH

Three Rooms Furnished for \$6.

We will furnish your Bedroom and Kitchen completely furnished \$1.25 a week. See the complete 2-room outfit we offer at \$47.50 on these easy terms.

Steel Ranges and Heating Stoves

\$1.00 CASH

BALANCE ON EASY TERMS OF 50¢ TO \$1.00 A WEEK

BLUE TRADING STAMPS FREE WITH EVERY PURCHASE.



BLUE TRADING STAMPS FREE WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

CASH OR CREDIT

FRANKLIN AVE AND 8TH ST.

E. CORNER

OUT OF THE HIGH-RENT DISTRICT.

## AMUSEMENTS.

## AMUSEMENTS.

MEET ME AT THE TYROLEAN ALPS  
THE \$1,000,000 ATTRACTION THAT HAS MADE THIS FAIR.  
KOMZAK-BENDIX  
AND THE WORLD'S GREATEST ORCHESTRA  
GREAT LUECHOW-FAUST RESTAURANT.  
Monthly tickets to Alps, \$2.00; weekly tickets, \$1.00.



We have a large lot of attractive bonds and other securities.

Will be pleased to send you list of these offerings on application.



A Day May Tell.

Business saving time you have the assurance of satisfactory returns in advertising for office or domestic help through Post-Dispatch wants.

## BROKEN HEART

SPECIAL TODAY THE GREAT EGYPTIAN JUNGLE.

Broken Heart, 10 S. Broadway, near Southern Hotel.

Over 8 miles of mirrors, 6000 lights.

Open daily from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Broken Heart, admission free to all; police guides.

Also Kid McCoy vs. Peter Maher; the Great Fight; also Kid McCoy vs. Peter Maher; also the Pole Dancers in Songs, Dances and Funny Sayings.

GERMAN THEATER.

OLYMPIC TONIGHT.

"DER LOEWE DES TAGES"

(The Lion of the Hour.)

LOTS OF FUN MUSIC AND DANCE.

In Preparation—"Plais des Femmes."

"Heirath auf Probe."

HOTELS.

TO SUCCESSFULLY SEE THE FAIR,

Don't be afraid to go to THE OLYMPIC HOTEL (cor. Hamilton and Maple Ave.),

overlooking Fair, convenient to all parts of city.

"The Lion of the Hour."

MAGNIFICENT HOTEL (cor. Hamilton and Maple Ave.).

overlooking Fair, convenient to all parts of city.

Rooms direct from Union Station.

Eighteenth st. cars, transfer to "Page,"

direct to hotel. Rooms, single or en suite,

up and up. All rooms have heating apparatus.

W. F. WILLIAMSON, Manager.

## AMUSEMENTS.

COLUMBIUMA  
Sixth & St. Charles Sts., Nov. 14.

Continuous Vaudeville

1:30 TO 10:30 DAILY.

Olive May and J. W. Albaugh, Jr.

The Popular Dramatic Stars, in Grant Stewart's "The Girl from Kansas."

Howard, Emerson, Curtis &amp; Co.

In "Comedy Scenes from the Paris Exposition."

NELSON-FARNUM TROUPE,

Sensational Acrobatic Novelty.

PAT ROONEY &amp; ALICE BENT,

The Clever Son of a Famous Father in a Sketch full of Music and Motion.

RUSSELL &amp; LOCKE,

America's Leading Singers and Dancers.

ELEANOR FALKE,

Dame of Singing and Dancing Comedienne.

THE GREAT 3 RIO BROTHERS,

European Athletes in Wonderful Feats.

LAMBERT &amp; PIERCE,

The Black-Face Comedians.

WAHLUND &amp; TEKLA,

In Marvelous Feats of Strength.

WORDEN &amp; GLADDISH,

With Illustrated Songs.

BENNETT SISTERS,

Singers and Dancers.

THE KINODROME,

Life of Napoleon.

15c-30c-50c

ORCHESTRA CHAIRS (Reserved), 75c.

Patents Obtained. Patent Law Exclusively. Dugdale, Longan &amp; Hopkins

## AMUSEMENTS.

## AMUSEMENTS.

## OLYMPIC EVENINGS AT 8

Wed. &amp; Sat. Mats. at 2

(No Sunday Performances of Ben-Hur.)

## LAST TWO WEEKS

KLAU &amp; ERLANGER, Inc.

GEN. LEW WALLACE'S

## BEN-HUR

Dramatized by William Young.

Music by Edgar Stillman Kelley.

## The Greatest of All Stage Pageants

350—PEOPLE—350

## LAST PERFORMANCE OF BEN-HUR

SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 26.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26—VIOLA ALLEN.

## AMUSEMENTS.

## AMUSEMENTS.

"Ezra Kendallized"—A new, distinct and delightful sensation which will follow a visit to the Century Theater this week.

## CENTURY THEATER TWICE TODAY

This Afternoon, Tonight and all Week,

LAST PERFORMANCES NEXT SUNDAY.

HIM YOU KNOW

HIM YOU KNOW

EZRA KENDALL

IN THE NEW PLAY

## Weather-Beaten Benson

LIEBLER &amp; CO'S MANAGEMENT.

REGULAR MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

"The best play in which Mr. Kendall has been seen"—Chicago Tribune.

## CENTURY THEATER—Monday Night, Nov. 21.

The Greatest Cast Ever Organized for a Season's Tour.

Nine Famous Stars Receiving Fabulous Salaries.

JAMES O'NEILL GRACE GEORGE  
LOUIS JAMES J. E. DODSON  
JAMESON LEE FINNEY MRS. LE MOYNE  
CLARA MORRIS SARAH TRUAX  
ELITA PROCTOR OTIS

Will Present the New Amsterdam Theater, New York, Revival of the Greatest Play Ever Written,

## THE TWO ORPHANS

(LIEBLER &amp; CO., Managers.)

In many ways the most dramatic achievement of this generation—N. Y. Herald.

SPECIAL MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY.

Seat Sale Starts Thursday, Nov. 17th,

PRICES—50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50,

Mail orders for seats, when accompanied by remittance and stamped envelope, promptly attended to.

## IMPERIAL TENTH AND PINE

50c to \$1.50

LAST THREE WEEKS IN ST. LOUIS.

12:30 TIME  
HERE TONIGHT.

DAVID BELASCO

PRESENTS

BLANCHE

## BATES

## IN THE DARLING OF THE GODS

A DRAMA OF OLD JAPAN.

BY DAVID BELASCO AND JOHN LUTHER LONG.

TONIGHT AT 8. SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2

SPECIAL MATINEE THURSDAY

## MISS BATES IN "HEDDA GABLER"

## HAVLIN'S

25c MATINEES

TUESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY.

The theater where you see the best shows for little money.

Meet all our matinees in the city pass the door.

Night Price

15c, 25c,

35c and 50c

No Higher

IN

ACROSS THE PACIFIC

SUNDAY MATINEE NEXT—James J. Corbett, in "Pals."

## GRAND

MATINEE TODAY,

25, 35, 50c, 25c and 50c

NIGHT PRICES, 25, 35, 50, 75, \$1.

BROADHURST AND CURRIE PRESENTS THE Unique Comedian

NAT M. WILLIS

AND HIS CLEVER COMPANY

60 of 60

A SON OF REST

His Parodies as Only Willis Can Sing Them

20-SONG HITS-20 BEAUTY CHORUS-40

THE REAL AMERICAN BEAUTY SHOW.

Next Sunday Matinee—GEORGE SIDNEY. "BUSY IZZY."

Last

2

Weeks

## BOER WAR

Under the Direction of Frank E. Fills

DAILY AT...

1:00, 3:30

7:30

Genl. Cronje.

Genl. Viljoen.

700 Boer and British Regiments

during 3 Famous Battles

## CRAWFORD THEATER

14th and Locust.

## THE SENSATIONAL MELODRAM

## THE MIDNIGHT EXPRESS

REALISTIC AND STARTLING.

35c—MATINEES TUES., THURS., SAT.—25c

NEXT—"THOU SHALT NOT KILL."

## TAKE A TRIP ON THE GREAT MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

See the Eads Bridge, St. Louis River Front and Jefferson Barracks.

THE MAMMOTH EXCURSION STEAMER "CITY OF PROVIDENCE"

Leaves Daily at 9:30 A. M. Returns at 1:00 P. M.&lt;/



## HUMAN INTEREST

 There are but few people who cannot find something of absorbing interest in today's want directory.  
Post-Dispatch "Want" Ads are Opportunities.

PART FOUR.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 13, 1904.

## One Attractive Thing

About a want ad is that it may be read and considered in one minute—but it may save hours of your time in filling a want.  
HAVE YOU READ THE WANTS TODAY?

PAGES 1-8B

## MR. DOOLEY ON THE COLLEGE PROFESSOR WHO TALKS TOO MUCH.

*Philosopher Concludes His Loquacity Is Harmless, Since the Post-Graduate Course in the University of the World Is What Really Makes the Man.*

By FINLEY PETER DUNNE  
(Copyright, 1904, by McClure, Phillips & Co.)

"ELL, sir," said Mr. Dooley, "it must be a gran' thing to be a collidge pro-fissor."

"Not so much to do," said Mr. Hennessy.

"But a gr-eat deal to say," said Mr. Dooley. "Ivry day th' minyit I pick up me pa-per afther I've read the criminal an' other pollytikal news, th' spoortin' news, th' rale estate advertisements, th' invitaytion fr'm th' cultured foreign gent to meet an American lady iv some means, object a matter/iv more money, th'



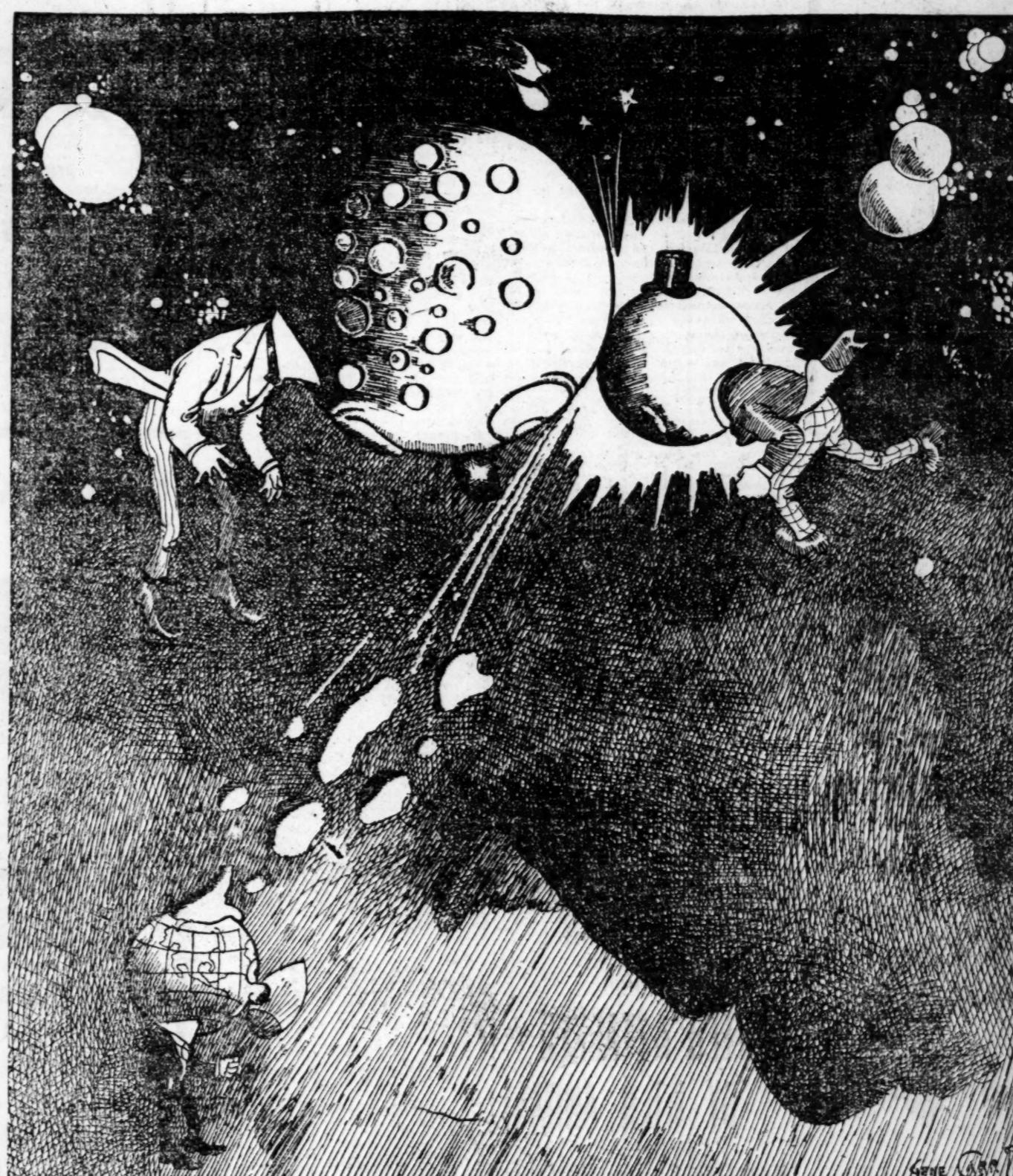
"Th' American people ar'e all gettin' to be Indians again."

spoortin' news over again, thin th' idioticals, I hasten to find out what th' collidge pro-fissor had to say yesterdah. I wisht th' iditor wud put it in th' same column iv th' pa-aper ivry day. Thin he wudden't have to collect anny other funny column. 'Humorous: Profissor Wind-haul iv Harvard makes a savidge attack on Abraham Lincoln.' As it is, I sometimes have to hunt through th' pa-aper

fr'm th' Newport scandal on page wan to th' religious notes on page two hundherd an' four befor I come across me fav'rite funny sayin's iv funny fellows.

"I've been collictin' these wurruds iv wisdom fr'r a long time, Hinnissy, an' I'm now prepared to deliver ye a sample collidge lecture on all subjicks fr'm th' creation iv th' wurruld: 'Young gintlemen: I will begin be sayin' that I have me doubts about th' vayous stories constrain' in th' creation iv the wurruld. In th' first place, I dismiss with a loud laugh th' theory that it was created in six days. I cud make such a poor wurruld as this in two days with a scroll saw. Akelly preposterous is th' idea that it wasn't made at all, but grew up out iv nawthin'. Me idee is that th' wurruld is a chunk iv th' sun that was chipped off be a collison with th' moon, cooled down an' advertised fr'r roomers. As to its age, I differ with th' Bible. Me own opinyon iv th' age iv th' arth is that it is about 28 years old. That is as far as I go back.'

"Speakin' iv th' Bible, it is an in-threstin' wurruld, but th' English is poor. I advise all iv ye not to injure ye'er style be readin' th' prisint editions, but if ye want rale good English, ye will read th' Bible translated into Hoosier dialect be Profissor Lumsum Jiggs iv th' University iv Barry's Corner, wan iv our gr-eatest lithraachors, whose loss to th' sody-wather business was a glorious gain to relligion'an' lethers. If ye want to make a comparison to show ye how lithraachor has improved, compare th' wurrucks iv Homer an' Jiggs. Homer nodded. He never nodded to me, but he nodded. But has Jiggs nodded! Niver. He hasn't time. He is on his four thousandth book now an' has learned to wurrulk a second typewriter with his feet. Read Jiggs an' f'get about Homer. As fr'r Shakespere, he is a dead wan. Th' opinyon I have iv Shakespere is so low that I will not express it befor ladies. I ain't sayin' that his wurrucks have not been pop'lar among th' vulgar. An' he might have amounted to something if he had been ijacated, but his language is base an' he had no imagi-



"Me idee is that th' wurruld is a chunk iv th' sun that was chipped off be a collison with th' moon, cooled down an' advertised fr'r roomers."

nation. I guess that will hold Bill fr' awhile. Th' gr-eatest potes th' wurruld has projuced are Ransom Stiggs an' J. B. Mulcoo iv Keokuk. Th' Keokuk school iv pothry has all others badly stung. J. B. Mulcoo has discovered more rhymes fr'r dear thin Al Timnyson iver heerd iv.

"Me opinyon iv pollyticks, if ye shud ask me fr'r it, is that we might as well give up th' experiment. A government founded be an ol' farmer like George Wash'nton an' a job printer like Ben Franklin was bound to go down in roon. It has abandoned all their ideels, which was a good thing, an' made worse wans. Look at Lincoln. There's a fellow ivrybody is always crackin' up. But what did he amount to? What did he do but carry on a war, free th' slaves an' run this misrable countrhy? But who asked him to free th' slaves? I didn't. A man utterly lackin' in principle an' sinse iv humor, he led a mob an' was contrubled be it. An' who ar-re th' mob that direct this countrhy? A lot iv coarse, rough people who ar-re sawin' up lumber an' picklin' pork an' who never had a thought iv th' Higher Life that makes men aspire to better things and indigestion. They ar-re ye'er fathers an' mine, young gintlemen. Can I say worse than that? An' to think iv th' likes iv them runnin' this governmint! By Jove, if I had raymimbered las Choosah that it was ilction day, I'd have larned fr'm me milkman how to vote an' gone down to th' br's an' driven them fr'm power. We're

years at laste, we'll all be livin' in wickey-ups an' scalpin' each other. With these few remarks, let us inquirers fr'r knowledge go out an' commit suicide on th' futball field. Ruh-ruh-ruh-ruh! Bazzzy-bazoo, Tufts!"

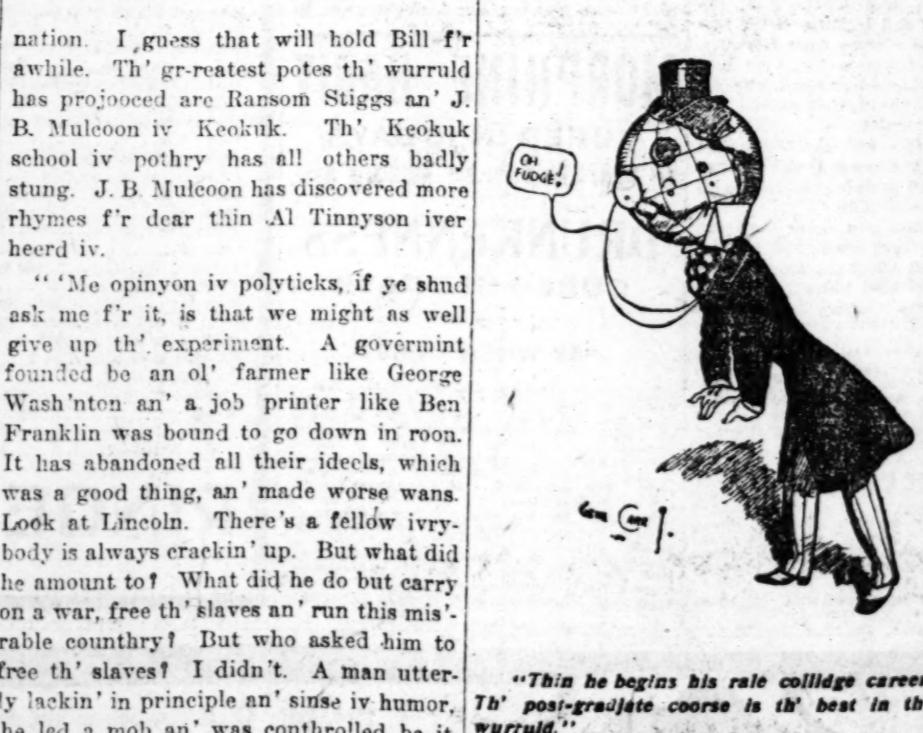
"I like it, Hinnissy. What I like most about it is that a collidge pro-fissor never speaks fr'm impulse. He thinks ivrything out thurly befor announcein' his opinyon. Th' theory iv me larned frind



"If he don't remember it th' nex' time he is asked, som' prof-essor gives him a thump on th' head."



"Th' idea struck him at breakfast while he was eatin' his prunes."



"Th' he begins his rale collidge career. Th' post-graduate course is th' best in th' wurruld."

wan consolation about it all: Th' countrhy won't last long. I noticed th' other day it had begun to crack. Whin it sinks, ye-ers thurly will be near th' edge ready to jump off. Annyhow, it don't matter much. Th' American people ar'e all gettin' to be Indians again. Walkin' down today I observed twenty-two people who looked to me like Indians. Nex' week I intind to verify me conclusions by buyin' a picture iv an Indian. But I'm intirely convinced that in three or four

down in Rockyellar's collidge that very soon ye'd see me r-rushin' down Archey Road with a tommyhawk in me hand thryin' to thrade off a pony fr'r a wife an' a wife fr'r a bottle iv wood alcohol, didn't leap out iv his gr-eat brain in a scandalous hurry. He pondered it long an' carefully. Th' idee struck him at breakfast while he was eatin' his prunes an' did not machure till he was half through with th' ham an' eggs. So with Professor Windhaul. He didn't land on Lincoln till he was sure iv his ground. He first made inquiries an' found out that there was such a man. Thin he looked fr'r his name among th' gradjates iv Harvard. Thin he bumped him. It's a good thing Lincoln was dead before he was assaulted. He never wud have survived th' attack.

"It's a fine thing fr'r th' young men who set at th' feet iv these larned docks. A little boy is chased away fr'm home an' enthers wan iv these here seminaries. He was licked yesterdah fr'r neglectin' to scrub below th' chin, but to-morrah he will be cheerin' wildly while Professor Bumpus tells him univarsal suffrage was a bad break. If he has a weak chest an' can't play fut-ball, he goes on imbibin' wisdom until he arrives at th' dew pint, whin his alma mather hurls him at th' onfortchnit wurruld. He knows fifty thousan' things, but th' on'y wan iv them that he cud prove is that Heffelfinger was a gr-eat fut-ball player. Thin begins his rale collidge career. Th' post-gradjate coarse is th' best in the wurruld. Th' entrance fee is all he has. Th' wurruld takes it away fr'm him th' minyit he tries to apply his collidge pro-fissor's idea that undher th' doctrine iv probabilities two pair ought to beat three iv a kind. He hasn't on'y wan new pro-fissor, but twenty millyon, old an' young, rich an' poor, men an' women, especially women. He can't shirk his lessons. He has to be up in th' mornin' bright an' early larnin' an' passin' examinations. He's on'y told annything wanst. If he don't raymimber it th' nex' time he is asked, some pro-fissor gives him a thump on th' head. Annytime he don't like his dear ol' alma mather, he can't quit. Th' wurruld ain't advartisin' fr'r anny students. It has no competitors an' th' lists are always full. Th' coarse lasts fr'm wan to sixty years an' it gets harder to'rd th' commencemint day. If he's a good scholar an' behaves himself an' listens to th' pro-fissors an' wurrucks hard, he can gradjate with honors. In anny case, he is allowed to write out his own diploma. He knows best what he is entitled to."

"If ye had a boy, wud ye send him to collidge?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "at th' age whin a boy is fit to be in collidge, I wudn't have him around th' house."

**SUED BY TURKISH WIFE.**  
Husband of Helen Boehlan Is Accused of Bigamy.

MINICH, Nov. 12.—Ared-Els-Rascht, who 15 years ago married the famous German writer, Helen Boehlan, deserting his first wife, whom he had married in Turkey, is now being sued for bigamy in

the local courts by his Turkish wife. The case is attracting great interest not only because of the connection of the famous writer with the case, but also for the reason that Ared, being a Mahomedan, is supposed, before the laws of his country, to have a right to practice polygamy, although he has led for 15 years a happy life with a single wife. The judges in the case under consideration and their decision is awaited with interest by the public.

AAA!

THE SIGN OF QUALITY

## GAME OR FOWL SHEARS At \$2.50 to \$6.50



A bright idea—one that is meeting with great favor with all who like to have their table appointments as perfect as possible.

**A Table Shears**—to cut the joints or wings of fowl—made of fine steel, with nickel-plated, gold-plated, celluloid or pearl handles.

What a charming gift this would be for some friend or relative—a gift that would be appreciated, for it combines the greatest utility with extreme novelty.

We show a larger variety of these goods than any other house in America, and at the fairest prices—\$2.50 to \$6.50.

**A. J. JORDAN CUTLERY CO.,  
417 N. Broadway.**

Our New Holiday Catalogue No. 6,  
will be mailed free on request.

# SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

# CUTICURA SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purer of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair, ever compounded.

### CURED OF ECZEMA BY CUTICURA

I had suffered terrible agony and pain for eight long years from a terrible eczema on the scalp and face. The best doctors were unable to help me, and I had spent a lot of money for many remedies without receiving any benefit. My scalp was covered with scabs, my face was like a piece of raw beef, my eyebrows and lashes were falling out, and sometimes I felt as if I was burning up from the terrible itching and pain. I then began treating myself at home, and now my head and face are clear, and I am entirely well. I first bathed my face with Cuticura Soap, then applied Cuticura Ointment to the afflicted parts, and took Cuticura Resolvent for the blood. To my surprise and joy I was greatly relieved after the first application, and continued use of the Cuticura remedies soon made a complete cure.

(Signed) Miss MARY F. FAY, Westboro, Mass.

Send for "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair." Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston.

### YOUR STOMACH IS THE SOURCE OF YOUR LIFE

"Blood is Life," but it takes a good stomach to make it. 80 per cent. of all ills begin with the stomach. If your blood is not in good condition to-day, take

#### Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) SYRUP PEPSIN

for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Nervousness, Kidney, Liver or Bladder trouble, Constipation and Piles. It is a specific that appeals to every woman. It will have much to do with making her brighter, happier and more energetic. Children like it for its pleasant taste and gentle action. It does not gripe nor sicken.

50 CTS. AND \$1.00 AT YOUR DRUGGIST'S.

## MRS. FAIRBANKS AS A SOCIAL FACTOR

Wife of Vice-President Will Play Important Part in Capital Gaieties.

### HER ACQUAINTANCE IS WIDE

Long Career as a Club Woman Has Made Her Known in Every Section of Country.

**Special to the Post Dispatch.** WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—It is nearly six years since the wife of a vice-president has occupied her place in the receiving line at the White House, which, upon official occasions, is next to the President's wife. Mr. Roosevelt's brief term as vice-president covered a vacation period, so that he never presided over the Senate, and Mrs. Roosevelt never stood next to Mrs. McKinley in the famous blue room line.

The election of Roosevelt and Fairbanks brings into place as a vice-presidential residence, an already well-known official home, whose mistress, moreover, with the possible exception of Mrs. Roosevelt, is the best known woman in public life in America today.

For three years Mrs. Fairbanks has been president-general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and among those 40,000 members she has received many invitations to visit in the North, South, West and East. Many of these invitations have been accepted so that when she retires from the presidency of the society next April, about a month after becoming the second lady in the land, she will be widely regretted.

When Mr. Fairbanks came to the Senate seven years ago he leased a handsome house here and Mrs. Fairbanks soon took a prominent part in social affairs. They entertained lavishly giving each winter a number of dinner parties. The eldest son, Warren C., who was married last January to Miss Helene Esther Caudry, is an engineer in business in Chicago. President's son, the second son, is studying law here at the George Washington University, and, of the two younger sons, Edward, Jr., in his first year at Yale and Robert is at Phillips Academy at Andover, preparing for Princeton.

The only daughter of the family was married at her parents' Washington home a little more than a year ago to Ensign John L. Timmons. She spent part of last winter in Washington and it is probable that she will be much of the time during the next four years. She will be a welcome addition to the social circle here to her mother in her social duties. She has recently returned from Europe where she assisted in the hospital in Trieste in nursing her husband through typhoid fever.

Mrs. Fairbanks has been deeply interested in the results of the past summer's campaign. She is an enlightened and progressive woman and is well informed on all public questions. She has long been a club woman and in 1898 was made rector of the Federation of Women's Clubs. She was a very young woman when the association gave her a place on its board of charities. She is a member of the Women's League of the Junior Republic.

The things which interest Mr. Fairbanks however, have always been of superlative importance to her ever since the days when they educated together at the Wesleyan College at Delaware, Del., where they were educated, graduating in the class of '77. They were married a few years ago and Pauline, who is a delicate poor boy, has had an enviable measure of prosperity and success, in the attainment of which his wife has been no insignificant factor.

Senator Fairbanks' mother is living and spends a portion of each winter here with the senator and his family.

### HUNTER ATTACKED BY WILD ANIMAL

Mysterious Creature Jumps on Him in Darkness, but Is Beaten Off.

**Special to the Post Dispatch.**

DECATUR, Nov. 12.—Ed McDermott, a local sportsman and manager of the Swan Lake fishing and hunting resort just across the Tennessee river from this city, while out coon-hunting in the river bottoms below here the other night was attacked by some unknown wild animal and came near losing his life.

As it was, his face and shoulders were badly lacerated. The beast broke his gun in the struggle and the gun exploded killing one of his fine hounds.

The fight took place in a dense wood and the night was very dark. Mr. McDermott could not tell what the animal was. After he had extricated himself from the grip of the creature it escaped in a dense jungle of cane and underbrush in the bottoms.

It is believed that the animal was a panther, as one was seen in that locality on two different occasions not long ago. Some weeks ago some white men were hunting these woods at night when the panther attacked their dogs, killing one of them in the fight which followed.

Later a negro who was hunting squirrels in the bottoms was attacked by a panther and the dog was in the fight to the death. From time to time this panther has killed quite a number of pigs, sheep and calves for the farmers who live nearby. Whether it is a panther or a bear is not known, but it is believed that it escaped from some show.

A party is being organized and the beast will be hunted down and killed.

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The Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company of St. Louis, established in 1891, upon a foundation at variance with the accepted custom of older concerns in its line of trade, is today one of the most remarkable and successful pharmaceutical houses in America. This fact is due alike to the basic idea from which it sprang and to the energy and ability of its management.

The principle upon which this company was established is that of non-secrecy in the manufacture of patent medicines. Its laboratories are open to the public at all times and every detail of its manufacture of patent medicines may be witnessed and studied at will. There is absolutely no desire and no attempt to conceal any phase of its processes. Acknowledged now to be the largest non-secret house of its kind in this country, it fully lives up to its reputation by cordially inviting all who care to do so to visit its plant and inspect all features of its various departments.

The significance of this latter truth may be appreciated when the further fact is mentioned that the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company is the only house of its kind in the world that extends such an invitation to the public. The claim set forth by other factories engaged in the same business is that they have secret processes which must be safeguarded against the knowledge of competitors and that, for this reason, the processes of manufacture must be kept secret by denying access to the public. The Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company sets up no such claim.

Yet, if the argument behind which its competitors take refuge were valid, this company would have excellent reason for the application of this argument to its own business. It manufactures vast quantities of patent medicines from valuable formulae of its own, by processes of its own which have been demonstrated as the most successful in their especial field. In addition to thus manufacturing patent medicines for other people from its own formulae, the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company also manufactures from the formulae of patrons in the drug trade who want patent medicines of their own, making special prices for this line of work. It has never yet seen occasion to doubt the wisdom of the non-secret principle upon which it was founded, and its phenomenal success would seem to make argument on this point worse than superfluous.

The non-secret manufacture of patent medicines, however, is not the only important work in which this company is engaged. Some three years ago it began preparations for the manufacture of a line of high-grade American perfumes, being convinced that there was a necessity for this new industry and that a heavy demand would meet the American supply in this field. So correctly did it estimate the situation, and so thoroughly equip itself for the new task, that the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company stands today in the front rank of manufacturers of high-grade perfumes, its goods being handled by some of the largest retail druggists in the United States to the entire exclusion of all other American makers.

So much for an outline sketch of this remarkable St. Louis concern. Now for the detailed story of the foundation and development of one of the most successful great businesses of the present generation. It is a story pos-



ALLAN-PFEIFFER CHEMICAL CO.



1891



CHARLES E.  
LANE  
Vice  
President

ing exhibit occupying space in a section of the Allan-Pfeiffer Company's laboratory at the World's Fair. The most salient teaching of the exhibit is that France no longer has a monopoly in the manufacture of high-grade perfumery. The Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company brought from France the most experienced and skillful workmen in this delicate art, men who had learned the business in the most famous laboratories of France, and placed them at the head of the various departments. In addition, they kept constantly on the lookout for improvements and more effective methods and have spared no expense in developing their perfumery plant. As a result, and as illustrated by their World's Fair exhibit of exquisite perfumes, choice extracts, creams, face baths, sachet powders, skin foods and other toilette requisites, they have compelled recognition by sheer force of merit alone and have brought their products to a point of excellence where they are sought after by the most discriminating connoisseurs.

In addition to the thoroughness producing these results, the completeness with which the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company has looked after every related detail of its high-grade perfumery plant bears also on the ultimate success attained. Its first step in establishing this business was that of selecting and engaging a perfumer with the long experience necessary to perfect and carry out its plans to success. The next was the leasing and stocking of flower farms to secure the finest materials that science and money could produce, this task necessitating several European trips on the part of the company's special representatives. The stock and apparatus thus assembled are of the highest order of excellence. The Allan-Pfeiffer Company now possesses several thousand ounces of the finest attar of roses that could be produced; as much of the finest selections of Tonquin musk; a piece of gray ambergris that cost a fortune; several thousand pounds of flower pomade, rose, violets, jasmines and tuberoses; some of the finest Ylang-Ylang oil that the Philippine Islands ever produced; some Djedda civet that the Sultan of Morocco might envy, and other perfume stock from nearly every quarter of the globe. It is from this stock that the company began the work of digesting, distilling, redistilling, fractionating and cold-macerating that has attained the best results of odor-production as shown in its World's Fair exhibit and placed on the world's markets by its salesmen. It is well to mention, too, that the dainty perfumes thus manufactured are placed in beautiful bottles especially imported from Bohemia by the Allan-Pfeiffer Company or in artistically labeled boxes imported from France, and that it has established as well a complete printing plant for all class of color work in labels, etc., the whole plant being run by electric motors. Nothing, in fact, has been overlooked that would tend to enhance the merit and attractiveness of the manufactured product.

Thus appropriately, in a World's Fair exhibit that wins the Grand Prize, eliminates the story of the founding and upbuilding of one of the most remarkable and successful manufacturing enterprises in St. Louis. It is a typical American story of grit, ability, resourcefulness and energy. The Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company is not yet 14 years old. The masterful man at its head has but barely passed his fortieth year. The man next to him in place and authority is but thirty years of age. The business which they conduct is one of the largest of its kind in the world, and the manufacturing plant necessary is one of the most complete and modern known. St. Louis has cause to be proud of such an illustration of what is possible to young and ambitious men who select this city as the scene of their business operations.

sible only to American enterprise and indomitable energy, the enterprise and energy of young men masterfully trained for their calling and stimulated by a legitimate ambition to be content with nothing less than the highest achievement.

In 1891, now nearly 14 years ago, Mr. J. E. Allan, President of the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company, founded the company in St. Louis, beginning business on a capital of less than \$10,000. A native of Tennessee, and now but 40 years of age, he brought to his undertaking those invaluable assets, good health, steady habits, a thorough knowledge of his business, great executive and administrative talent and an infinite capacity for hard work. He left Tennessee on borrowed capital, young, poor, but determined to make a success in life. Going first to Detroit, Mich., he secured employment as traveling salesman for a Detroit house. He scored an exceptional success on the road, making a record as one of the best salesmen in that section of the United States. All the time, however, he was resolute in his determination to establish a business of his own, and to this end he saved his money and kept a close watch for the proper opportunity.

The opportunity came and Mr. Allan decided that St. Louis offered superior advantages for the establishment of such a manufacturing concern as he contemplated. Therefore it was here, on his little capital of less than \$10,000, that he established the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company in 1891 and set about the task of gaining business for the new concern. He himself traveled and pushed the business for the first five or six years, untiring in his efforts, seeing to it also that the manufacturing end of the business was properly organized, directed and prosecuted. When the growing trade of the young concern justified such action Mr. Allan retired from the road and since that time has devoted himself entirely to the management of the company's affairs at headquarters. He is an indefatigable worker, arriving at his desk never later than 7:30 a.m., and during the nearly fourteen

years of the company's existence he has taken but one vacation.

Associated later with Mr. Allan in control of the business was Mr. Charles E. Lane, now Vice-President of the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company. Mr. Lane also hails from Tennessee. He became connected with the company in the fall of 1891 and, with the exception of two years, has been with it ever since. He is now only 30 years of age, and the first position he held with the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company was that of bottle washer in the factory at a wage of \$6.00 per week. But he was an ambitious and capable young man, and, after being with the concern one year, was sent out on the road as a traveling salesman, his territory covering the Southern states. He made a brilliant success on the road, remaining at that work until five years ago, when he came in to take his place as one of the directing chiefs of the growing concern.

But it was a very small business which these two energetic men first established, and from which has grown the mammoth plant of the present time. Their factory was but a miniature factory, in a modest little structure built for some other purpose and ill-adapted to the end for which it was then used. The total staff of employees of the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company in 1891 numbered but seven in all—and it is worth while to mention here that four of those original seven still remain with the concern. No business of the magnitude now attained probably ever had a more humble beginning.

Enterprise, ambition and young blood furnished the motive power of the business, however, and it has grown steadily and consistently from the beginning. In 1896, just five years after its establishment, the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company gave proof of prosperity by erecting a big factory especially adapted to its needs and many times larger than its original home. Again, in 1899, was this factory added to and enlarged, more than doubling its capacity, and finally, in 1904, the present great manufacturing plant five blocks north of Union Station was brought into being.

This great and thoroughly modern industrial plant stands as the embodied proof of the success of the business for which it was constructed. At the same time there have been accompanying proofs of this success. The original capital of less than \$10,000 has grown to a capital and surplus of over \$235,000. The one traveling salesman of the concern—Mr. Allan himself, its founder—has increased to a total of 27 travelers, covering the entire United States, with an additional salesman in South America, another in Mexico and two in Australia. The original seven employees of the factory have grown in numbers until the present force aggregates over 160 in all. And this factory which had its beginning in so modest a home, now occupies a structure that covers over two acres of floor space and is completely equipped in every department with all the modern improvements necessary to a great pharmaceutical plant for the non-secret manufacture of patent medicines and the later business of manufacturing high-grade perfumes. With the growth of its business, also, the Allan-Pfeiffer Chemical Company has unceasingly maintained its interest in the welfare of its employees. Its plant closes at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoons all the year around, thus giving every employee a half-day's holiday each week in the year. The company is now arranging to furnish all employees with lunch, coffee, etc., at a nominal cost, and in every way possible the heads of the business testify to their appreciation of faithful service.

It is not out of place to preface a more extended mention of the company's business of manufacturing high-class American perfumes by calling attention to the significant facts that it was awarded a Grand Prize on its perfumes exhibited at the World's Fair and that it has established a record of having there made the most extensive exhibit of any perfumery house in the world. This exhibit is located in the southeast corner of the Palace of Liberal Arts, and has never failed to attract attention. Its especially striking feature is a perfume factory in miniature, illustrating every phase of the process of this daintiest of manufactures in active operation, this fascinat-

**CHECKERBOARD**Comparative Merit  
of East and West**FRED GLADE**Pitcher in Summer,  
Miller in Winter**BASEBALL**Billy Connell to  
Join the Browns**SPORT****CRY AGAIN IS HEARD  
FOR FOOTBALL GAME  
EAST AGAINST WEST**

**Successes of Western Teams Lead Eastern Critics to Give Them Recognition, But There Is No Chance For Game to Decide the Supremacy.**

The following from the New York Sun, in connection with Minnesota's victory over East, has aroused the cry for a championship match between the best in the East and the West.

Never before in the history of football have Western eleven been so seriously regarded by eastern critics. It can be admitted that the University of Minnesota football team, in the front ranks in the West by virtue of a tie with Michigan last year, is the next best in the country, and to 12. The Gophers had the more powerful team in offense and defense, but fumbles and the alertness of the Nebrascans in the afternoon game easily won the corn-huskers two touchdowns. "Bumby" Booth, the bold Princeton center, coaches the position to be on the spot when the fumble is made.

In nine games this year, the Minnesota men have scored a total of 569 points. This is an average of 63.8 points a game, an exceptional record. Allowing for 70 minutes of play in each game, nearly a point a minute has been scored.

The whole actual time doubtless was much less, increasing the rapidity of the game. Five hundred and thirty points are the equivalent of 22 1/2 touchdowns.

**Eastern Man****Compares Teams.**

Writing from St. Paul, one football enthusiast says:

"I believe that today Minnesota has one of the greatest football eleven in the country, but from the standpoint of offense and defense I make the statement advisedly, and not as a Minnesota partisan. I spent six years at New Haven and thus had an opportunity to study the play of Yale, Harvard, and Princeton."

Western eleven, too, are more inclined to adhere to a certain style of play, which though it may be powerful, still gives an opponent an opportunity to learn what plays to expect after the formations have been repeated a number of times.

Accounts of the recent game between Nebraska, coached by Booth, Princeton man, and Minnesota give splendid points for comparison, the monotony shown in the eastern style of play. Booth has drilled Princeton football tactics into Nebraska players, and the result is that the Gophers beat the corn-huskers against Minnesota was fast and strong; it showed a sad lack of originality. Nebraska made the best of its opportunities, but played a weak defensive football, and by carelessness playing allowed the same plays time and again.

**Dazzled by Gopher's Offense.**

When Minnesota finally got started in the game, it sent such a thundering mass of varied forces into the Nebraskan line that Booth's pupils never knew where the blow would strike. That these plays did score more touchdowns was due sole to the frequency with which Minnesota fumbled when near the goal line.

The western football teams are known and recognized in the East is proven by

**CORBETT WORKING  
HARD FOR NELSON****TOD SLOAN MAY  
BE REINSTATED**

**Little Champion Begins Grinding Work for Fight With the Battling Dame.**

**SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 12.—Now that the champion boxer, Jim Gans and Jimmy Britt have passed into history the sports are beginning to turn their attention to the battle of Little's men in this city on Nov. 29, when Young Corbett of Denver meets Battling Nelson of Chicago in a 27-round bout. Both men have gone into training.**

It is understood Corbett has his mind on one object in the coming fight, and that is to beat Nelson so decisively that there will be no doubt as to the question of superiority between the two men. Corbett wants to whip Nelson so he can get another whack at Jimmy Britt.

On Saturday night, while Gans and Britt were squirming away at each other, Corbett sat at the ringside with his eyes glued on Jimmy. Every move the California boxer made was noted mentally in the trim little fellow from the Rockies, and no doubt the knowledge gained will be used to good advantage if Corbett is fortunate enough to get Britt into the ring again. There are two ways in the way of another match between Britt and Corbett, and the first is that Britt is dead anxious to settle up with Gans before he meets the Denver boxer, and two persons say that Britt will refuse to make a pound over Corbett in the future. Britt's friends say the home boy now weighs his last weight is and may not weigh under 180 pounds. There was nothing doing today in regard to a return match between Gans and Britt, but it will be something stirring as soon as Britt returns to town. The weight question is the only serious draw back to the match. Gans wants 185 pounds, while Britt will stick to what he calls his proper weight, 185 pounds at the ring.

**Offer for Mellody.**

Andy Ward of Sarnia, Ont., a brother of Mike Ward, boxer, has started a boxing club in London, Ontario, and has opened negotiations for a match with Mellody Duff, for the first or second week in December. The club offers a percentage of the gross, but Mellody's manager, John Munro, insists on a guarantee.

**DOCTOR COOK**

Cures Diseases of Men.

**Prostatic Troubles**

permanently cured, no matter how long standing. We cure this disease in from 4 to 20 days.

**Stricture**

We cure Stricture in 15 days, without cutting, drugs or detention from business.

**Wasting Weakness**

Our time for curing this trouble is 10 to 60 days, by our own famous method.

**Varicose Veins**

Cured quickly and radically in 20 to 60 days, by our own famous method.

**Blood Poison**

Every vestige of poison removed from the system without aid of medicine.

**MY MOTO—  
NO FEE EXPECTED UNTIL  
A CURE IS EFFECTED**

Consultation is free and invited, and in consulting us you may be sure that nothing but the best and very simple remedy (used exclusively by us).

Warranty—We will refund your money if you do not receive by return mail our honest and candid opinion of your case.

DR. COOK MEDICAL CO., 610 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

**Private Diseases**

We cure in from 3 to 10 days, without the use of poisonous drugs.

**Nervous D-bility**

Cured quickly and radically in 20 to 60 days, by our own famous method.

**Varicose Veins**

We cure without cutting in from 3 to 20 days.

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**This Star of the Browns' Pitching Staff Is  
A "Captain of Industry" in Winter Months.****GLADE'S POSITION.**

Fred Glade is one of the speediest pitchers in either league. The photograph shows the remarkable twist which Glade gives his body before delivering the ball and which he says is necessary in giving his delivery its terrific speed.

**ONE ST. LOUIS BALL  
TOSSER PLAYS ONLY  
FOR LOVE OF GAME**

Fred Glade, Whose Work in the Box Was the Admiration of the Fans Spends Winters as a Miller in His Own Flour Mill.

Would you play professional baseball if your other sources of income allowed you to lead a life of comparative ease and independence?

Would you be a target for the scathing fire of the bleachers and wince under daily shots from a multitude of critics if you didn't need the money?

The chances are you think you would rather be a private citizen than take such a chance of losing your popularity, yet there are not a few baseball players who remain in the game because a baseball career fascinates them.

Among the league players of St. Louis there is one man who can write his check for thousands of dollars and not draw on a cent that he has made playing baseball.

There are other local players, too, who have comfortable incomes from other sources.

Attired in the dusty white uniform of a miller, a broad-shouldered young man may be seen any day in winter actively engaged in superintending the work of his men in a large flour mill at Abilene, Kan., a hustling little city in the western wheat belt.

He is no figure-head; for he may be holding a sack under the hopper, or using his well developed muscles in loading trucks with the heavy sacks which he handles with ease.

Though his curly pate is flecked with the white dust, a closer inspection reveals the features of Fred Glade, pitcher par excellence in St. Louis during the summer, and flour miller during the winter.

**Mill Pays Better**

Than Baseball.

While Glade is manipulating the horsehide for the Browns, his milling interests in the west are grinding him out a splendid income—sometimes as much in a month as he receives for playing baseball for an entire season.

Glade and an older brother are partners in business at Abilene, while Glade, Sr., owns and operates a big mill at Grand Island, Neb., the family home. The mill at Abilene is a present from the father to his sons. A third son is a partner in the business at Grand Island, and all three boys are good baseball players.

After leaving Glade now down the Highladers in New York in a mid-summer vacation, he declared in his paper that he would make the fans forget Joe McGinnis and Christy Mathewson.

An eastern writer naming the great pitchers of the American League, does not even mention Glade, yet he is as good a critic as Sam Clegg of New York ranks him as one of the game's main stars.

After catching Glade down the Highladers in New York in a mid-summer vacation, he declared in his paper that he would make the fans forget Joe McGinnis and Christy Mathewson.

Using his right foot as a pivot he brings the ball behind him and slowly walks across the plate with such speed that the batter often strikes after the pitch has passed him.

Joe O'Connor, manager of the St. Louis Browns, declared that Russel in his palmy days had nothing on the big Nebraska boy. In Boston Surgal declared that the tall left-hander was fast that it "whistled" through the air like a bullet.

**PLAYS ONLY FOR LOVE OF GAME.**

Glade is of a quiet, retiring disposition and temperate habits. He is about 30 years old, and aside from his ambition to shine as the best pitcher in the business, he has no idea of following baseball except for his love of the game.

Every player knows when he begins to go back," says the big pitcher, and the minute I start on the down grade I will quit the game. I don't intend to graduate to flour, and when I get to that point I will retire. By that time I will have seen the most of the country and will be satisfied to stick to my business.

Which may be better than to be a baseball career fascinates them.

He joined the Des Moines team of the Central Association in 1899, and remained there for two years. In 1901 he signed with St. Joe and from there was graduated into the American League last year. He has played one game for the Browns in St. Louis, but has not yet had a chance to earn his living.

The young Nebraska lad had begun pitching for his home team several years ago, and soon gained more than a local reputation with his brother, Phil, doing the catching.

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# SOCKER STARS OPPOSE EACH OTHER IN WAR OF LOCAL LEAGUES



## MAN WITH CUE TO HAVE HIS INNINGS

With Close of Foot Ball Season Nearing, Billiard and Pool Players Come in Limelight.

Now the man of the cue is getting his innings. With the football season rapidly winding up, billiard and pool players are breaking into the limelight.

The local season got away in a flying start when Frank Benson held his world championship pool tournament at the Broadway. He procured the greatest players in the world for weeks of play and many of them are still in St. Louis. Grant Eby and "Cowboy" Weston seem to have formed an alliance for offense, and they are making exhibition raids on the neighboring cities with St. Louis as a base.

Tommy Hueston is still a thorn waiting for De Oro to give him the matox for the diamond trophy which the Cuban won in the recent tournament. De Oro said a few days after the final match that he intended playing Hueston with his cue stick or no stick, but later he changed his mind. He has been in the meeting off for 45 days from the last day of tournament play, and it appears that he is going to take full advantage of it. The game will be played at the Broadway.

At the Grand, "Stormy Kid" Schaefer has his academy under way for the winter. Lamont, Tom Gallagher, Johnny Hogan, Jesse Leon, Frank Day and De Oro are playing there, and Lloyd Jeune, the world's three-cushion champion, probably will come within a few weeks. Jeune now is making an exhibition tour of the Southern states and in a letter to Schaefer says that he will be back this winter, long enough.

In regard to the upcoming billiard tournaments at the Grand this winter, Schaefer says that he has made no definite plans. The regular championship will be in a whirl at fast company in the next tournament.

A four-man shorthorn billiard tournament at Hause's will be the only running contest of the year now. Fred Ponson, who is now managing the Hause hall, and Lew Shaw, Taylor and Margoli will be the players. The hall will be reconstructed and will open an academy there.

So far other pool and billiard halls have come forward with anything out of the ordinary, but they are about due.

Christy Mathewson and Frank Bowerman will start on a hunting trip in Michigan in a few days. Bowerman has promised Matty plenty of game.

Joe Keller, Cincinnati Reds will start at Jacksonville, Fla., next spring. A schedule of exhibition games is already arranged and will stand until spring.

## PHILLIES TO BE STRONG NEXT YEAR

Manager Duffy Says He Has Some Good Youngsters and Will Be in 1905 Race.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Manager Hugh Duffy of the Philadelphia Nationals is enjoying his vacation at his home in Dorchester, and looks none the worse for the arduous campaign of the past season.

"Philadelphia will have a great team in 1905," said he. "We suffered many handicaps in the past season. The team was a deal worse than I anticipated and I was compelled to go out and search for material with which to strengthen it after the other teams were in shape to do first-class work."

"We developed two fast youngsters in Magee and Lush. Both are good batsmen and fast players. We have strength and speed in the box. I have no fear at all that we will regain our prestige in Philadelphia."

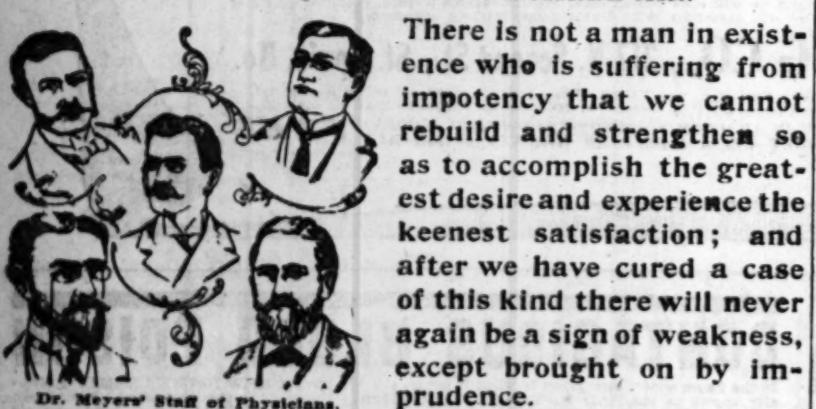
"I do not like to make a 'dick' about the ambers, but I think it is only fair to say that we got along pretty well from one man in particular. It is tough indeed to be obliged to submit to this sort of thing from men who enter for their calling. I am certain of the opinion the corps of umpires could have been better last season, and think that most of the managers will agree with that there is a great opportunity for improvement."

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## Lost Power Restored

To Men of All Ages if Decline Is from Unnatural Cause.

  
There is not a man in existence who is suffering from impotency that we cannot rebuild and strengthen so as to accomplish the greatest desire and experience the keenest satisfaction; and after we have cured a case of this kind there will never again be a sign of weakness, except brought on by imprudence.

## OUR BEST GUARANTEE IS NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.

\$12.50

In view of there being so many physicians who are treating with quick specialists and inexperienced hydrocologists without receiving any benefit, we have decided to make a special offer to those who are suffering from impotency to pay our regular fee for curing those who come to us before Dec. 1, 1904. For those who are afflicted with either piles, rupture, varicose, hydrocele, stricture or nervous disease, we offer for curing either of which without any guarantee of results, \$25.00, we will cure you for \$12.50, and accept the money in any way you wish to do.

OUR CURE IS A THOROUGH AND SCIENTIFIC COURSE OF TREATMENT WHICH ACTS AT ONCE ON THE CAUSE, STOPPING THE DRAIN AND REPLACING THE WORN OUT TISSUES. IT INCREASES THE WEIGHT IN SOUND, HEALTHY FLESH AND MUSCLES THAT ARE SOFT AND EXHAUSTED. RENEWS THE NERVES OR THE MANY EXCESSES TO WHICH MAN IS APT TO BE ADDICTED. VARICOSE, EMASCUATION, PREMATURE DISCHARGE, SMALL ORGAN, BACK ARE ALL SYMPTOMS OF RAPID DECLINE.

The surprise of last Sunday's games was the victory of the Thistles over the Parkers, which made its St. Louis debut. The map play, the winning of the ball, the like, all give the W. M.s an argument. The two teams played last Sunday to a 5-5 tie and neither showed any superiority.

The Ben Millers have a number of experienced players in Tully, G. Shea, captain; N. Devaney and Moleske. Tully, while not master of the fine points of the "socker" game, Cap. F. K. Kavanaugh, however, promises to storm through his team with a vengeance.

The Rawlings, captained by J. P. Cunningham, especially is a bad man to allow possession of the ball. John Commerford, who may lay claim to the Spaldings, Jimmy Riordan, "Big" Robinson and Swaine are other players who may land the championship for the W. M.s.

The Devils, with Billy Keenan, captain and Frank Frank, who like to give the W. M.s an argument. The two teams had a percentage of 57.28 for 25 games. H. Holberg follows in second, with 55.28 for the same number of games.

The Monarchs, captained by John Commerford, Office Men and other leagues likewise, are in good condition, and as most prefer into a type of perfect manhood.

Both associations do not care whether the two league champions would be a drawing card.

CONSULTATION FREE AND INVITED given by mail in case you cannot visit our office. Every man can afford to consult those to be cured who have spent their time in doctoring without relief and to show the many who have treated with doses of physicians with our guarantee that we have the only methods that produce立and cure.

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## TREED BY WOLVES, HE FELL TO DEATH

Lumberman, Unconscious from  
Terror and Privations, Dropped  
from Harboring Branches.

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**  
TYRANZA, Ark., Nov. 12.—Charles Cavitt, a timber worker, who lived 12 miles from this town, was dropped from a tree and suffered in falling in exhaustion from a tree where he took refuge from a pack of wolves. The terror that struck him when he was in imminent danger of being overhauled by the ferocious brutes contributed to the fall.

Cavitt started to his camp from the woods late in the afternoon. It was late, and night soon came on, and not being familiar with the road, he lost his way. After wandering about until about 8 o'clock he was horrified to hear the howl of wolves upon his track. He began running in the hope of coming upon some house that would shelter him, but soon gave out, and

was forced to take to a tree. In a short while several wolves were under the tree and did not leave until nearly morning.

Cavitt was forced to sit in the tree for hours, undergoing the most excruciating mental and physical torture. Just about enough time had passed for him to get up the hunt and gone, or he would have been savored.

In the fall his left leg was dislocated and the thigh bone broken. Wounded in this terrible manner, he lay on the ground in the dark, with his head down, all night. When the searching party found him, he was delirious and his awful story was related by his faithful wife, who watched him.

Cavitt was about 45 years old, and a railroad man. He had been a conductor on the Frisco line, and had left the railroad a few weeks ago to enter the lumber business. He went to Tyranza a month ago from Marion, Ark. He leaves a wife and one child, a boy 12 years old.

**TO MOVE GEN. FORREST'S BODY**

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**  
MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 12.—The bodies of Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest, the great Confederate hero, and of his wife, Mary Ann Montgomery Forrest, will within a short time be moved under the sod of Forrest Park. Above their new resting place a marble slab will be placed, and on this slab the simplest of inscriptions will be traced. The removal of the bodies will be done quietly.

The monument that will be erected to Gen. Forrest's memory will be here in about six weeks.

## GOVERNMENT OATH PUZZLES TEACHERS

Instructors of Indiana at a Loss  
in Constraining Its Intricate  
Wording.

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**

GUTHRIE, Okla., Nov. 12.—Indian Territory school teachers are finding it impossible to take the oath required by the interior department at Washington, that they have no interest in Indian lands, and they are therefore returning the blank forms of the oath, unsigned, to J. D. Bennett, superintendent of Indian territory schools.

One teacher of Indian blood has an allotment of land, and therefore is in doubt whether she can take the oath. Another states he has a plot of ten acres of land with a house upon it, where he lives, and thinks if he is debarred from taking the oath.

It is the general belief that the oath is intended to prevent teachers as well as other government employees from investing in Indian lands, and not from holding allotments and owning homes. Yet

## WORLD TO HEAR OF THE WEALTH ARKANSAS HAS

Now Looks Like Hemenway  
Against the Field for Indiana  
Senatorialship.

**Industrial Regeneration of the  
State the Aim of a Campaign of  
Advertising That Is Already  
Under Way.**

## LONG SUFFERED FROM GENERAL MISCONCEPTION

Rich in Lumber and Minerals,  
While Only Small Portion of  
Land Is Tilled.

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 12.—The industrial regeneration of Arkansas has begun. The capital back of the more than 2000 miles of railroad traversing the state has become disseminated with the tonnage which this 52,000 square miles of territory is producing and has decreed that the lethargy of three-quarters of a century shall be thrown off.

With this end in view, tons of literature are being distributed throughout the east and the north, educational institutions regarding the history of one of the oldest and best known states of the Union. Large expenditure of money and energy is being made by the Rock Island and other systems with a view to peopling a state which is almost at the center of population, but has been overlooked in the rapid march of progress. When one knows the story of Arkansas' resources, its population of scarcely 1,400,000 seems almost a mockery to American enterprise.

No man can tell why it was that for so long a time the American never took Arkansas seriously. The people of Arkansas has been a sufferer from the general misconception regarding the states below Marion and Dixon's line. As a result of ignorance it was believed that a northern man could not succeed in the South and that the climate of Arkansas, as well as of other states, was such as the average man could not bear. Both conceptions are radically wrong.

Located in the thirty-fifth parallel of latitude and having an elevation varying from 200 to 3,000 feet above sea level, Arkansas' climate and resources are wonderfully varied. The many hill and mountain ranges of the state modify the climate, which Arkansas would naturally be heir by reason of its geographical position. In the main its climate is equable and uniform, the effect of the sun being to prolong rather than to intensify the summers.

**More Land Than  
New York Has.**

Arkansas is a large state. Its 52,000 square miles of territory represents more land than is possessed by Pennsylvania or New York. The extreme length from north to south is 260 miles, and the breadth is 30 miles. Less than 40 per cent of the tillable soil is under cultivation, and there are 2,000,000 acres of land for settlement, and none is 2,000,000 acres of land for settlement, and the state possesses 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 acres which are subject to the homestead.

Twenty million acres of good land under cultivation are located in the state situated within a few hours' ride of the greatest commercial distributing centers in the United States. These lands are to be had for \$10 to \$15 per acre, and some of them being naturally as fertile as any lands in the states and having railroad facilities ready at hand.

The lands of Arkansas may be divided into three classes of almost equal area—mountain lands, hill lands, and alluvial. The alluvial lands are situated in the delta of the Mississippi River, and are situated within a few hours' ride of the greatest commercial distributing centers in the United States. These lands are to be had for \$10 to \$15 per acre, and some of them being naturally as fertile as any lands in the states and having railroad facilities ready at hand.

The alluvial plains of the state generally slope to the south and east, and a large portion of them must be drained before being placed under cultivation. The natural slope of the country, however, being about 15 inches to the mile, makes the drainage problem an easy one to solve.

The cause for the slow development of Arkansas is the peculiarity of the soil. The early settler was unable to discover its productive worth without extensive experiments. The average settler first turns his attention to crops which will bring him quick return and thereby enable him to establish himself in the country.

Wheat and corn must prove paying investments before he can find time to turn his attention to planting apples or turnips, and the state is still awaiting diversified farming. This is one reason why the opportunities afforded in Arkansas were not fully realized. Indiana, Michigan, and Kansas were receiving their millions of new population.

When the experimental period came,

Arkansas demonstrated her ability to rank with the great states in production.

As a fruit region, government pomological experiments in the second half of the 19th century were very successful.

Its orchards have become famous as prize winners in exhibitions around the world in all markets.

The reputation of the Arkansas grape and berry has reached far.

In cotton, however, it is King in Arkansas. The state ranks with Mississippi in the production of this staple. One tenth of the cotton of the United States is grown in Arkansas. There is no section of the state where cotton cannot be successfully raised. The yield per acre is from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds.

The crop of 1904 of Arkansas cotton totaled more than 1,000,000 bales, while in 1903 the cotton bales received during the same season aggregated 200,000, which was double the receipts of three years previous.

**CATTLE DYING MYSTERIOUSLY.**

Fatal Disease Attacking Ranch  
Stock in Texas.

**special to the Post-Dispatch.**

WEATHERFORD, Tex., Nov. 12.—A fatal and unaccountable disease is killing live stock in Parker county in large numbers. Cattle of all kinds, and horses and mules are dying.

On the ranch of W. H. Woodhour, sixty head of beef steers died in one day. Six fine horses belonging to another farmer, have died with the cattle. The disease apparently as in the case of the cattle above named.

No judicious and satisfactory explanation is forthcoming of this great and mysterious mortality among the cattle and horses, nor why it should be confined to those two classes of live stock, and swine have so far escaped its ravages.

One explanation that possesses some plausibility is that the heavy rains engendered by such a map in Johnson has caused to it extra poisonous qualities.

It is stated that all of the live stock that have died have been pastured on Johnson's ranch, and that fact seems to lend color to the theory advanced.

## MANY ARE SEEKING FAIRBANKS' PLACE

Now Looks Like Hemenway  
Against the Field for Indiana  
Senatorialship.

**Special to the Post-Dispatch.**  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 12.—Now that the general election is over, keen interest is being taken in the contest for the senatorial seat occupied by Senator Fairbanks.

It is not the entire field against Hemenway, but it is a strong one. The state committee has been used in promoting Mr. Hemenway's interests and that has tended to solidify the opposition to him.

The organization which looks after Senator Fairbanks' interests has picked Senator Hemenway as the man to oppose him.

There are several candidates for Senator Fairbanks' place, and as many "dark horses" as there are candidates. The can-

candidates are Congressman James A. Hemenway, Governor Durbin, Harry S. New, Congressman E. D. Crumpacker and Congressman Charles B. Landis. Others mentioned for the place, but who are not candidates at this time, are Daniel G. Reid of Richmond, Addison C. Harris and John L. Griffiths of Indianapolis, George F. McCulloch of Munich and James E. Watson of Rushville.

may not, after all, be a candidate, but will lend his assistance to New or whom ever the opposition to Hemenway may select.

Congressman Watson has enthusiastic followers all over the state who would like to see him elected.

He is a strong man, but it is believed that if for any reason Hemenway should decide to remain out of the race, he would be a candidate.

Watson is considered the candidate of the Fairbanks organization.

The legislature which has just been elected is composed largely of Beveridge legislation. That is, it is composed largely of Republicans who put Beveridge's name above all others. It is a strong organization, and it is a strong one.

The organization which looks after Senator Fairbanks' interests has picked Senator Hemenway as the man to oppose him.

It is not the entire field against Hemenway, but it is a strong one. The state committee has been used in promoting Mr. Hemenway's interests and that has tended to solidify the opposition to him.

The promoters of Mr. Hemenway's campaign have been making every effort to cultivate the support of the Indiana delegation.

"Dan is a good man," said Senator Hemenway. "He is a good man, and I am a good man."

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## JUDGE MAKES NOVEL ATTACK ON CRIME

Notifies Justices of Peace of His District He Will Hold Them Responsible.

### MUST END LAWLESSNESS

Expected to Suppress Blind Tigers and Concealed Weapons—If They Don't, He'll Know Why.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
OMAHA, Nov. 12.—Ell Garrett, clerk in Tax Commissioner Fleming's office, was stricken with paralysis while working at his desk Friday afternoon.

### PARALYZED FROM DOING TWO MEN'S WORK TO SAVE A HELPLESS FRIEND'S JOB

But Mr. Garrett, who worked in the same office, had a different idea. He set to work to perform his own work and that of his friend. He worked steadily from twelve to fourteen, and sometimes sixteen hours, a day. He also brought the councilmen to pass Sjoberg's salary warrant, inasmuch as the latter's work was being done.

His efforts were successful. Mr. Garrett turned it over to the latter. But at last, under the strain of overwork, Mr. Garrett broke down.

That afternoon a blood vessel in the brain burst and a partial paralysis followed. Mr. Garrett gave up the unequal struggle. One arm and one side of his face were affected, and he was unable to articulate distinctly.

## PECULIAR FORM OF INDIAN WILL

Creek Method of Bequeathing Property Is Shown in Document Woman Wrote.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Nov. 12.—The Indian method of bequeathing property is illustrated by a will which has come into the possession of the Dawes commission. It was written in the Creek language by

Kinta, a full-blood Creek Indian woman, who bequeaths her property to her daughter Cinda. Indians seldom if ever employ an attorney to draw up their wills, but write them themselves in the form of a letter to their relatives.

The document shows the intense devotion of mother and daughter to one another and is an example of comprehensive simplicity. The will stands as follows:

"Thinking that death may intervene cut me off from telling you things, I wish to say to you, I tell you these that you may bear them in mind. If you shall not take unto yourself a man, but remain with me all the time and care for me, we two shall go along until I part with you. It is my will that what I have shall be turned over to you. When I turn it over to you no one must contend against you for it. There are those who are near to me (related), but so long as you have shal no one

say anything to you (lay any claim) about this. As I have made my possessions over to you and you know how I have used them supporting and caring for the children. I desire that you in like manner write them for the continued care of them. Now I have always dutifully attended to what I say to you and I have always intended that your respect and obedience to me and me should not be allowed by me to go for naught."

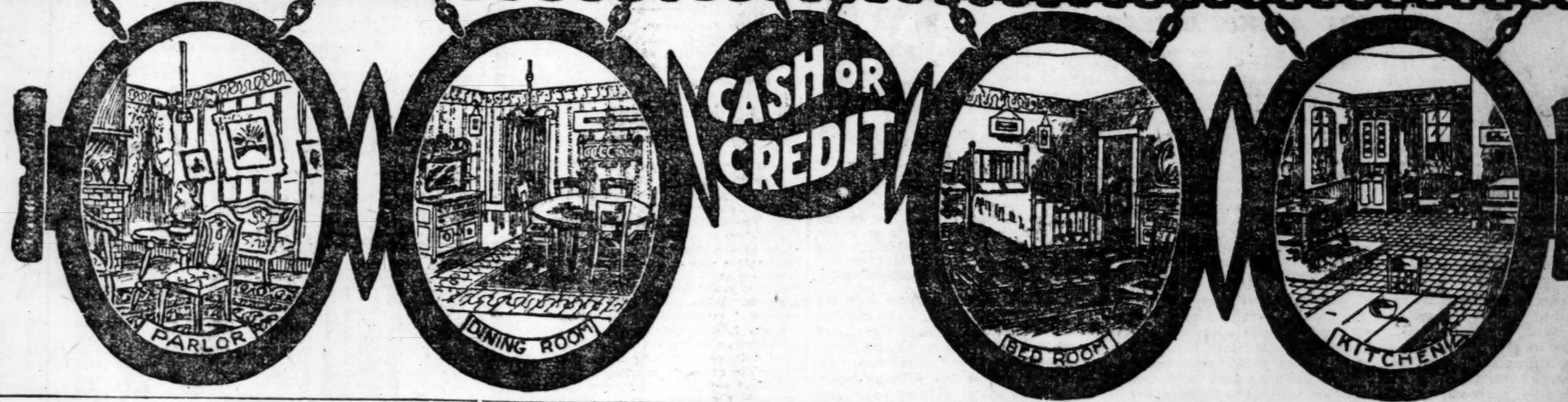
"I think it well for me to say this much to you, as I might get out of my right and you might not be able to get back what I have. If you shall receive what is known as the 'self-emigrant's claim' no one shall divide and take any portion of it from you. You have a right to a equal share in loyal Creek losses claim, which if it is ever paid you must not appropriate to yourself. You may use and lend these things to you in consideration of the time you help and support you have been given to me. So it is my will that no one shall give you trouble because of this. Otherwise, you may attempt to give you trouble by contending for what I have given you, but do not because of that scatter and lose what I have given you."

I SURELY DO CURE

## LIQUOR HABIT

I pledge my reputation as a Physician of over 40 years' experience that I will cure you to stay cured. Write for my guarantee. Address C. A. Reed, M.D., Box 856, Eureka Springs, Arkansas.

## THESE FOUR ROOMS COMPLETE WORTH \$145.00 FOR \$101.00 \$10.00 CASH \$15.00 A WEEK



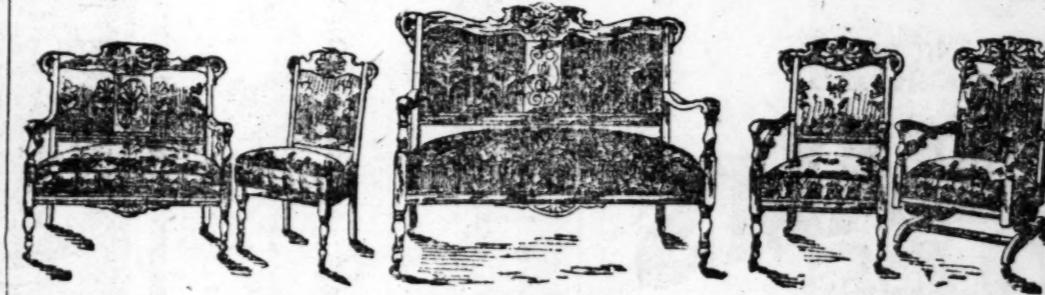
BUCK'S STEEL RANGE  
This beautiful, high grade Range, made of the best Polished Blue Steel. Illustrated here is made with heavy linings and duplex grate—this is Buck's regular \$25.00 range, and we are selling it at—  
**\$25.00**

**\$2.00 PER MONTH OR 50c PER WEEK**



Condiment Sets—Salt, Pepper and Toothpick Holder (exactly like cut)—made of clear, brilliant crystal glass—looks like cut-glass. For the set of three pieces,

**6c**



Parlor Suite—Like Cut

Mahogany finish frame—upholstered in high-grade coverings—an extremely stylish suite that will give excellent wear—easily worth \$50.00—our price is

**\$35.00 \$1.00 CASH AND 50c PER WEEK**

## A New Hot-Blast Heater.



(Cut shows the stove in operation.) The newest thing in the popular hot blast pattern. The air does not come from under, but is fed through the center ring to the top of the fire. Here it is mixed with the gases of the coal, causing perfect combustion. Certainly nothing cheaper than air as fuel. Another point is its fire keeping qualities. It will burn any fuel and keep fire over night. This hot blast heater is the best of its kind in the world and will heat more space with less fuel than any other heating stove made.

Our Special Price Is \$12.90

**\$35.00 \$1.00 CASH AND 50c PER WEEK**

## Carpet Dept.

Brussels Carpet, per yard	45c
Good Brussels Carpet, per yard	75c
Velvet Carpet, per yard	80c
Wilton Carpet, per yard	\$1.25
Axminster Carpet, per yard	\$1.05
Room Rugs, Brussels	\$12.50
Room Rugs, Velvet	\$18.75
Oilcloth, per yard	22c
Linoleum, per yard	50c
Lace Curtains, per pair	75c

## FREE PREMIUMS



Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$10.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$20.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$30.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$40.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$50.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$60.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$70.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$80.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$90.00	Your Choice of These FREE PREMIUMS With Every Purchase of \$100.00
Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Cordial Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.	Or More, for CASH OR CREDIT Photo Albums, Albums and Comb Sets, Dishes, Ice Cream Sets, Fountain Fons, Imperial Plates, Imported Plates, Honeycombs, Hobby Sets, Terra Cotta, Plates, Plate Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Dishes, Etc., etc.
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**D. SOMMERS & CO.**

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 9 P.M.

1126-1128-1130 OLIVE STREET.

CORNER OF ALLEY

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. 12.—Disappointment over the outcome of her marriage to a titled Englishman, Mrs. Judson Follett Towne, formerly a society belle here, has returned to Sioux City from London. The young woman's romantic dream of social prestige in the wife of a dashing, wealthy colonel in the English army, holding a station next to the royal family, came to a sad end.

The present whereabouts of Maj. David W. Towne, husband of Mrs. Towne, whom she had met and loved under romantic circumstances while he was traveling in the United States for the benefit of his health, are unknown to her. Maj. Towne had painted beautiful pictures of three estates which he owned in England, and said he expected to purchase a touring auto car for them to use in going from one estate to the other.

They went to a small hotel in London where living runs into money in a very short time. The major soon began to draw upon the personal resources of his bride for finances with which to meet extravagant bills which he was contracting.

As a climax for the meteoric honeymoon, they took a trip up in a London hotel with no money to pay their board bills.

Mrs. Towne then took her son and went to a home of a kind-hearted man who had no money to pay their board bills.

He acceded her the hospitality of his house until she might send to her own home in Iowa City some money funds with which to purchase passage to America.

Mrs. Towne is very wealthy.







**SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE**

20 Words. 10c.

**SALEMADY**—Position wanted by young German lady who has 8 years experience in jewelry. We can take stock; also saleslady. Ad. D 117. Post-Dispatch.

**SEAMSTRESS**—M. wanted by confident seamstress. 2610 Halton st., St. Louis.

**SEAMSTRESS**—First-class seamstress, widow, wants work at home; shirtwaists a specialty. 3654 Olive st., St. Louis.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Sit in private ready by month; call. 814-A Laclede av.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Experienced seamstress desires a home with dressmaker or ladies' tailor. Ad. D 118. Post-Dispatch.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Want to work at home. 210 St. Louis.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Wants sewing, plain sewing to do plain sewing at home. Mrs. F. 2610 St. Louis.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Wanted, reliable woman, neat housekeeper, good references, want to work part time for good room and board, or light house-work. Ad. D 119. Post-Dispatch.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Sit, wanted by woman any kind of seamstress.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Sit wanted, seamstress for plain sewing; children's clothes a specialty; will sit out by the day or set at home. Call or advertise. Ad. D 120. Post-Dispatch.

**SEAMSTRESS**—Wants sewing, children's clothes. Miss M. 4502 Elm st., St. Louis.

**SENGRAPHER**—Phone our employment department for experienced stenographers. \$6 to \$12 week. The Oliver Typewriter Co., 215 Elm st., St. Louis.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady stenographer, several months' experience, High School education, good references; salary reasonable. Ad. D 122. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Exp. bus. stenographer, short permanent position with a good reliable firm; at present employed; best references. Ad. D 123. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Experienced bus. stenographer, desire position wth permanent engt. Oliver operator. Ad. D 124. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Sit wanted by young lady stenographer with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Ad. D 125. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Sit wanted by a business lady stenographer and bookkeeper; also experienced in general and office work. Ad. D 126. P.D.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Experienced, young lady stenographer desires position wth permanent engt. Oliver operator. Ad. D 127. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 127. P.D.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—First-class lady stenographer, good pay dividends; investigation solicited; best references. Ad. D 128. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Wanted situation as stenographer; will establish a No. 1 reference; 8 years' experience; good knowledge bookkeeping. Ad. D 129. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Sit, wanted by young lady stenographer with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Ad. D 130. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Sit wanted by a business lady stenographer and bookkeeper; also experienced in general and office work. Ad. D 131. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 132. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 133. Post-Dispatch.

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**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 137. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 138. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 139. Post-Dispatch.

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**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 141. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 142. Post-Dispatch.

**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 143. Post-Dispatch.

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**SENTHROGRAPHER**—Young lady desires position as stenographer; some experience. Ad. D 220. Post-Dispatch.







## HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

14 Words. 2c.

**HANDBURNER, ETC.**-For sale, Buck's Prize handburner; No. 2 Imperial Acorn; in good order; \$15. Call at 8444 Franklin av.

**HANDBURNERS**-For sale, two almost new Radiant Home handburners, 4214 Maryland.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, 1 hard coal burner, No. 2 Imperial Acorn; in good order; \$15. Call at 8444 Grand av.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, one 6-hole new hard coal handburner; \$20. Call at 222 St. Louis av.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, medium-sized hand burner; in good condition. Call Sunday or Monday, 1919 Glasgow av.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, 2 hard coal handburners; almost new. Apply at 3409 Magnolia av.

**HANDBURNER, ETC.**-For sale, Radiant Estate handburner; cost \$60; good condition; \$15. Call at 8444 Franklin av.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, iron davenport bed, upholstered; good condition; cost \$150; will sell at cost plus \$10. Apply 5578 Calumet av.

**HANDBURNER**-For sale, 2 handsome walnut beds, \$45 each. Call at 2804 N. Euclid av.

**HEDD, ETC.**-For sale, single iron bed; springs are very strong; cotton mattresses half price. 5780 Cabanne av.

**HEDDING, ETC.**-For sale, good clean bedding; at room once; also chinaware. 5651 Delmar.

**HEDDING, ETC.**-For sale, iron (single) folding bed; with good fold mattress. Ad. C 186. P.D.

**HEDDING, ETC.**-For sale, single iron bed, mattress, etc., all complete; cheap. 4350 Maryland av.

**HEDDING, ETC.**-For sale, beautiful oak buffet; cheap; \$15. Call at 2804 N. Euclid av.

**GARMENTS**-For sale, 25 mixed carpets, 20 rugs, all sizes; Brussels, velvet, Alimaster; \$3.50 up. 1617 Franklin av.

**STOVE**-For sale, 4-hole cook stove and small heating stove; pipe; cheap. 2824 Texas av.

**STOVE**-For sale, large good cook stove; first class. 2200 Benton st.

**STOVE**-For sale, iron cook stove; in good order; used two seasons; price \$11. 4548 Easton.

**STOVE**-For sale, large Woods heating stove, 5 feet long. H. Bleierman, 1426 Franklin.

**STOVE, ETC.**-For sale, buck's night-light stove and chimney. Call at 2212 Fairmar st.

**FURNISHED STOVE**-For sale, iron cook stove; good condition; folding legs; heat; weight gold and black; \$15. Lawton av.

**STOVE**-For sale, cook stove; cheap. 2110 Frank Franklin av.

**STOVES**, ETC.-For sale, sheets, pillow cases, towels, etc.; all new; good condition; \$15. Call at 2200 Benton st.

**STOVE**-For sale, iron cook stove; in good order; used two seasons; price \$11. 4548 Easton.

**STOVE**-For sale, large Woods heating stove, 5 feet long. H. Bleierman, 1426 Franklin.

**STOVE, ETC.**-For sale, buck's night-light stove and chimney. Call at 2212 Fairmar st.

**FURNISHED STOVE**-For sale, iron cook stove; hard coal; 12 ft. 12th st.

**STOVE**-For sale, Radiant home base burner; lit; used; good condition. 811 N. 20th st.

**CHAIN**-For sale, roller chain; has only been in use short time; cost \$12. 1213 Dolman st.

**CHAIN**-For sale, roller chain; has only been in use short time; cost \$12. 1213 Dolman st.

**CHANDLER**-For sale, several s-light chandlers; nearly new; cost \$22.

**CHINA, GLASS, ETC.**-For sale, chinaware; close;

**COUCH**-For sale, 2 handsome wicker couch, covered with tapestry; also rug; woven from carpet. Apply Monday at 2041 Palmettohoun av.

**DAVENPORTS**-For sale, two iron davenport; good condition; \$15. Call at 2200 Benton st.

**FOOTING**-For sale, single right folding bed; cheap; in good order. Apply 4024 Butler st.

**FOLDING BED**-For sale, good oak Windsor folding bed. 3000. 4024 Butler st.

**FOLDING BED, ETC.**-For sale, elegant folding bed; good condition; \$15. Call at 2200 Benton st.

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**FOLDING BED**



## FARMS FOR SALE.

14 Words. 2c.

## POULTRY FARM.

Of 40 acres, good land, house, barn, fruit; near good town, church, school; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## EASY TERMS.

\$200 to \$500 cash, balance in 12 months' time, will buy a good 80-acre farm; good rich land, near city; water, lighted streets, public schools, churches, stores, meat shops, electric car, and telephone; good roads, good drainage; building in all St. Louis equal to it in the way of low prices, easy terms, beautiful grounds, superlatively well equipped, well developed. Take Suburban Park car or transfer north on Union Avenue, just west of city limits; water, gas, sewer.

MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## OWNER VERY OLD.

Has a good 100-acre farm within 50 miles of St. Louis; good house, barn, fruit; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## FREE TRANSPORTATION.

For sale, a good Illinois farm of 120 acres, 100 in cultivation, 90 acres timber, 30 acres rich bottom land; level land; 45 miles from St. Louis; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## ILLINOIS FARM 100 ACRES.

90 in cultivation, 100 acres good house, barn, terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## MODEL ORCHARD FARM.

One-half mile from Prince H. W. station, St. James, Mo., first division; containing 50 acres; 40 acres of orchard, 10 acres trees and shrubs, 10 acres vines; fruit trees, all bearing; large cultivated stock; adjoining splendid meadow land; fine house, barn, stable, 200 ft. from road; large barn for 60 head; 2 stables and one well-preserved house and bed garden; a beautiful home; fine orchard; fine fruit; fine flowers; fine price and full particulars will be given. Price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 617 Chestnut St., St. Louis.

## A BEAUTIFUL FARM.

240 acres, all nice, level land, good rich soil; 100 in cultivation, 50 acres timber; fine house, Davis apples, 2 years old; two miles from depot, 45 miles out; if interested, get full descriptions. S. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## OSAGE VALLEY FARM.

A fine 100-acre farm, 80 acres in cultivation, 20 acres timber, fine house, barn, fruit; near good town, church, school, church, etc.; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## POULTRY FARM.

60 acres, all fine, level land, rich soil; 100 in cultivation, 50 acres timber; fine house, barn, fruit; good house, barn, fruit; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## NEAR COULTERVILLE, ILL.

65 acres, all nice, level land, rich soil, % miles from depot; house, fruit, etc., fine for purchase; fruit, dairy, grain, etc., price \$2000; terms \$400 down, \$400 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## CHEAPEST FARM IN MISSOURI.

60 acres, all fine, level land, rich soil; 100 in cultivation, 50 acres timber; fine house, barn, fruit; good house, barn, fruit; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## FARM—FOR SALE.

65 acres, all nice, level land, rich soil; 100 in cultivation, 50 acres timber; fine house, barn, fruit; good house, barn, fruit; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## MISSOURI FARM IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

65 acres, all nice, level land, rich soil; 100 in cultivation, 50 acres timber; fine house, barn, fruit; good house, barn, fruit; price \$1000; terms \$200 down, \$200 monthly; payment, \$1. H. MORTON, 300 Lincoln Trust Blvd., St. Louis.

## FARM—FOR SALE.

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## REPUBLICANS ELECT DEMOCRAT CLERK

Or They Elected a Man Whose Name Was Not on the Official Ballot.

### THIRD MAN CLAIMS OFFICE

He Got the Lowest Vote, but Claims the Mix-Up Invalidated Republican Votes.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MATTOON, Ill., Nov. 12.—Three men claim the office of circuit clerk of Shelby County, each with well-defined rights to back him up, as one of the peculiar results of the Roosevelt landslide, and Attorney-General Hamlin pronounces the complications in the case without precedent.

P. J. McCormick, the regular Democratic nominee, says he is rightfully elected on the face of the return. J. J. Adams, Democrat, asserts that he is elected, because his name was on the official Republican ballot, and there were enough straight votes cast to elect him. W. L. Adams, a Republican, of Moweaqua, supports the other Adams in his main contentions, but says he and not the other Adams was the lower Republican nominee.

Shelby County usually gives a Democratic majority ranging from 1800 to 1800, in the last election the Republicans have been elected to a county office.

When the Republicans held their county convention last summer, they did not nominate any candidate for the office, but one nominated Adams of Moweaqua for circuit clerk and it went through by acclamation.

"What's his full name?" asked the clerk of the convention after adjournment, and no one knew. Finally one man volunteered that it was J. J. Adams, and when the name was certified to the county clerk and placed on the ballot.

Not until after the legal filing time was it discovered that the only Republican Adams in the county was W. L. Adams.

Adams of Moweaqua and the J. J. Adams of Mattoon have the same name, Christian County and was a Democrat. As the omission could not be remedied and the Republicans never dreamed of winning nothing was done.

When the returns came in after the landslide, it was found that the Republican ticket had won by 200 votes. In the case of the postmaster, the job and clerk on their own responsibility, knowing there was no J. J. Adams in the county, omitted to enter the name on the publican vote for the nominee for circuit clerk. This omission gives J. P. McCormick, Democrat, a majority of 100.

J. J. Adams, in the meanwhile, has moved into Shelby County and claims that he is elected. McCormick declares that he was the man really nominated and the mistake should not cause him to be deprived of his place.

Attorney-General Hamlin, who resides in Shelbyville, the county seat, has been appealed to for a decision, but refuses to give it until he can look up any possible authorities.

In the meanwhile, enough wagons are being placed by the friends of the respective contestants to keep an able-bodied bookmaker busy.

### STATUES BROKEN IN RUNAWAY

Horse Attached to Wagonload of Marble Tablets Takes Fright at Cathedral Door.

A wagon load of statuary and marble tablets were reduced to fragments in a minute and a half at Bellfontaine yesterday. A driver of the wagon, Mr. Schrader of St. Louis had taken the artifacts to Bellfontaine to be placed in St. Peter's Cathedral.

The journey to Bellfontaine was made safely, but at the very door of the cathedral the horse took a fright and ran away. The wagon overthrew and the contents were spilled and broken, and the driver was thrown out, but not injured. The horse was caught after it had run several blocks.

### CASH PREVENTS A STRIKE.

Deputy Sheriffs on East Side Threaten to "Walk Out" Unless Paid.

There came near being another strike of Deputy Sheriffs on the East Side yesterday.

Early in the day Deputies Williams, Rogers and Mehring telephoned to Sheriff Thompson at Bellfontaine that unless they received their salaries for the month which were due, they would quit work.

The salaries had been held up on account of a controversy with the Board of Supervisors over the amount which the deputies were entitled to receive.

Sheriff Thompson stirred around and saw that the salaries, which were allowed at the last meeting, were forwarded to the deputies.

### SMALL CHANCE TO RECOVER.

Man Shot Friday Night in Room Over a Stable Is Very Low.

Charles Lewis, who was shot Friday night in a room over a stable in the rear of 2005 Morgan street, is in a critical condition at the City Hospital. He was shot through the shoulder and there is little prospect of his recovery.

Richard McCormick is under arrest on the charge of having shot Lewis. It was Lewis who was shot, and the gun used in the shooting, Lottie Dalton of 2005 Morgan street was with McCormick when he was arrested and was also taken to the Carr street police station and locked up.

### Are You Weak?

Read this Letter from Geo. S. Beck, "The Worm-torn Best Friend."

Dear Brother: Please give me your attention while I tell you of the Great News Food and Tonic that cured me years ago when I, like you, lacked the vitality of a man. When you see whom a person is a man only in name, and which he is not, you will be surprised to know how much more exhausted men since I first started in business in this city six years ago, than the most of them.

BECK'S WONDER CURE FOR MEN.

Its myriad and wonderful cures has built for it much the largest mail-order medical business in the world; and to those who are weak when perfect men are strong, I want to say that there is no better tonic or cure for you.

Beneficiary of Will Sought.

Chief of Police Kiely has been asked to find Mrs. Anna Bruckner, who is proposed to be living at St. Louis. Dr. Edmund Keeler of Cleveland, Austria, writes that Mrs. Kiely, formerly Mrs. Bruckner, died in Leesburg, leaving an estate consisting of a considerable amount of money and it is necessary to locate Mrs. Bruckner, who is a beneficiary under the will, before the estate can be settled.

Livestock for Uruguay.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—American Minister Finch at Montevideo, Uruguay, reports to the state department that the importation of cattle into the United States will be removed and that pending the preparation and promulgation of the new law, the government there will be no objection to cattle being imported into that country.

REV. BERTRAND J. CONWAY  
WILL CONDUCT MISSION.



## WHO WILL PAY FOR BELLEVILLE PAVING?

Taxpayers and City Officials Widely Differ Upon This Interesting Subject.

### CASE OF MILFORD IS CITED

Application of Supreme Court Decision the Subject of Much Discussion.

The people of Belleville would like very much to know whether the Supreme Court decision applying to the village of Milford, Ill., applies with equal force to the city of Belleville, Ill.

The decision is in reference to street improvement. The village of Milford made some improvements and charged them to one L'Hotte and other property owners. L'Hotte did not want the work done in the first place, and he objected to paying for it in the second place, so he went to law and he levied the village all the way up to the Supreme Court. And that court has decided that Mr. L'Hotte need not pay in the second place for the improvements he did not want in the first place.

It chances that the city of Belleville will not pay for the improvement of the streets in front of their houses. Mr. Baer says that by no means will the city of Belleville have charge for the work begun they have forfeited their right to object. It is for this reason, he says, that the Milford decision does not apply. But still the city of Belleville has a petition for rehearing in the Milford case, and it is understood in Belleville that in there is a final decision in the Milford case.

has been doing quite a bit of street improvement work, and under the same law that the work at Milford was done—that is to say without waiting for the property owners to petition for it or for the city to do it—there has been paving and a few other miles are torn up and in process of being paved.

The people want to know just what decision comes in the question as to who shall pay for the work done, and what shall be done about that which is not completed hinging upon that.

Mr. Attorney H. Baer says the decision does not apply to Belleville. Charles W. Thomas, attorney for property owner, says that the paving of Jackson and Jackson streets, says it does. And the people do not know which to believe.

Work was stopped a few days on the streets which were torn up and it was feared that they were going to be left in that condition. The people have charge for the work begun they have forfeited their right to object. It is for this reason, he says, that the Milford decision does not apply. But still the city of Belleville has a petition for rehearing in the Milford case, and it is understood in Belleville that in there is a final decision in the Milford case.

### FIFTEEN ROOMS FOR PRINCE.

Representative of Japanese Royal Will Head Large Party.

Fifteen rooms at the Buckingham club have been reserved for Prince Sandanaru and his suite, who are expected to arrive in St. Louis next Saturday night.

The suite is located on the second or parlor floor of the hotel. Manager N. E. Sage says the apartments will be elaborately furnished for the representative of Japan.

Whether the whisky would have eased the dying woman's pains or prolonged her life will never be known, for the physician, Dr. State of Illinois avenue and Fifth street was deprived of the opportunity of making the test.

The girl had swallowed the poison and was found by Mrs. Emma Crenshaw, with whom she lived, in her room, suffering great pain. Immediately the physician was summoned and he reached into his medicine case and pulled out a half pint bottle of whisky to use as an antidote.

Mrs. Crenshaw stood near. The girl refused to open her mouth and Dr. State set the bottle down before he forced open her lips. Then he turned again for the bottle.

Mrs. Crenshaw had meanwhile taken a comfortable position on the floor and was

smacking her lips. "Think she'll live, doctor?" she inquired.

"No," replied the physician.

Mrs. Crenshaw told the coroner's jury

that she didn't want to see the whisky go to waste, and she didn't.

Disappointment in love is said to have caused the girl to end her life.

REID'S 411 to 415 N. Broadway.

We have two special brands in men's welted shoes that are unquestionably the best values in the world. All leathers, leading styles and suitable for every occasion. Try them.

\$3 and \$3.50

Try our boys', misses' and children's Wearwell School Shoes. For solid comfort and actual service they have no equal.

VINCENNES VIA EXCURSION B. & O. S-W. November 20. 300-Mile Ride \$1.50 Low Rates to Intermediate Points.

## HOT SHOES FOR COLD FEET.

COLD FEET  
are  
unknow

to all  
who wear  
Brandt's  
Shoes.  
They are  
sure  
antidotes  
for all  
degrees  
of cold.  
An ounce  
of prevent  
tion is  
worth a  
pound of  
cure.

619, 621 and 623  
N. BROADWAY.

COLD FEET  
are liable  
to happen  
in the  
very best  
regulated  
families.  
Cold feet  
are the  
founda-  
tion of  
many  
serious  
ailments.

NO COLD FEET if you wear  
Ladies' Felt Juliets—gray fur  
trimmed, neat, plain opera  
toe, turn sole, medium  
heel—colors, green and  
wine—all sizes.....\$2.00

NO COLD FEET if you wear  
Ladies' Felt Juliets—colors, black,  
brown, green and wine;  
fur trimmed, opera toe,  
medium heel, turn sole—  
all sizes.....\$1.50

NO COLD FEET if you wear  
Ladies' Felt Juliets—black, fur-trimmed,  
broad toe, low heel,  
turn sole—colors, black,  
brown and wine—all sizes.....\$1.00

NO COLD FEET if you wear  
Ladies' Dongola Tongue Slipper, red  
flannel lined, plain  
round toe, medium  
broad heel—all sizes.....\$1.25

NO COLD FEET if you wear  
Ladies' "Columbia" Felt Slipper, colors  
brown, green and wine;  
narrow bow on vamp—all  
sizes.....\$1.00

Keep the Little Folks'  
Feet Warm.

Children's Felt Juliets  
and Misses' Felt Juliets,  
Tongue Slipper—patent leather tip  
and heel foxing—  
turn sole—  
11½ to 2...\$1.15  
8½ to 11...\$1.00  
5 to 8....90c

11½ to 2—.75c  
8½ to 11...70c  
5 to 8....65c

A Radiator of Warmth  
and Comfort.

Ladies' Crocheted Wool Slipper, heavy lambs'  
fleece sole—colors red,  
black and brown—  
75c

BLACK CLOTH GAITERS.  
For Ladies—  
Seven Button...25c  
Seven Buttons—  
higher grade...50c  
For Men—  
At 50c have Six  
Buttons.  
At 85c have Eight  
Buttons.

WARM FEET when you wear  
Brandt's Men's Felt Columbia or  
Tongue Slipper—has  
leather sole and heel  
—all sizes.....\$1.25

WARM FEET when you wear  
Brandt's "Men's Footwarmer," is  
an Everett with heavy  
flecked lining—  
\$1.10

WARM FEET when you wear  
Brandt's popular "Cold Register,"  
a fine felt Everett,  
with felt sole and no  
heel—all sizes.....\$1.00

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SUNDAY

POST-DISPATCH

MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS,

SUNDAY,

NOVEMBER 13, 1904.



PHOTOS BY  
KANDELER BRO.,  
REMBRANDT STUDIO,  
ST. LOUIS.



The Pictures of Mrs. Horace Rumsey That Imperial Commissioner Lewald Will Take Back With Him to Germany.

THE Kaiser's special envoy to the World's Fair is a bachelor, and, in the opinion of a number of people, a desirable party from a matrimonial point of view. During his stay in St. Louis he has made a small but select collection of photographs of beautiful women he has met, and the story goes that these are to be privately shown to the Kaiser, for whom the pictures were secured. Dr. Lewald has not explained precisely what he is going to do with them. A curious fact is that some pictures of married women are included. Foremost among these in eliciting the admiration of Dr. Lewald are two beautiful portraits of Mrs. Horace Rumsey of St. Louis. "A Typical American Beauty" is what one distinguished foreign critic has said of Mrs. Rumsey. She has been much admired by distinguished foreigners in World's Fair Society, and now bids fair to acquire a reputation in Europe.

# A Pictured Song of Patriotism

**A Wholesome Note in the Midst of the Decadent Pictures of the Belgian Exhibit at the World's Fair**

**"A Flemish Song Between Two Decks"**



ELGIAN painters and poets are fond of problem. They love symbol and use it often to suggest an interpretation or deduction that is startling in its cynicism. Your symbolist, your searcher after the unknowable, your solver of the deeper whys of life likes to deal with death. And so the Belgian painters whose pictures are in the Fine Arts exhibition at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition deal in many instances with death. There is a grisly picture of cadavers, made doubly horrible by association with beautiful life in a symbolic rendering of youth, maturity and decay. There are others that repel—wield landscapes and murderous scenes.

In this neurotic group there are a few distinctly good pictures of the wholesome school, wherein there is capacity for joy and sorrow, but no need for the services of the alienist. "An Old Flemish Song Between Two Decks" is a picture of uni-



versal sentiment, enhanced by its hanging near the works of men who suffer from diseased sensibilities.

**A** ROUND a youth who wears a smock and a shapeless felt hat are seated three old men and a younger member of the elders, a boy and a girl. The youth is singing a song of patriotism, a song of war, a song of deeds. There is a touch of ecstasy in his face and in the gesture of his finely painted hand and also a touch of restraint as of one who would not be too free

to show the heart that is in him before the fathers.

The woman plays a fife accompaniment, caring little for the song and much for the singer. Her eyes are on him not alone to aid her ear and keep in time, but because her eyes love to dwell upon that face. A man plays a drum without enthusiasm, but in time.

The boy, listening, dreams of the time when he shall be able to sing that song or do the deeds it tells of, sword swinging, or charging, holding aloft the flag of his nation or dying in its defense. To the oldest men come dreams of past fervor, of days when they had strength to

fight. The younger is awakened by the sentiment and considers how he may use his strength for the cause of country and of home.

The painter insists that these men are seamen. They have the look of those who face the winds, the hard ruggedness of the men who are able to survive in the terrible daily fight with the demon of salt seas. The painter is over insistent; he has placed the group below the main deck, a hatch open just above the singer to let the light bring him out brightly important, and reflect upon the white cap and kerchief of the girl who loves him.

It might be a song of revolution the youth sings; the scene might be a cellar cabaret in Paris. The fisher aspect of the men, their accessories of clothes and the further accessory of ship's hold give but slightly the aspect the painter intended. There is less of the distinctively Flemish atmosphere. It is a picture that should be entitled "The Marseillaise," or at least "A Song of Patriotism." It does not depend on the catalogued features for its interest. It has a universal appeal; as does the music of fife and drum heard in any land, played by France, Russia, Hottentot or Igorrote.

## Plan to Boom Portland Exposition

**A** CORRESPONDENT of the Portland Oregonian suggests an ingenious plan for the boozing of the Lewis and Clark Exposition. He points out that every person living in Oregon or within a radius likely to be affected by the fair would write a letter to every friend and relative in the East and middle West and explain the unique features of the fair or show up some of the far Northwest's resources, the advertising would be valuable. But, as the Oregonian's correspondent points out, it would be too much trouble for the ordinary individual to hunt out the statistics and marshal the most convincing facts. So, he suggests that a committee from the fair officials, made up of men representing the various important interests of the region, set about preparing a half dozen or so forms of letters, each devoted to a particular interest. These forms should be varied enough to seem to be the spontaneous outpouring of the writer, well informed and enthusiastic. Mr. Jones of Clackamas might write to Mr. Hiram Jones of Pike County, Mo., consulting his "form" somewhat in this style:

"Dear Friend Hiram: I write these few lines to let you know that we are all well and hope that you all are the same. The forests of Oregon, which furnish forth those tall masts of Oregon pine seen wherever the shipping of the nations ply, are practically boundless in extent. Many opportunities for investment are waiting to be embraced. Mandy says to tell Sarah to be sure and write and tell her about Little Joe. Love to all. JOHN HENRY JONES."

A hint to the people of Portland that should be taken is that in all letters sent from that place a reference to Portland as the "Rose City" should be included. An intimation that these letters be turned over to local papers by the recipients is also to be incorporated, if not in the body of the letter, at least in a P. S. By such care to detail and by keeping a list of all persons to whom these correspondence forms are sent, and the supplying of complete individual letters to the wholly illiterate or the incurably lazy this ingenious boozing would put a knowledge of the Oregon pine, Oregon hops or Oregon wheat into every home in the country. There is imagination back of this.

A small country-bustery near Boston, in Lincolnshire, England, can show a curious sight. The exterior of the house is covered with ivy. This has found its way through the bricks and invaded the interior of the taproom. The proprietress has now trained the ivy so that it has spread all around the room and the unusual sight can be witnessed of ivy growing inside a room.

## ITALY'S TRAGEDY OF THE BONMARTINI PALACE

**R**UMURRI, professor of the University of Bologna, Senator at Rome, is perhaps the first physician in Italy. He has an only son and an only daughter, the one a magistrate, the other a countess. Today, while the father stands in his high position at the University of Bologna, the children stand in an iron cage at Turin, on trial for murder.

It is one of the tragic stories which outrival fiction. The great detective stories are tame compared with it. No novelist has ever brought into a book so many amazing situations as make up the great Bologna mystery which is now being slowly solved. It is the simplest and oldest of stories—the story of an unhappy marriage; but from this commonplace of tragedy emerges a web of mystery such as only fate and love can weave.

Theodolinda Murri, the physician's daughter, married Count Bonmartini, the head of an old Roman Catholic house, and one of the wealthiest men in Bologna. It would have been better for both if the marriage had not taken place. That is all that need be said. Whether the Count was, as some say, a man of simple tastes and religious tendencies, made unhappy by the gaiety of his wife; or whether, as others declare, he was a cruel man who deserved his fate, matters nothing now. Two children were born before the home was broken up, and the Countess lived with them in Venice while her husband remained in his palace at Bologna. Once there was a glimpse of hope, and the two came together again; but it flickered out, and when next Bologna began to talk of the Bonmartini, the Count was dead. He was murdered in his palace.

Fate, the great dramatist, lays its situations well. Bologna was baffled by the tragedy in the Bonmartini Palace. The Countess was living in Venice with her children; the Count had arrived at the palace late one night, gone to his room, and was never again seen alive. For two days the door of his room remained closed; then the servants informed the authorities, and it was Tullio Murri, brother of the Countess, a magistrate and Municipal Councilor, who received their report. Tullio Murri called the police, took them with him to the palace, burst open the door of the Count's room and found the Count's body, stabbed to death. Tullio Murri, the Municipal Councilor, registered what he had seen, authorized the police to remove the corpse from the room, locked the door and took away the key. At this moment Tullio Murri stands by his sister's side, charged with the murder of the Count.

But the strange truth of this drama was hidden as yet. Theodolinda hurried from Venice to her father's house, outside Bologna, where public and private sympathy was

The Midnight Murder of a Roman Noble, for Which His Widow, Her Brother and the Man Charged With Striking the Fatal Blow Are Now in Prison—A Story of Married Misery, Guilty Love, Conspiracy and Crime.

showered upon them. Prof. Murri, with his wife and their son and daughter, went to Switzerland. Tullio Murri remained there, but the rest returned home. They found the police at Bologna following up new clews, and the newspapers announcing that Dr. Pio Naldi, a great friend of Tullio Murri, was arrested for the crime. It was one of the incredible things that defy belief, but the doctor's confession of a share in the crime was the beginning of a series of sensational events. Dr. Naldi, it has been established, struck the blow which killed the Count, but he was not the only person guilty of the murder.

Years before, when Theodolinda Murri had lived at home with her father, she had been in love with her father's assistant, Dr. Seochi, and she loved him still. A few nights before the tragedy, Dr. Seochi visited the Countess in Venice, taking with him Rosina Bonetti, a friend of the countess and her brother's mistress. To her the Countess gave the key of the Bonmartini Palace in Bologna. And thus it happened that, arriving at his palace late at night, the count was received in his own room by three assassins. Two of them, Dr. Naldi confessed, were himself and Rosina Bonetti. Who the third assassin was he would not say.

Then, all Italy awoke one morning to wonder at an amazing thing. Prof. Murri wrote a letter denouncing his son and accusing him of the murder of Count Bonmartini. The next scene was at Prof. Murri's house. His daughter was staying there, and the police, with a warrant for her arrest, called upon the professor. They do things differently in Italy, and when for the first time the poor professor heard that his daughter was suspected, there were whole crowds of police and whole crowds of reporters around his daughter's room. The Countess opened the door in her dressing gown and invited them all—father, mother, reporters, police—to enter. She was told that she was under arrest.

"We all wept," wrote one of the reporters in his paper, "but Theodolinda calmly dressed, brushed her hair, and, with incredulous cynicism, slowly cleaned her teeth." Then, placing herself in the hands of the police, she left her father's

house, the home of her childhood, for a prison cell.

With the Countess and Dr. Naldi in prison, the arrests of Tullio Murri, Rosina Bonetti and Dr. Seochi followed as natural events. For two years—the Count was murdered in August, 1902—the police have been completing their chain of evidence against the conspiracy of assassins. It is said, on the one hand, that the Countess, finding life with her husband intolerable, and being in love with Dr. Seochi, applied to him for poison with which to end her husband's life. The poison twice failed however, and was rejected in favor of the knife. Dr. Naldi, an expert surgeon, was bribed to commit the murder—he has confessed that he took from the dead man a purse with a thousand francs. Tullio Murri, on the other hand, has declared that he went to the Bonmartini Palace to reprove his brother-in-law for his cruel treatment of the Countess, and that in the quarrel which followed the Count fell upon a knife.

It will probably be proved that the five prisoners conceived the plot and prepared for it; that the Countess, anxious to marry her lover, Dr. Seochi, gave Rosina Bonetti the key of her husband's palace; and that Rosina Bonetti kept watch while Tullio Murri beat the Count down and Dr. Naldi, the bribed assassin, stabbed him. But the unweaving of this tangled web will not be as simple as this. It may take three months to reach the end of this great trial, in which 21 lawyers are engaged and nearly four hundred witnesses will be called. The letters bearing upon the plot fill 35 folio volumes, and the scope of the investigation may be imagined from the character, as well as the number, of those who will give evidence.

There are among the witnesses ministers, senators, deputies, bishops, army officers, noblemen, physicians, specialists, professors, artists, nuns and writers.

The prisoners are a strange spectacle in their iron cage. Theodolinda Murri is not a beautiful woman, but she is notable, with jet black hair, and is only 23. The other woman, Rosina Bonetti, the servant girl, who helped the assassins in their work, is a paralytic and was carried into court by gendarmes. Tullio Murri is a young, athletic-looking man, unmarried and of great ability. It is said that he has written a novel while in jail. Dr. Seochi, whose love affair with the Countess is probably the first cause of this tragedy, is a professor as well as a physician.

Among all the notable figures which this case has brought into prominence none is so pitiful, so tragic, yet so innocent, as the odd figure of the professor whose only son and only daughter are in the iron cage.

## This Aged Peer a Polo Enthusiast

**T**HREE is no keener sportsman in the British peerage than the Earl of Harrington, whose favorite diversion is that of playing polo on the aristocratic Hurley Club's grounds. Polo is a game which demands great activity, skill and nerve, and few men are any good at it after they are 40. Lord Harrington was 60 last January, though he doesn't look a day over 50, and still plays the game with as much vigor and enthusiasm as men only half his age.

Time has dealt kindly with him because he has always led the life that makes for health. He is a hard rider to hounds, and at Gedling, in Notts, keeps his own pack of foxhounds—53 couples. He met with a bad accident a year or so ago in the hunting field, but that has not caused him to slacken his pace any when in the saddle. He is also an enthusiastic yachtsman and a first-class amateur skipper. He always takes part in the races at Cowes, where he maintains a residence—Stanhope Lodge—that is famed for its hospitality.

If fortune had not blessed him with an estate of 12,000 acres and lots of money he might have acquired fame—or at least have made a living—as an inventor. He has invented, among other things, an automatic gate opener and a motor mowing machine, for he aims at being up-to-date in cultivating his own fields and farms. He puts on no airs and is not above adding something to his income by engaging in the green grocery business. In a little Chipping Cross shop anybody can buy fruits and flowers which come from his Derbyshire seat, Elvaston Castle, which is famous for its topiary gardens.

His wife, Lady Harrington, is Lord Carrington's young sister, a handsome woman of the blond type, possessing all the grace and charm that make the members of her family such favorites with royalty. They have no children, and the heir to the titles and estates is Lord Harrington's brother, the Hon. Fitzroy Stanhope.

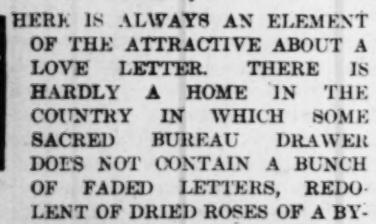
The Sultan of Turkey sleeps only two or three hours out of the 24, and then when some one is reading to him a musician is performing in the adjacent room. This insomnia, which is chronic, has been brought about by long fear of assassination. A light is always burning in his room, and Ismet Bey, his foster-brother and grand master of the imperial wardrobe, sleeps with him in the same chamber. Ismet Bey is the most trusted member of the Sultan's suite; and as he closely resembles his master in appearance he not infrequently impersonates Abdul Hamid on those occasions on which the Sultan appears in public ceremonies where a risk of assassination is involved.

# THE ROMANCE OF A BUSHEL OF LOVE LETTERS

*They Figure in the Remarkable Love Affair Between George Potter and Sarah Ham and Now Win for Her a Verdict of \$20,000 Damages -- A Courtship That Extended Through 29 Years--Scenes Laid in St. Louis.*



GEO. A. POTTER.



HERE IS ALWAYS AN ELEMENT OF THE ATTRACTIVE ABOUT A LOVE LETTER. THERE IS HARDLY A HOME IN THE COUNTRY IN WHICH SOME SACRED BUREAU DRAWER DOES NOT CONTAIN A BUNCH OF FADED LETTERS, REDOLENT OF DRIED ROSES OF A BY-

POTTER, river clerk, and Sarah Ham, daughter of the gruff river captain, slowly ripened into friendship, then into love. The second time the young clerk appeared he asked the girl to accompany him on a drive. The girl was shy, hesitated, refused; the old captain laughed loud and long at her reticence and shyness, bade her accompany him. The young man and proudly watched them out of his sight. That night marked the entrance of love into the life of 17-year-old Sarah Ham.

It was four years later that the message reached her in St. Louis. These had been eventful years. The young girl's love had been won by Potter. When he was away she sent him the tenderest letters, brimful of love. She received like letters in reply. One day one of her letters, addressed as usual to Potter at Eau Claire, fell into the hands of Mrs. Potter. For Potter was married and had been for some time. There was a scene and tragedy entered into Sarah Ham's life.

Yet for 30 years the love of Sarah Ham for George Potter continued. The pretty girl matured into a handsome woman, the passing years rounded out her figure, they heightened her color, then, slowly but surely, Time scratched little lines about her eyes, memoranda of the work he was yet to do, the wrinkles he was to place in her once rounded cheeks. The pretty brown hair began to gray. Sarah Ham was becoming a middle-aged woman.

All this time, first in Eau Claire and then in Duluth,

George Potter was leading a dual life—a Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde existence. At home he was the respected, honored man of family, with a loving, trusting wife. He was

respected and honored. None stood higher in the community. He was held up to young people as a model on which to pattern their lives. At Eau Claire and Duluth,

George Potter was Dr. Jekyll. But at Dubuque, Chicago, Winona, St. Paul, St. Louis, from the head of the Mississippi down to where the New Orleans packets cease their long northern journey, George Potter was Mr. Hyde. Dr. Jekyll stayed at home, Mr. Hyde roved.

As the years passed the hopes of the girl and woman,

who still loved Potter, were buoyed by promises of marriage as soon as circumstances would permit. For 30 years she lived in hope. She was not to be blamed. There were

Potter's love letters. They breathed loyalty, love, devotion.

How could she read such letters without hope silencing the ache at the heart?

"Darling: You can't imagine how lonely I felt. I

couldn't sleep from thinking of my darling girl. O, if I

had you for my very own how happy I would be."

Well, Pet, I will close, assuring you of my whole heart's

devotion. Always your George."

"My Darling: I think of you in all my hours of waking

and dream of you while sleeping. I miss you so much, but

my love only grows stronger by separation. Even if we

were always poor, you always said you could live in a

log cabin and wear calico dresses for me. Now, darling,

assure you I will always be your own true loving George."

"My precious Sadie: I worked last night until 11:30

o'clock, but I won't have to always. When I am rich, and

I will be some day, then we can be together. When I

do have plenty of money I will consider you as owning

half of it. It is so hard to be away from you, loving

half as I do. Believe me, ever your loving but unhappy

George."

"My Darling Sadie: You should not complain because I

do not write you often enough. Last week I wrote you

every day and some days I sent you two or three letters.

I read what you said in your last letter about having to

tear paper out of the Bible to write it on. I will send

you some paper so that you need not do that any more,

My darling, I am ever your loving George."

"My Darling: I want you to be my own true little

girl, forever and forever. And I want you to let me be

your own true lover forever and forever."

Those were the love letters of those early days of

trust. As the years passed Potter prospered, money

came from whatever he attempted. Still Sarah Ham

waited at her Dubuque home, devoted to her aging father,

and gave her love to George Potter.

The passing of the years did not lessen the intensity of

the love letters. Those already given were written early

in the courtship—1875, 1876 and 1877. But the date really

makes little difference in the contexts. Years passed, a

new decade began, still the girl loved and hoped, for these

later letters read thus:

"My Darling Love: We have loved each other for a good

many years, have we not? Do you ever think of that?

"MISS SARAH E. HAM, St. Louis, Mo.: If you have a spark of love left in you for me, for God's sake come back. George A. Potter."

It was more than a quarter of a century ago that this message, delivered to a pretty, 24-year-old girl in St. Louis, changed her life plans. This message is still in existence today. Faded, crumpled, blurred with tears, it was read before hundreds of auditors in a Minnesota court a few days ago. The jury heard it with wet eyes. It was the beginning of a heart tragedy.

When Sarah Ham received that message in St. Louis, in 1876, she was a heart-broken girl. The news that her lover was false to her, that he belonged to another, was but a few days old. For four years she had known, trusted and loved him. Then came the blighting truth. The man she loved was married, had been married for years.

When Sarah Ham learned the truth she went away from the home of her lifetime. A dear friend in St. Louis knew her grief and sheltered her. She intended to stay there a few days, then journey on to Denver and somewhere in the great and boundless West to lose herself in forgetfulness. She was ready for the western journey when fate, in the form of a messenger boy, rang the doorbell. He brought a telegram for Miss Ham.

"If you have a spark of love left—come back for God's sake."

The next train carried Sarah Ham back to Dubuque and to the man she loved.

From St. Louis to the headwaters of the Mississippi, a quarter of a century ago, no riverman was better known than Capt. Ham. He had been one of the pioneers of the upper Mississippi. Real estate speculator and mine owner, river captain, his hearty hall had sounded from the Chain of Rocks to Multnomah Falls. Fortnightly his vessel tied up at St. Louis with a rich cargo unloaded, reloaded and puffed away from the levees on its homeward journey. Rapidly Capt. Ham acquired wealth. He built a magnificent home on a high bluff overlooking the Mississippi at Dubuque. There he reared his family. There, in 1855, had come, to brighten the home, a girl baby, and they named her Sarah. She grew to be the life and the light of the home. Every time the rugged captain's boat rounded into view a little girl stood on the bluff and waved a white handkerchief and the captain never forgot to wave reply.

So the family life passed on in peace and happiness for 17 years. Sarah Ham was a pretty wisp of a girl of 17, with the wind-swept freshness of the great river in her cheeks and the sparkle of an outdoor life in her eyes, when one evening there came to the Ham home a young man, a clerk on one of the boats plying the upper river. He asked for lodgings over night. Such a request had never been denied. No riverman but was welcome there. Many a name glorious in river annals is associated with the old house. Such men as Samuel R. Van Sant, governor of Minnesota today, were frequent visitors there and were "put up" over night and partook of the generous river hospitality. There was nothing unusual in the arrival of the young clerk or in his request.

An acquaintance begun that evening between Geo.

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"My Darling Sadie: I worked last night until 11:30

o'clock, but I won't have to always. When I am rich, and

I will be some day, then we can be together. When I

do have plenty of money I will consider you as owning

half of it. It is so hard to be away from you, loving

half as I do. Believe me, ever your loving but unhappy

George."

"My precious Sadie: I think of you in all my hours of waking

and dream of you while sleeping. I miss you so much, but

my love only grows stronger by separation. Even if we

were always poor, you always said you could live in a

log cabin and wear calico dresses for me. Now, darling,

assure you I will always be your own true loving George."

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# A SHOWER of DECORATIONS FOR "D. R. F."



**Kings and Governments of Europe Honor President Francis With Orders of Distinction — America Follows Suit With University Degrees, Badges of Fraternal, Military, Collegiate and Other Societies — Most Profusely Decorated Man In the Country**

ADRIAN R. FRANCIS IS PROBABLY THE MOST ELABORATELY DECORATED MAN IN AMERICA. IF HE WORE ALL HIS DECORATIONS AT ONE TIME HE WOULD OUTSHINE A CIRCUS BAND-WAGON AND TINKLE LOUDER THAN A CHIME OF MUSICAL GLASSES. AN ATTEMPT TO PHOTOGRAPH HIM THUS IN THE OPEN SUNLIGHT WOULD THREATEN AN EXPLOSION FROM SOLAR HEAT ACTING ON BRILLIANT METALS. ONE COULDNT CONTEMPLATE HIM WITHOUT WEARING GLASSES.

IT'S A TRIBUTE TO MR. FRANCIS' WORTH THAT THIS IS SO. KINGS AND PRINCES AND OTHER POTENTATES HAVE DELIGHTED TO DO HIM HONOR. THEIR WAY OF DOING HONOR IS TO CONFER A DECORATION. THESE HAVE BEEN SHOWERED ON MR. FRANCIS SINCE THE WORLD'S FAIR MOVEMENT BEGAN. SUCH GLITTERING ORDERS AS THE RED EAGLE OF PRUSSIA, THE CROWN OF ITALY, THE LEOPOLD I OF BELGIUM, THE SUN AND LION OF PERSIA, THE DOUBLE DRAGON OF CHINA AND THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR OF FRANCE HAVE FALLEN UPON HIM, OR ARE NOW FALLING, IN A REGULAR RAIN OF METEORIC SPLENDOR, AND SOME OF THEM CARRY THE OBLIGATION OF SPECIAL COSTUME WITH THEM. IF, FOR INSTANCE, HE WOULD PROPERLY WEAR THE RED EAGLE OF PRUSSIA HE MUST ALSO WEAR A GAUDY UNIFORM, OF WHICH SILK KNICKERBOCKERS OF RAINBOW HUE CONSTITUTE A JOYOUS FEATURE.

ST. LOUIS HOPES SOME DAY TO SEE MR. FRANCIS IN ALL THIS GLORY.

IT IS A NATURAL AND PARDONABLE YEARNING. FOR MANY YEARS THE PRESIDENT OF THE L. P. E. HAS BEEN "OUR DAVE" TO ST. LOUIS PEOPLE. IT WAS SO WHEN HE WAS PRESIDENT OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE. IT WAS SO WHEN HE BECAME MAYOR OF ST. LOUIS. IT WAS SO WHEN A GRATEFUL PEOPLE PROMOTED HIM TO BE GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI. IT WAS SO WHEN PRESIDENT CLEVELAND APPOINTED HIM SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR. IT WAS SO WHEN HE WAS CHOSEN TO BE PRESIDENT OF THE L. P. E., THE MASTER SPIRIT OF THE WORLD'S FAIR. IT WILL ALWAYS BE SO. HE IS "OUR DAVE."

AND NOTHING'S TOO GOOD FOR HIM.

THAT'S WHY ST. LOUISANS REFUSED TO BE SURPRISED WHEN FOREIGN DECORATIONS BEGAN RAINING DOWN ON MR. FRANCIS. THEY SAW NO REASON WHY THESE DISTINGUISHED ORDERS SHOULDN'T COME HIS WAY. BLESS YOUR SOUL, IF THE EMPEROR OF CHINA SAW IT TO MAKE HIM A BROTHER OF THE SUN, FIRST COUSIN TO THE MOON AND BOSS MANDARIN OF THE ENTIRE PLANETARY SYSTEM, IT WOULD BE ALL RIGHT. "DAVE" COULD STAND IT—AND SO COULD ST. LOUIS.

IT LOOKS LIKE THEY'RE TRYING TO DO THIS, TOO.

THE ONLY WAY IN THE WORLD FOR MR. FRANCIS TO ESCAPE THE HAIL OF DECORATIONS IS TO CARRY A RAISED UMBRELLA OF SHEET-IRON AND RUN BETWEEN THE SHOWERS. FOR THEY'RE CERTAINLY AFTER HIM, THE KINGS AND POTENTATES AND GOVERNMENTS OF EUROPE, WITH MEDALS TO BESTOW. SOME OF THEM HAVE CAUGHT HIM AND PUT THEIR BRAND ON HIM ALREADY. OTHERS FEEL THAT THEY MUST DO THE SAME. IF THE FUROR KEEPS UP, ONE OF THE MOST PATHETIC AFTERMATH PICTURES OF THE WORLD'S FAIR WILL BE THAT OF MR. FRANCIS AGAIN BEING SOILED, DAY AFTER DAY, AND SOMETHING RICH AND SHINY PINNED ONTO HIM AS HIS PITEOUS CRIES FILL THE AIR.

THEY'RE EVIDENTLY DETERMINED TO DO IT, EVEN IF THEY HAVE TO ENGAGE MATADORS AND PIEDRAS AND TOREADORS AND MAKE A SORT OF BULLFIGHT AFFAIR OF IT, WITH MR. FRANCIS AS THE BULL. THAT'S THE FINAL PENALTY OF BEING PRESIDENT OF THE WORLD'S FAIR.

"COME UP HERE, DAVE," THESE FOREIGNERS WILL SAY TO MR. FRANCIS, EACH WITH A LONG AND SHARP-POINTED DECORATION

IN HIS HAND. "YOU'VE HAD YOUR INNINGS WITH US, AND NOW IT'S OUR TURN. WHOA, THERE, SOHO, STEADY NOW—DAD BLAME YOU, QUIT KICKING!"—AND LO AND BEHOLD, THEY JAB ANOTHER DECORATION ONTO HIM!

Honestly, Mr. Francis has been covered all over with medals and there are many more yet to come. It isn't Europe exclusively that's doing the decorating stunt. American fraternal orders, commercial bodies, the various cities that have celebrated their special days at the Fair, college fraternities, military societies—they've all had a whack at him. Stars and crosses and crescents and bars and crests and 'scutcheons—great Caesar's ghost, Mr. Francis has 'em to burn! They'd occupy every square inch of his mortal frame till Capt. Costentenus, the tattooed Greek of Barnum's day, wouldn't be a marker to him.

The foreign decorations are in the majority.

And there's every good reason why Mr. Francis should

be proud of his foreign decorations. If ever he goes abroad again he'll be IT in every capital of Europe. It'll be just like King Edward of England on tour—a change of uniform and medals for every frontier crossed.

"Where are we now, Pete?" Mr. Francis will say to his valet. "In Italy? Good! Gimme that Crown of Italy breastpin and the slashed doublet suit and long cloak and hat with the plumes in it. Here we are—viva eviva Italia!"

Or: "Here, Pete, what boundary line was that we just crossed? Persia? Trot out that Sun and Lion and rig me up in the silk turban and robe and crimson slippers and hand over that volume of Omar Khayyam—ah, there, Persian, old girl!"

And so it would go on through all his journeys. Not a country could he invade but Mr. Francis would have in stock the decoration and the special garb appropriate for a distinguished recipient of that country's most highly-prized official favors. In so far as membership in exclusive foreign bodies of honor is concerned, the President of the L. P. E. is perhaps without a rival. He's the most glittering cosmopolite on the world's stage today.

All due, as has been pointed out, to his personal worth and his position as the World's Fair's master spirit and animating influence.

The decorating of Mr. Francis began when Prince Henry of Prussia visited St. Louis a year and more ago and was so lavishly entertained by the World's Fair people and the municipality of St. Louis. The President of the L. P. E. was naturally the foremost figure among the hosts of that occasion and when Prince Henry returned to Germany and told his brother William, the Kaiser, what a bully boy he had while in St. Louis, the head of the Hohenzollern family felt that the St. Louisans who had been so hospitable to Henry should be royally rewarded.

Mr. Francis was first on the list, receiving from the Emperor of Germany, in the latter's capacity of King of Prussia, the insignia of the Red Eagle of Prussia, one of the coveted honors of Europe's nobility.

He did not at the same time receive the Joseph's-coat uniform and the rainbow pantaloons that go with the decoration, but these things are matters only for a tailor's attention. They can be provided at short notice any time that Mr. Francis may see occasion to wear them.

It is a beautiful decoration, this of the Red Eagle of Prussia, and one that any man could wear with as much pride as that felt by a boy when he puts on his first pair of red-top boots. The medal bears a white Maltese cross with red eagles between the arms, and in the center it has a golden plaque with the royal initials, "F. W. R." and the motto, "Sincere et Constante." It is suspended by a white ribbon with two orange stripes. The order was founded in 1705 and was revived in 1712. In 1734 it was reorganized and was raised by Frederick William II to the

officer and chevalier or knight. The degree that will be conferred on President Francis has not yet been determined. A stipend is attached to each degree and any member of the order is entitled to a military funeral in France.

The Order of the Double Dragon, which Vice-Commissioner Carl says will surely be conferred on President Francis by the Chinese Emperor, is of military origin, has five grades, and was established in 1865 in order to reward European naval and military officers who had been of service to China. In 1882 the order was extended to other classes, and President Francis is now eligible. The badge of the order is a fancy, eight-cornered medal, inclosing a golden circle, within which are two dragons facing each other on opposite sides of a smaller circle. Chinese inscriptions are borne on the face of the badge.

The order of Leopold I of Belgium is one copied closely after that of the Legion of Honor. It was founded in 1832

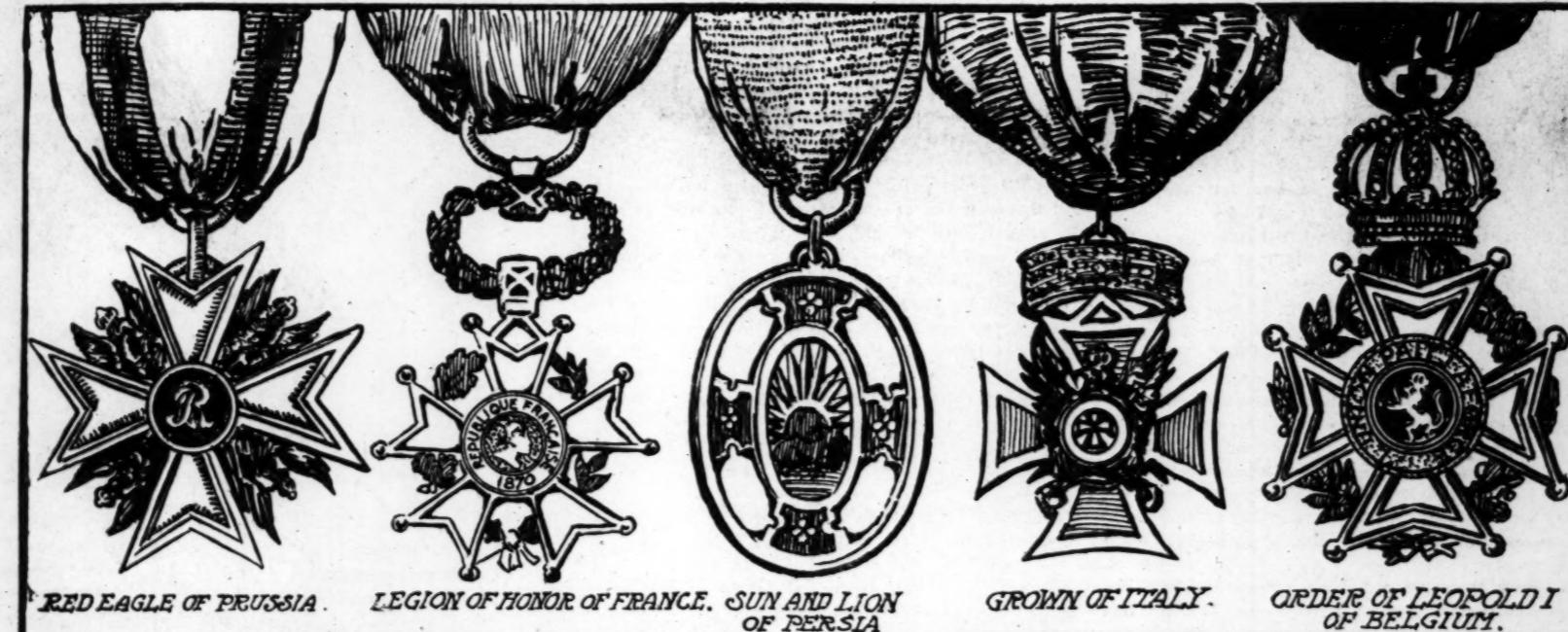
cross with wreath connecting arms and a circular plaque bearing a lion and lettered "L'Union Fait la Force." The badge is surmounted by a gold crown attached to a red ribbon.

Still another order with the badge of which President Francis has been decorated is that of the Sun and Lion of Persia. It, too, is in five classes, copied after the Legion of Honor, and was founded in 1808 as a general order, both civil and military, by Shah Feth Ali Khan. This medal was presented to President Francis by Shah Ed Din through his commissioner-general, Dikran Khan Kelejian, who arrived in the city specially on this mission. The presentation took place in the private office of the president, in the presence of several World's Fair directors and M. C. Seropyan, Persian consul to St. Louis. President Francis and Director Skiff of the Exposition are the first Americans to wear the coveted ribbon of the Shah. The Persian decoration consists of two ovals, one within the other, and the inner one bearing a blue field in which a golden lion and sun stand out in relief. The badge is suspended by a broad red silk ribbon worn diagonally across the breast. The medal is about four inches in diameter. In this case President Francis received the highest class, that of Grand Cordon, and the number of persons so honored by the Shah is extremely small. If President Francis should present himself at the court of the Shah he would be entitled to take his place among the Persian nobles by virtue of the decoration of the Sun and Lion.

The order of the Crown of Italy was conferred on President Francis by King Victor Emmanuel, through Baron Mayor des Planches, Italian Ambassador to the United States. The baron was accompanied by Commissioner-General Branchi and the presentation took place in the President's office at the Administration Building at the Fair. The ceremony took place in the presence of Secretary Stevens and other Exposition officers, and the president was made a grand officer of the Order of the Crown of Italy. A brief speech of acceptance was made.

This order was founded in 1860 by Victor Emmanuel II, in commemoration of the union of Italy, and is awarded "for personal merit" to foreigners as well as to natives of Italy. The decoration consists of a white cross with the Iron Crown of Lombardy, a black eagle and the Cross of Savoy.

Besides having been honored with these foreign decorations from kings and governments of the Old World, and the badges of countless fraternal, civic or industrial organizations in this country, President Francis has also received from the University of St. Louis the degree of LL. D. and will assuredly be distinguished in similar manner by other colleges and universities. Modesty on the part of the L. P. E.'s president makes him averse to discussing the honors that are thus being showered upon him, but he cannot escape the fame consequent upon being president of the first World's Fair of the twentieth century. He now bids fair to stand in the limelight of the world's stage as perhaps the most profusely decorated man in all history.



SOME OF THE DECORATIONS OF MR. FRANCIS

is proud of his foreign decorations. If ever he goes abroad again he'll be IT in every capital of Europe. It'll be just like King Edward of England on tour—a change of uniform and medals for every frontier crossed.

And now comes the word that the Legion of Honor of France and the Double Dragon of China are among the more distinguished orders that are to be given him. As

sure as these two honors await him has been given

the Sunday Post-Dispatch by the representatives of Presid-

ent Loubet and of the Chinese Emperor at the Fair.

Other orders as yet unannounced by the foreign potentates who will confer them doubtless await the Exposition's president, for such is the custom in connection with all great world's fairs. Some of them are to be given during the Fair, while others will not reach him till long after the Exposition's close. But all are to come as a recognition of meritorious offices in connection with the greatest Exposition the world has ever known.

A number of other rulers of other countries will decorate the World's Fair president. Among them may be the Mikado of Japan, the King of Sweden, the governments of Venezuela and Brazil, the Sultan of Turkey, old Menelik of Abyssinia.

Nor are these decorations being confined to the first man of the Exposition. His subordinates, the heads of departments and others connected with the Fair are thus being adorned with orders, some of which are conferred on few persons outside their native lands.

The decoration of the Legion of Honor consists of a five armed cross encircled with a wreath and inclosing a circular plaque bearing Napoleon's profile and lettered "Republique Francaise, 1870." It is suspended by a wreath link to a red silk ribbon.

The decoration of the Legion of Honor which President Francis is to receive from the government of France is the emblem of a military order founded by Napoleon when first consul in 1802. It was awarded "for personal merit," and is the only order existing today in France. President Loubet of the French republic is grand marshal of the Legion, whose membership has now been limited to something over 14,000. It is conferred on foreigners and there are five degrees—the grand cross, grand officer, commander,

at the Washington Hotel recently, given by M. and Mme. Carlier, representatives of King Leopold at the Fair, this order was conferred on President Francis. M. Francote, Secretary of State of Belgium, made the presentation speech and Baron Moncheur pinned the beautiful, diamond-studded ornament on the president's coat. The decoration given was that of a grand officer, the highest any person not a member of the royal family of Belgium may receive.

The Belgian decoration consists of a white Maltese

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WOMAN LAWYER CONDUCTS HUSBAND'S CASE

How Mrs. Potter of New York Secured a Rich Water-right Concession for Mr.

Fotter and Then Fought His Resultant Battle in the Court

sent a month. She had been there only a short time when she learned of a series of waterfalls some 20 miles south of the capital. At the same time she heard the business men of Toluca, one of the rapidly growing Mexican cities, complaining about the cost of light and power owing to the shortage of wood and the great cost of coal. The idea of utilizing the falls came to her at once.

"I would like to visit those falls of which you speak," she said to Gov. Villada. "How can I get to them?"

"I don't believe you can get to them," the governor replied. "It is a 20-mile ride over the roughest sort of country. A Mexican woman might do it, but I don't think you can."

"I am strong now and won't mind the hardship," Mrs. Potter returned. "What a Mexican woman can do, I can."

Her energy and assurance pleased the governor and he readily furnished an escort of rurales, as the Mexican mounted police are called. The trip was attended with some hardship, but Mrs. Potter never faltered. She examined the chain of falls and inquired into the sources from which they drew their water. They told her the flow was never ceaseless because of wonderful springs from which the water fell even in the driest seasons.

The falls are those of the San Pedro River and are located at the head of a narrow valley. The highest of the series is San Simon, which has a height of 220 feet. There is a fall of 70 feet in a mile. The power is being developed by the construction of a large reservoir and a power house with a line of wires into Toluca. When work on the system began Mrs. Potter returned to Toluca and took part in the opening ceremonies.

San Pedro Magazine - St. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH - November 13, 1914.

# Most Thrilling Feat of the World's Fair

Airship Navigator A. Roy Knabenshue, to Cure Himself of Dizziness at Great Heights, Slides 1000 Feet Down Rope From Captive Balloon to the Ground--He Describes His Sensations During the Perilous Adventure.

and he tells his own story of his first and heretofore unheralded flight through air for the first time to the Post-Dispatch Sunday Magazine.

BY A. ROY KNABENSHUE.

No, I was not born with any especially exalted ideas, other, it may be, than to fly high. Now, that notion took possession of my soul at a tender age, yet, strange to say, I never could quite get over the "dizzies" and must confess that I came to St. Louis still distressed by just a touch of that instinctive dread of looking down from a high place to solid earth. I say this notwithstanding my first leap into aeronautics from the barn roof, with my mother's bed sheets, at the adventurous age of "13 and," and one other experience in an actual cut-loose balloon ascension back in the good Buckeye state.

I came out to the World's Fair looking for adventure in

for all cure myself of any faint trace of the "quivers" that might serve to excite me at a time when I would need to be cool. I was not thoroughly balloon-broke. I would tackle that slim rope, right out in space, with nothing between me and hereafter but a few strands of manila hemp--no basket, no car, no steering gear--nothing but grip hard, stick tight and stay up.

Then there was reason No. 2. We reckoned that the rope slide, if I could get it down slick, might prove a drawing card for the aeronautic concourse, where no admission fee had been charged all summer, and that the Exposition people might see fit to pay me a price for the stunt daily.

You can imagine our surprise, therefore, when the Exposition people, instead of encouraging a repetition of the act, shut down on it entirely, declaring that it was too hazardous, that the Fair officials did not wish to have any killed under their contracts and that the event must

An unheralded act that surpasses the achievements which brought fame. ☺



the balloon line, but without the least assurance that I should find anything doing, and without entire confidence in my courage should opportunity arise.

I soon fell in with the people operating the captive balloon in the aeronautic concourse at the Fair. There was an opening, if not a full-grown opportunity. This might hatch something with wings some day, thinks I, and I hitched on.

I was with the captive balloon company several weeks, giving other people a boost up in the world, but keeping

be called off. That's why there has been only one rope slide from the captive balloon at the Fair--that and the fact that the first slide fixed the "dizzies" for me.

Well, we pulled the act off one Sunday. We chose that particular day because it was dead calm and there was no wind on the grounds to interfere in any way. If the feat was not satisfactorily accomplished and if the Exposition company did not approve, we decided, no publicity should be given the affair at that time.

It was Sunday, then, and so calm that the balloon rose straight away and pulled steady at its three-quarter-inch hemp cable, floating straight over the windlass platform. George Tomlinson, Louis Wohlz and Earl Pearce of the captive balloon company were on the ground and looked after the engine, cable and other apparatus. All was well below, I felt perfectly confident, and there was no thought of danger from above with the 12,000 cubic foot balloon tugging away at the cord and capable of lifting 750 pounds.

By the way, I weigh just 130, am five feet seven inches tall and am 29 years old. I'm a Buckeye boy and my father, S. S. Knabenshue, is editor of the Toledo Blade. I have been spoken of by a certain St. Louis paper as the matinee girls' idol, but I'm sure my wife and four children have not heard of this. Otherwise I might find it advisable to go up in a captive balloon and cut the rope.

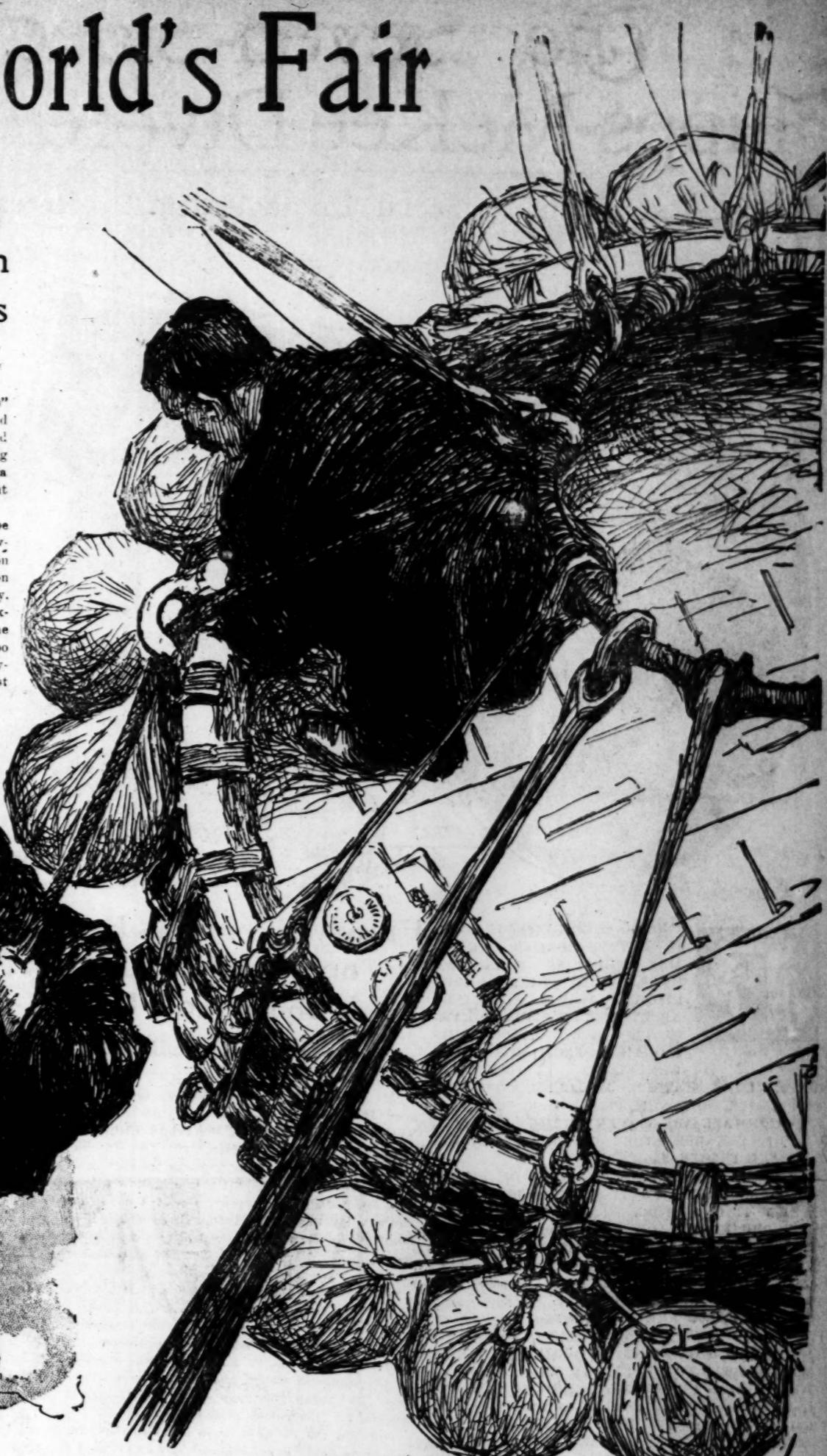
Well, F. P. Stevens, official admissions photographer of the Fair, was in the basket of the captive balloon on this day of the slide. He had his camera in action.

Now comes the act. The line was played out about twenty feet, then I grasped the rope and was lifted at that distance below the basket as the balloon shot upward. I had prepared for the friction by merely donning a pair of rough overalls in addition to my trousers. I wore good heavy shoes and went in my shirt sleeves and barehanded. This latter seems to surprise a good many people, but the trick in sliding is to throw the weight and friction on the feet and legs. With a weight at the bottom of your rope you have but to straighten out the leg stiff to put on brakes. With your rope loose below this would be impracticable.

The rope, then, passed alongside my right foot, around my right leg and up along my back. I threw my right hand upward and caught the rope above with a back-hold. It was in this attitude that the slide was made.

Before I had been lifted 200 feet I relaxed my leg hold by bending the knee and down I slipped. Whish! I went, like a meteor, but except for the passage of the smooth rope through my hand and the growing warmth along my leg it would have seemed that I was standing still in mid-air and that the earth was rising to meet me. It was full of sensations and thrills, yet it was all so swift and exciting that I had little time to philosophize or to enjoy the beauties of the situation. Of course, my mind was pretty much on just what I was doing, and the wonders of the World's Fair below and all about me were necessarily forgotten for the moment. I may have been staring straight at them, but I saw nothing. It was an instant of intense feeling. I heard nothing.

Do you know why? Well, there was a double reason. First and foremost, "hot air" was yielding to hydrogen and the airship men--Baldwin, Benbow, Reynolds and the Frenchman had begun to talk real business. There was Baldwin, for instance, weighing 210 pounds. I saw a chance dawning in the east and determined to once and



On went the balloon upward, the rope playing through my hand, and I kept sliding downward at a more rapid rate. I reached near the ground, but the rope was too hot to continue. I stiffened my leg and shot upward instantly with the rising rope again. Several times I had to do this, for the friction became great enough to scorch clothing and blister the skin if the slide is unbroken for more than 200 or 300 feet. I had to stop to cool off.

It was during these brief stops as I rose higher that I tried to enjoy the scene below me. But it was only

balloon stood ten hundred feet in air. At no time was I more than 200 feet high, but I slid the full 1000 feet of rope. People saw me from as far away as Vandeventer avenue. But it was all over in three minutes and I was down again, being congratulated by the boys on the ground. It was all over, a great "slide for life," and I was perfectly at home when I went up a few days later in the Baldwin airship for the first cut-loose flight at the World's Fair.

I have since learned that greater rope slides had previously been accomplished by two other men, hence another reason why nothing should be said of my effort. The experience of Ivy Baldwin and Simeon Nickels goes to show, however, that the trick is hazardous. At Los Angeles, in February, 1902, Nickels, a sailor, started to slide 1500 feet with a rubber hose grip, but when half way down stopped and asked to be pulled the rest of the way. Ivy Baldwin, at Denver, in August of the same year, slid 1500 feet from the giant captive balloon "Old Glory," and fainted away upon reaching the ground. He used a rubber hose grip, too, and declared that only an asbestos grip would be practicable, so great was the heat and danger of fire from friction.

## DESERTS OF THE SEA.

OCEANS, like continents, have their deserts. On the high seas there are vast spaces whose waves have never been parted by the prow of a sailing vessel, or lashed by the propeller of a steamer.

It is generally supposed that, by reason of the universal increase of maritime traffic, the sea is everywhere furrowed by vessels. That is a mistake.

The gradual but constant disappearance of sailing ships made the ocean more of a desert than before. The lines goes straight ahead, in defiance of wind and wave. The ocean highways are, therefore, anything but numerous. The most frequented of oceans is the Atlantic.

Apart from Polar seas, in its northern part there is only one desert zone--a dreary waste of waters between the routes from Europe to the United States or Canada and those from Europe to the Antilles. In the south, between the routes from South America or the western American coast and the routes from South Africa, extends a desert occasionally traversed by the steamers of the lines from Cape Town and Mozambique, which, when the coffee season is at its height in Brazil, cross the Atlantic for cargoes to Rio Janeiro or Santos.

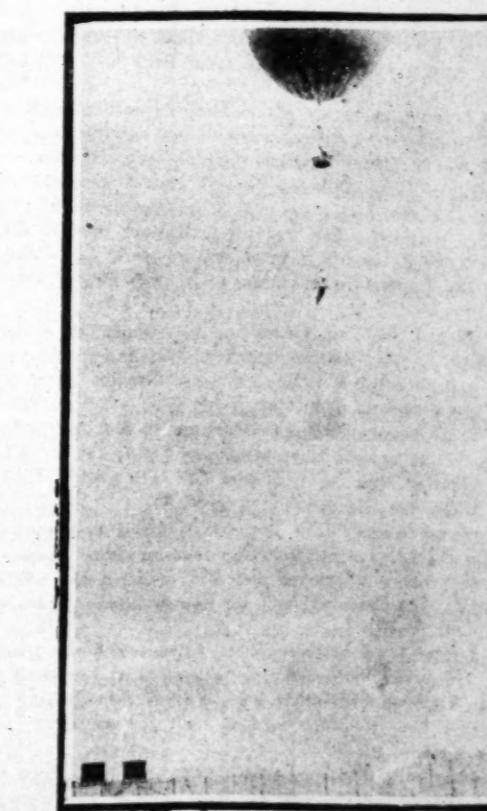
At Schönbrunn, the Austrian Emperor's palace, is the finest collection of orchids in the world, numbering 10,000 plants.

M. Paul Deutsh, a Hungarian who is walking round the world, wore out three pairs of soles and boots between Boulogne and Paris.

Page Five



A. ROY KNABENSHUE



Photograph of Knabenshue Coming Down the Rope.

then that any feeling of the risk came over me. The muscles relaxed and a feeling of inertia seized me. It was then that I was taking the "dizzy" cure.

Then I slid again, whizzed downward like a shot till friction bade me slow up. Slowing up was easy and there I hung by one leg and a hand gripping tightly the rope. To have become faint or weak, or to have lost my head, would have caused my death, and I held on.

Again and again I stopped and rose higher, and slid again till the thousand feet of rope was played out and the

THE MOST PERILOUS FEAT OF THE WORLD'S FAIR HAS GONE UNHERALDED. IT WAS PERFORMED A SHORT TIME AGO: WHEN A. ROY KNABENSHUE SLID DOWN ALONG A THOUSAND FEET OF ROPE FROM A CAPTIVE BALLOON TO THE GROUND. HE CAME GLIDING DOWN TO EARTH LIKE ONE DROPPED FROM THE CLOUDS. IT WAS LIKE A REVERSAL OF THE HINDU MAGIC THAT SENDS A MAN UP A ROPE INTO THE OPEN AIR TO INVISIBILITY, NEVER TO RETURN. IT WAS THE MOST THRILLING AND SENSATIONAL FEAT YET SEEN AT THE L. P. F.

THE hero of this performance himself made the first airship flight at the Fair and thereby came suddenly into the limelight of fame, but like many another man who has become distinguished in one way or another, he does not attribute his success to the hardest piece of work he ever did. He says the airship flight was nothing, for genuine thrill, compared with the rope slide, which brought him neither fame nor fortune, yet which was a most important preliminary to his more famous aerial exhibition. It "broke" him from the "dizzies."

Other men have done daring feats to entertain and thrill World's Fair multitudes. Just a few days ago the chief outside attraction on the Pike was a 100-foot dive into a shallow tank of water by an intrepid acrobat. Men have slid slant wires, holding by their teeth, looped the loop and leaped the gap on bicycles, hung by their toes a hundred feet in the air, jumped through fire and put on countless additional acts of a risky nature for pay, but none of them, it is now declared, can compete, either in danger or sensational element, with the rope slide of A. Roy Knabenshue, sky pilot, cloud chauffeur, "boss" of the upper air.

Yet, like the obscure struggles that precede all great successes, Knabenshue's most thrilling feat, which fitted him for the one grand accomplishment when the opportunity should arrive, was performed far from the crowd and unknown to the press and publicity department of the Fair.

In time of obscurity Knabenshue prepared for fame,

# The Seven-Sided Phipps-McKee Divorce Case

Most Extraordinary Social Entanglement of Recent Years

An  
Endless-Chain  
Puzzle of  
Matrimonial  
Infidelity



**O NOVEL EVER HELD BETWEEN ITS COVERS MORE OF THE HUMAN EMOTIONS THAN ARE EMBRACED BY THE REAL LIFE STORY WHICH CENTERS ABOUT THE DIVORCE OF LAWRENCE COWLES PHIPPS, MILLIONAIRE, FROM HIS WIFE, GENEVIEVE CHANDLER**

**PHIPPS'S LOVE, HATRED, JEALOUSY, COVETOUSNESS, ANGER, REVENGE, FICKLENESSESS, PARENTAL AFFECTION—ALL ARE WOVEN IN THE DRAMA. IT IS A REMARKABLE STORY OF SEVEN TANGLED LIVES AND FAMILY SKELETONS.**

**IT IS A STORY OF THE FAMILIES OF PHIPPS, CHANDLER, MCKEE, SUTTON, BAXTER, TEVIS, HUGHES. IT IS A STORY THAT REACHES AROUND THE GLOBE, FROM PARIS TO YOKOHAMA. IT HAS BEEN LAID IN NEW YORK, PITTSBURG, DENVER ALSO SAN FRANCISCO. ALL OF THE MEN HAVE GREAT WEALTH. TWO OF THE WOMEN ARE DAUGHTERS OF GOVERNORS.**

**BRIEFLY THESE ARE THE FACTS:**

**LAWRENCE COWLES PHIPPS HAS DIVORCED HIS WIFE AFTER KIDNAPING HIS CHILDREN. HART MCKEE HAS SAILED FOR EUROPE WITH MRS. HUGH TEVIS; IT WAS HE WHOM MR. PHIPPS NAMED IN HIS FIRST SUIT FOR DIVORCE AS BEING TOO ATTENTIVE TO MRS. PHIPPS. MRS. MCKEE HAS DIVORCED HER HUSBAND, WHILE HER FATHER SUES HIS EX-SON-IN-LAW FOR \$100,000. AND THE LAWYER FOR PHIPPS IS GERALD HUGHES, THE MAN WHOM THE BEAUTIFUL CORNELIA BAXTER JILTED WHEN SHE MARRIED HUGH TEVIS. TEVIS DIED ON THE HONEYMOON, LEAVING HIS MILLIONS TO HIS GIRL-WIDOW.**

**AND WITH MCKEE GONE, MR. AND MRS. PHIPPS, THOUGH DIVORCED, SEEM LIKE LOVERS AGAIN, WHICH IS STRANGEST OF ALL. THERE IS EVEN TALK NOW OF RECONCILIATION AND A REMARRIAGE OF THE DIVORCED PHIPPSSES.**

**WHEN Andrew Carnegie decided to make millions out of the young men who had started in his great steel concerns as his clerks, one of the names upon his list was that of Lawrence Cowles Phipps. Not that young Phipps needed the millions—his uncle, Henry Phipps, was already one of the Carnegie partners and a multimillionaire.**

**The billion-dollar Steel Trust was organized. It was found that the Phipps family had \$20,000,000 of the Carnegie bonds among them. The uncle was down on the books for \$17,220,000, and the nephew for \$2,653,000. What other property they owned outside—and it was very much more—did not appear. Pittsburgh was frank to own that young Mr. Phipps was possessed of at least \$10,000,000 and his uncle of three times that amount.**

**The Chandler fortune was made in West Virginia, where G. H. Chandler, who began there as a boy, amassed a fortune in coal, iron and timber, rising later to be governor of the state.**

**The Tevis fortune, entangled in this maze of lives, harks back to the days of '49, when Lloyd Tevis went to the Golden state to seek for gold. He found it. It was invested carefully, and from it grew many millions. Today Mrs. Hugh Tevis, the widow, enjoys her share of it.**

**But the beautiful Cornelia Baxter, now Mrs. Tevis, needed not her rich husband's fortune. She had quite enough from her father. She, too, was the daughter of a governor—Col. George W. Baxter of Knoxville, Tenn. He went to Arizona early in life and there started cattle raising on a large scale. When he had made his millions he was appointed territorial governor and served his term with distinction.**

**E. Sellers McKee, father of A. Hart McKee, is conservatively estimated to be worth between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 made in his Pittsburgh glass works. He also has an enormous income apart from his vested interests. He has been in several of the big speculative deals engineered by John W. Gates and his coterie.**

**Mrs. A. Hart McKee's father, Dr. R. S. Sutton, is one of the richest physicians who practice in Pittsburgh.**

**Last of those engaged in weaving the threads of this romance of real life is Gerald Hughes of Denver, Colo. Mr. Hughes is a leader of the bar there and a bachelor. From his practice and careful investments he has amassed a fortune of \$500,000, which he laid at the feet of Mrs. Tevis, the Miss Baxter that was, but she jilted him after the wedding day was set.**

## Family Skeletons From the Phipps, Chandler, McKee, Sutton, Baxter, Tevis and Hughes Closets Brought Into View—All the Men In the Story Are Wealthy and Two of the Women Are Daughters of Governors—An American Life-Drama That Reaches Around the Globe

So much for the millions involved.

Mr. Phipps married a striking beauty—a slip of a girl, then 19 years old. He was ten years her senior and a widower when he married Genevieve Chandler, and the father already of two children.

Two little children came to make the mother's heart rejoice. First, there was little Emma, now nearly 5 years old; and then came Dorothy, almost 4 now. Father and mother's joy was overwhelming. It seemed as if no happier family could there be in the world—riches almost unequalled, a beautiful home, two little children, a handsome father and a strikingly beautiful mother.

Gerald Hughes had not forgotten, nor has he yet.

When A. Hart McKee—his middle name is really Hartupee, from the maiden name of his mother—was graduated from Princeton with the class of '90, he came back to Pittsburgh to live. There he was regarded as the most eligible young man in all that city of millions.

Anxious mammas angled for him; ambitious young women saved their sweetest smiles for him. It looked as if Hart McKee's head would be turned eventually. But no—at last he fell in love sensibly. His fiancee was Miss Lydia Sutton, daughter of Dr. Rhoades S. Sutton of Allegheny City, which is just across the river from Pittsburgh.

It was a brilliant wedding. The Pittsburgh millionaires vied with one another in sending wedding gifts to the beautiful bride-to-be. Everything augured well for long life, happiness and boundless prosperity. Three children were born and Pittsburgh smiled approvingly upon what seemed an auspicious match.

But long before anybody guessed it there was a family skeleton in the closet in that handsome McKee mansion atop one of Pittsburgh's highest hills. Mrs. McKee accused Mr. McKee of paying too much attention to Mrs. Phipps.

Mrs. Phipps is a niece by marriage of Mr. McKee's father, and on this slender connection the two agreed to call each other "cousin," much to the distress of Mrs. McKee. And, to make matters worse, Mr. Phipps heard of this friendly regard of Mr. McKee and Mrs. Phipps, and he, too, took umbrage. Soft words and smooth agreement kept matters quiet for a while, but at length the storm broke.

Mrs. McKee sued for divorce in Pittsburgh.

Dr. Sutton took up the cudgels for his daughter and a suit for divorce and \$600,000 alimony was in course of preparation. Mr. McKee promptly retained counsel in New York and they made a settlement with Mrs. McKee for \$300,000, to be hers for life and then to revert to her children. Mrs. McKee retained the custody of the children, but the father was privileged to see them at certain intervals.

It is quite understood in Pittsburgh society that Mrs. McKee named the wife of a prominent New Yorker in her suit. Under the terms of the separation Mr. McKee cannot marry for two years, but he has already served 18 months of his life.

As soon as his marital affairs would permit the young Princetonian shook the dust of Pittsburgh from his feet—some say, forever. He came to New York to live and took expensive quarters at the Waldorf-Astoria. He purchased several yachts and automobiles and joined the New York Yacht Club, the American Yacht Club and the Automobile Club of America. His name is now posted for membership in several of the most exclusive clubs in town.

Meanwhile Dr. Sutton brought another suit against his former son-in-law. This was an action in the United States Circuit Court to recover \$100,000 from young Mr. McKee. He averred in his complaint that Mr. McKee induced him in the summer of 1902 to buy 1500 shares of Colorado Fuel "by false, fraudulent and deceitful representations" to the effect that J. Pierpont Morgan had agreed with John W. Gates to take at \$130 all the Colorado Fuel that Gates could buy in the open market. This story, of course, meant much, because McKee's father, Sellers McKee, has always been in big deals with Gates. After Dr. Sutton had lost \$100,000, he avers, he was sold out by his brokers on a falling market.

And this didn't help to allay the bitterness between the various families. But the real thunderbolt was yet to fall.

While Mrs. McKee did not name Mrs. Phipps in her

action for divorce, Mr. Phipps did name Mr. McKee. And here begins the tangle of lives.

A "personal" in a New York paper last May made an appointment with one "Hart" for a meeting at the Manhattan Hotel "as usual, Monday, 12 o'clock noon." It was signed "Dimple." Mrs. Phipps' pet name in Pittsburgh is "Dimple." Friends of hers and of Mr. McKee declared that the personal "ad" was only a coincidence, but it started gossip wagging.

Out from the closet in the great Phipps mansion, "Grandview," Pittsburgh, the skeleton had boldly stalked right into the columns of a newspaper.

For a year the trouble had been brewing. Though living in seeming amity under the same roof, husband and wife were not more to each other than utter strangers. They had reached an agreement to keep up appearances for the sake of the little ones just growing into girlhood. And it was just about the time, too, when Mrs. Phipps had made up her mind that she could now no longer endure the life in the whitened sepulchre that the "Dimple" person appeared in New York.

She had fled from her husband's home in his absence, and along with her she brought the babies and their two nurses.

Mrs. Phipps' plans were all well laid. She took a suite at the Holland House, did not register, notified the hotel people that her presence there must be unknown and that no person must be admitted to her apartments without her permission. It was her idea to take her children to steamship.

But Mr. Phipps was of no mind to let his children be carried off without lifting a finger. He made a search and failed to find them. Then he hired a corps of private detectives and gave them unlimited money to pursue their quarry until they could be located. In a week they had found the hiding place of the mother and her little girls.

Mr. Phipps was summoned. His orders were to go after the children very carefully and very deliberately, that by no chance they might again slip away from him. The two nurse girls were won over. The hotel people were closely questioned and told much. The exact location of the rooms was learned.

Shortly before 4 a. m. on June 3 a big automobile came up silently and halted in front of the Holland House. Mr. Phipps and two detectives as silently alighted. The detectives waited around until everything was ready, when the two nurse girls appeared, each with a child fully dressed. Mrs. Phipps was still asleep.

"You are going for an automobile ride with papa," said the nurses, "and don't wake mamma; she is very tired."

The little ones clapped their hands with glee, for they hadn't seen their papa for two weeks, and they were very fond of him. Into the auto the little party climbed and off they sped westward. Mrs. Phipps awoke and went into the children's room for a good morning kiss.

They were gone!

In the twinkling of an eye the whole thing swept over her.

But mother-wit was not yet beaten. Mrs. Phipps rang on the telephone and got her lawyer, J. Campbell Thompson, on the other end of the line. She guessed rightly when she thought that her husband would ride over to Jersey City to take the first train for Pittsburgh. Mr. Thompson at once notified Chief of Police Murphy of Jersey City, by wire to detain the party, giving minute descriptions of them all. He also telephoned one of his clerks to meet Mrs. Phipps in Jersey City and aid her all he could. Chief Murphy sent Policeman Boyle over to the railway station to use his judgment about detaining the party or making an arrest.

Mrs. Phipps in ten minutes was in a carriage, hurrying with all speed for the ferry at Twenty-third street.

The lawyer's clerk was awaiting her when she stepped off the boat. Mr. Phipps, the children, the two nurses and the detectives had arrived on an earlier boat and were equipped with tickets to Pittsburgh. The entire party was then at breakfast in the restaurant. Suddenly one of the detectives spied Mrs. Phipps anxiously hurrying from one group to another in the station, seeking her children.

He had planned taking the regular Pittsburgh express,

but in the hope of getting away unseen he started with his party to take an accommodation train for Philadelphia, which was to leave at 8:16. The mother spied them stepping into an ordinary day coach. She lost all control of herself.

"Won't somebody help me" she screamed. "He has stolen my children! He has taken them away from me!"

The Jerseymen exchanged angry looks and it seemed as if there would be an attack right then and there. Mrs. Phipps tried to push her way through the phalanx to reach her little girls. The detectives shouldered her back. By this time Boyle had reached the front of the attacking force.

"What is the trouble, please?"

Mr. Phipps replied very calmly and quietly:

"This is my wife," he said, "and these are my children. I live in Pittsburgh. Several days ago my wife took the children from their home in Pittsburgh and brought them to New York. She intended to take them to Europe. We found them at the hotel. I intend to take them to their home. That is all there is to it. Nobody has any right to take these children from their father, and I will not tolerate any interference with my rights."

Assuring themselves that this was the situation, Boyle and Johnson decided that they had no right to interfere. Meanwhile the little ones had become frightened at the tumult. They began to sob and to call to their mother.

"Mamma, don't leave us," they cried. "Come, go with us, mamma."

"You must make up your mind, madam," said Boyle, "whether you want to go on the train or get off."

Sobbing bitterly, Mrs. Phipps slowly got off, and the commuters, who even then seemed willing to get back the children for her by force, if necessary, slowly left the train. The conductor called "All aboard!" and away the train pulled, the mother gazing distractingly at the cars until they passed out of sight.

When she stepped toward the ferry entrance an elderly man came off the boat.

"Daughter," he said, gently.

The distressed young mother threw herself into the man's arms and swooned away. He was her father, ex-Gov. Chandler of West Virginia and Pittsburgh. When she had recovered he took her over to the Netherland Hotel. At 9 p. m. that night the Phipps party—father, children, nurses and detectives—reached Pittsburgh and were driven to the mansion from which the mother had fled a fortnight before.

But the husband and father did not stop there.

Phipps vs. Phipps was the title of a divorce action filed in Denver just three days later. In it Lawrence Cowles Phipps prayed the courts of Colorado to free him forever from Geneva Chandler Phipps, his wife, and to grant him the absolute custody of his two children, upon the ground that the mother was not a fit person to bring them up.

His charges were to the point. He named as co-respondent Mrs. Phipps' physician in Denver, Dr. Thomas J. Gallagher, and her "cousin," A. Hart McKee. Mr. Phipps further justified his seizure of the children in New York on the ground that the mother was guilty of unfaithfulness and that he sincerely believed that an effort would be made upon her part to keep them amid such evil environments.

Seldom has such a voluminous document ever been filed in the District court. It recited practically every deed of the wife which the husband deemed sufficient to give him a cause for action. In the papers he declared that Mr. McKee had been with her almost constantly at the hotel in New York and that her acts of indiscretion were many. He intimated that when Mrs. Phipps went to Europe for her health Hart McKee was almost constantly at her side, going and coming on the same steamer with her.

The naming of Dr. Gallagher was expected. Already there had been much gossip in Denver about Mrs. Phipps' physician, and one society weekly there referred to the matter, without mentioning names, in no veiled terms.

Meanwhile Mrs. Phipps went to Pittsburgh again. A sudden twist to matters was given by Mr. Phipps' voluntary leaving his mansion and allowing Mrs. Phipps to take possession. Uncle Henry Phipps, working in the interest of family harmony, attended to this little affair himself. Mr. Phipps took up quarters in the Hotel Schenley. Meanwhile the children were sent to the Denver residence.

Henry Phipps worked early and late to restore peace,

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE.

# U. S. GOVT. FINDS RADIUM GAS IN WATERS OF HOT SPRINGS

PRINT MADE BY RADIUM EMANATIONS  
IN DARKNESS—Hot Springs Experiments.



A Remarkable Demonstration of Radio-Activity by Printing From Photographic Plates in Absolute Darkness—Just How the Government Discovered the Radium Emanations—Originally Suggested by Sir William Ramsey—Facts Now Made Public Through World's Fair.



THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, ACTING THROUGH SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR HITCHCOCK OF ST. LOUIS, RECENTLY INSTITUTED A SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION WHICH NOW RESULTS IN THE DISCOVERY OF RADIUM EMANATIONS IN THE WATERS OF HOT SPRINGS, ARK., THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST IN THE MATTER BEING DUE TO THE FACT THAT IT OWNS A BIG RESERVATION AT HOT SPRINGS AND HAS A LARGE HOSPITAL ESTABLISHED THERE. THE OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION FOR THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAS CONDUCTED BY DR. BERTRAM BOLTWOOD OF NEW HAVEN, CONN., AND DR. BOLTWOOD'S REPORT OF THE DISCOVERY IS NOW IN SECRETARY HITCHCOCK'S HANDS.

THE DISCOVERY IS OF CONSIDERABLE IMPORTANCE AND WILL SHORTLY BE ANNOUNCED OFFICIALLY FROM WASHINGTON. IT FOLLOWS CLOSELY ON THE DISCOVERY OF RADIUM GAS IN WATERS OF BATH, ENGLAND, AND WILL EXCITE EVEN WIDER INTEREST, Owing TO THE GREATER MEDICINAL VALUE OF THE WATERS OF THE HOT SPRINGS.

THE United States government's discovery that radium exists in the water of the Hot Springs of Arkansas was brought about largely through the efforts of Prof. E. H. Larkin, a St. Louis chemist.

This radium is in the form of gas, or rather in the form of radio-activity, and scientists have concluded that radium is responsible for the curative qualities of Hot Springs bath.

Prof. Larkin's attention was first called to the matter by the work of Sir William Ramsey of London, president of the International Chemical Congress, who was making a test of the water of Bath, England, a year ago. He pronounced these waters radio-active and, according to the London Times, made the suggestion then that perhaps the curative properties of the Arkansas Hot Springs were due to similar causes.

Prof. Larkin of St. Louis saw mention of the Times article, sent for a copy of the paper and wrote to Sir William Ramsey. Upon receipt of a reply from that eminent scientist Prof. Larkin went to Hot Springs and took the matter up with the Business Men's League of that place.

The citizens took great interest in the movement and Dr. J. L. Gebhart, a local physician and scientist, improvised a simple photographic apparatus with which convincing evidences of radio-activity were discovered.

These first tests were made by submerging photographic plates in the spring water and securing impressions on them by means of radio-activity.

A metallic stencil, or plate with letters cut out, was placed in front of an ordinary photographic-plate holder. A brown paper was wrapped around the whole, and the two plates were placed in a water-tight wooden bucket which was submerged for 48 hours in the waters of one of the springs. It was absolutely impossible for light to have affected the plate in any way, much less to have made any impression of the metal stencil through the wooden plate holder, yet when the sensitive plate was developed it showed a well-defined negative of the stencil, which is shown herewith.

Since it is a well established fact that one of the qualities of radium is to affect photographic plates, M. A. Niele, superintendent of the Hot Springs reservation, now felt sufficiently encouraged to place the matter before the United States government, urging that an exhaustive investigation be conducted. Results of the subsequent investigations have just been made known to the Sunday Post-Dispatch through C. S. Cooley, superintendent of the Hot Springs reservation exhibit in the government building at the World's Fair.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD. Send name and address with a stamp and date of birth, and I will send a prediction of your life from the cradle to the grave. Mrs. L. A. KELLY, Dept. 100, Bridgeport, Conn.

A PHOTOGRAPH MADE IN DARKNESS BY RADIUM LIGHT IN THE U.S. GOVERNMENT EXPERIMENTS



ENTRANCE TO RESERVATION, HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

The government took up the matter and Dr. Bertram Boltwood of New Haven, Conn., was authorized by Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock of St. Louis to make the necessary analysis.

Dr. Boltwood's task was but slowly performed, owing to the immense amount of patient work required in boiling our the gases and making the tests. Several months were consumed, but at last the tests were completed and the report on the same was submitted. The Secretary of the Interior took the report under consideration, but the gas of it has been given out and the Sunday Post-Dispatch is permitted to publish it here, as follows:

1. The waters of the springs on the Hot Spring reservation are all radio-active to a marked degree.

2. The radio-activity of the waters is due to dissolved radium emanation (a gas) and not to the presence of salts of radium or other radio-active solids.

3. The tufa deposited by the springs does not contain appreciable quantities of radium compounds.

Radium gas is one of the forms of radium. Radium (the pure metal) has never been successfully isolated, but the term is generally employed to designate what are technically known as radium gas or emanations (Helium), and radium salts (bromides, chlorides and iodides). These may be seen in great variety in the United States Government "Radium Exhibit" at the World's Fair and are the only forms of radium possessed by science.

Prof. H. A. Bumstead and Prof. L. P. Wheeler of the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale University, New Haven, conducted experiments and reported their conclusion that the radio-activity of these hot springs was due to the presence in the earth near them of deposits of radium.

It is stated that the body of a person bathing in the



waters at Hot Springs becomes so radio-active that if the naked chest be exposed thereafter to a screen of calcium sulphide a phosphorescent glow is obtained on the screen. This ostensibly is from the same sort of bombardment by minute particles of energy that is to be had from radium. It is in this way, in fact, and only in this way, that the presence of the radium is detected. It gives out no light rays visible to the human eye, and its presence becomes established to the senses only through its luminescent effect upon certain mineral substances, such as willimite or thomsonite.

In like manner glass is affected and if left for a long time near a spring at Hot Springs, a glass assumes a permanent purple tint. The walls of rooms and the lining

of bathtubs and other water vessels at Hot Springs are said to become radio-active from contact with the water, and the health-giving qualities of Hot Springs baths are now locally ascribed to radium.

The exact medicinal qualities of radium remain to be yet established, but it has been applied to the healing of lupus of the skin, or warts, and of the superficial cancer. It has not yet been applied successfully to the treatment of consumption or the deep-seated cancer.

Radium proper has a deleterious effect when in contact with the human flesh, turns paper yellow, turns glass purple, and destroys the life of celluloid. Radium emanations are found to be identical with the gas helium, which is found in the sun, hence a theory as to the presence of radium in the sun.

Radium is always about five degrees hotter than the substance surrounding it, and will melt its own weight of ice in an hour. It seems to contradict the law of perpetual motion by giving off energy spontaneously without any loss of weight or power.

Strangely enough, the human body is found to be radioactive and to give off rays designated as X-rays. They are similar to the radium rays and affect certain substances with a phosphorescent glow. The curative qualities of radioactive waters, such as the Hot Springs baths, are attributed to the theory that the waters excite a healthy radio-activity in the body, causing it to throw off energy of this mysterious kind.

In making the official examination of the water of the Hot Springs reservation the samples were collected in sealed glass receptacles. These were shipped to New Haven, Conn., where the tests were conducted. The method of examination used by Dr. Boltwood was to separate the gases and emanations from the water by boiling the water, after which the emanation was measured by an electroscope. In expressing the results of his experiments, Dr. Boltwood found it necessary to devise a new system of standardization, which will permit the direct comparison of the results obtained with the different waters and by different experimentation. The standard originated by

Dr. Boltwood, and for which he is entitled to great credit, is the quantity of radium emanation set free when a known weight of uranium contained in a natural mineral is dissolved in a suitable reagent. This standard can be readily reproduced and will permit the reduction of the results to terms of pure radium, if that becomes the future basis of expression. The mineral used by Dr. Boltwood was pure uranite from Spruce Pine, N.C.

Dr. Boltwood describes in detail the methods pursued by him in his official government investigations, which were very exhaustive and covered a period of several months. The results of the electroscopic tests of the gases obtained by boiling the waters were very satisfactory, as they showed that the waters at Hot Springs are radioactive to a marked degree; and from other tests taken to determine the properties of the emanations from the waters, it was found that the properties of these radioactive gases were identical with those of the radium emanations.

On the other hand, when the water from which the gas had once been taken was boiled a second time, after being allowed to stand, no radio-activity was detected in the gas obtained from the second boiling; and it was therefore concluded that little or no radium salts existed in the waters.

This conclusion was strengthened by the fact that a test of the residue of the waters which had been left by evaporation also failed to disclose any sign of radio-activity of this solid substance. A sample of radium deposit formed by some of the springs on issuing from the ground was also tested, and it was found that the amount of radium contained in 100 grams of the radium was less than one-millionth of the quantity of uranium in pitch blende.

Samples of the gas which rose from the springs were also tested, and its radio-activity was found to be less than that of an equal volume of gas obtained by boiling the waters from the springs.

There are 48 springs in all at Hot Springs, Ark., with a total flow of 85,000 gallons daily. The government reservation contains 911 acres of Hot Springs land.

## THE SEVEN-SIDED PHIPPS-MCKEE DIVORCE CASE.

(Continued From Preceding Page.)

but to no avail. Through the summer Mrs. Phipps was allowed to have her children with her in the Alleghany mountains and Southampton, L. I. At length Mr. Phipps, the husband, was smoothed down, and now comes the most remarkable chapter in all this romance of riches.

The wife allowed her husband to get his divorce. Why?

No one yet knows. Dr. Gallagher was furious at the charge against his honor as a physician. Mr. McKee remained silent. Mrs. Phipps seemed righteous indignation. Mr. Phipps one day heard her talk on the telephone from his club. "You recognize my voice, Mrs. Phipps? I have called you up on a preliminary to inquire if it would be agreeable for me to

over the wire instantly came this rejoinder: "Never until you apologize on your knees, privately and publicly for the outrage I wrong you have done me."

Then came the rumors that had kept Pittsburgh and Denver gossip busy for weeks—Mrs. Phipps would be not alone. It was rumored that as soon as matters and the conventionalities would permit it she would become Mrs. A. Hart McKee, sacrificing \$500,000 to do so. And the fact that there was a secret McKee divorce helped along the gossip.

But with all his anger still flaming against the man who had once been his son-in-law and business confidant, Dr. Sutton took a hand.

"There is one little thing in the way of such a marriage. My daughter, Lydia Sutton McKee, is yet the wife of Mr. McKee. I am sad to think that he has even for a moment forgotten this."

"He had or has no defense, and no one knows it better than him. He could not get a divorce in a thousand years from my daughter, but she can get one from him the minute she chooses to raise her finger, and he knows it."

And here, too, fate wove another thread in the warp of the strange proceeding—the man who fought the case for Mr. Phipps was none other than the man who was jilted

by Cornelia Baxter, who at that very moment, care-free and vivacious, was crossing the ocean with A. Hart McKee.

This man was Gerald Hughes.

Mrs. Phipps went to Denver. Mr. Phipps was there before her. He relinquished the mansion for her use and went to his hotel. There were almost daily conferences. Sometimes husband and wife were present; often only the lawyers met. Two points Mrs. Phipps would not yield—her children and her good name. The stocks and bonds, the titles to the two mansions—these she cared for nothing beside these other two great things. And meanwhile Hart McKee remained in New York. Here he met Mrs. Tevis, the beautiful Cornelia Baxter that was the woman who had jilted Gerald Hughes.

The efforts at settlement were spurned by Mr. Phipps and Mr. Hughes. His wife met his lawyers in Chicago in August and still there was little accomplished. As Mrs. Phipps said afterward:

"I cannot see that the differences between myself and husband are any nearer settlement than when I went to Chicago. You know I filed another suit in Denver yesterday. Yes, we had our conference at the Auditorium Annex. We did not make much fuss, and few if any outside our little party and the clerks knew we were there. We went into conference about 10 o'clock, and it soon became plain that something more must be done in Denver, and my attorney there was instructed by telegraph to file another suit. I will move to quash the divorce proceedings on the ground that I was never properly served with the papers."

Senator P. C. Knox was engaged as associate counsel for a \$25,000 fee from Mrs. Phipps. He besought compromise, for he knew that a trial in open court would bring in many names, not only in New York, but Pittsburgh and Denver society. And suddenly on Sept. 14 matters came to a head, evidently with Mrs. Phipps' consent.

In ten minutes in the District court in Denver a divorce was granted to Lawrence Cowles Phipps from his wife,

Genevieve Chandler Phipps, on the technical ground of desertion. Her attorneys made no protest—it was evidently all agreed upon beforehand.

This was the settlement:

Mrs. Phipps conveyed both residences to her husband and made over to him all the bonds of the United States Steel Corporation standing in her name—\$1,500,000 in all. It was provided that the children's legal residence be with their father, but that the mother should have their custody for six months a year, Christmas to be passed alternately each year with each parent. Neither parent was to take the children from the United States without the written consent of the other.

In consideration of all this Mrs. Phipps was to get the income of a trust consisting of \$750,000 Steel bonds for life. In case of her remarriage this was to be cut to \$250,000. She was also allowed to keep \$250,000, which had accrued from stocks standing in her name, which really belonged to her husband.

And Pittsburg and Denver heard that she was ready to relinquish this \$500,000 to marry Hart McKee.

The big Baltic was ready to leave her pier in New York on Oct. 5. Just an hour before her departure a carriage clattered down the dock. From it stepped Mrs. Tevis, her little boy, Hugh, Jr., and two maids. The beautiful young widow appeared radiant, even excited. She gathered her little party about her and stationed herself at the foot of the gangplank.

She had not long to wait, though every moment of it added to her impatience. Another cab came dashing down. From it hastily alighted A. Hart McKee and his father, Sellers McKee. The young man looked anxiously about him and then spied a big white ostrich plume dipping to the breeze. His face was all smiles.

"There she is, father!" he exclaimed; "there's Cornelia."

Father and son pushed through the crowd for a hurried greeting from Mrs. Tevis, who was exuberant at seeing the young man and made no concealment of it, either. Mr. McKee went at once to his stateroom, No. 88, and Mrs.

Tevis to hers, No. 80. Master Tevis and the maids were placed in No. 91.

They went to Paris. There the cables have shown them to be constantly in each other's company, and Mrs. Tevis recently admitted there that she was engaged to Hart McKee and would be married to him in London in December.

It was either a hasty sailing or a quiet one, for both Mrs. Tevis and Mr. McKee's names were missing from the official list of passengers printed five hours before the ship sailed.

And now Denver asks: Has Gerald Hughes had sufficient revenge?

He owns the Baxter home; he has seen named in legal papers the name of the man who has gone to Europe with the woman who jilted him.

And now, of a sudden, all has changed with the Phippess. It is stranger than ever.

Are Mr. and Mrs. Phipps sweethearts again, with Hart McKee in Europe at the heels of Mrs. Tevis? All Denver asks the question, but the answer is not yet.

The Phippess are in Denver again and in each other's company every day. They seem to be on excellent terms.

Mrs. Phipps has four rooms at the Adams House for the winter. Mr. Phipps lives alone in state at the mansion. Mrs. Phipps is in radiant health and laughs every day at the apologies of her ex-husband when he presents himself for a morning call.

And now:

Will the Phippess remarry? Will Hart McKee marry Mrs. Tevis? Where does Mrs. McKee come in? And what will Gerald Hughes do?

For the time being, at least, these questions must remain unanswered. In its present stage it is the most sublime mix-up in the history of American society and probably the most talked about.

From a child the Queen of the Netherlands has been accustomed to rise at 7 o'clock.

# NEWEST FINERY IN FURS



## Sable, Ermine, Persian and Astrakhan Lamb Are Leading Favorites for the Season Now Opening---Latest Shapes for Fur Garments.

where, at all and any time.

Except for the littlest folks, ermine is used more for trimmings and those fascinating little accessories that the woman of fashion possesses in such number this season.

Those practical little cravats that follow either the masculine four-in-hand or the Ascot style—the latter a trifle newer if anything—are to be seen both plain and befrilled with lace and incrustated with embroideries, just as though the initial cost of the fur were not enough, but it must be increased by further embellishment.

One sees but very little of the petit gris or gray squirrel, and the same might almost be said of sealskin. These are, for the nonce, relegated to the background, and in the rare instances where they are shown they are so befrimmed and befrilled with chenille fringes, embroideries, laces and the like that one loses sight of the fact that they are somewhat passe.

The vogue of the short fur garment is by no means passe, and the model in caracul is an excellent one for youthful figures. Both back and front hang straight from the shoulder line, which follows the new broad rather than the long idea. The fronts are single-breasted, fastening invisibly, a frilled collar and rosettes in lavender taffetas being edged with a fancy black and gold mohair braid.

The Russian dolman is a most appropriate design for fur exploitation. The garment illustrated shows a most luxurious style carried out in broadtail, with an imperial Russian sable used with a lavish hand for trimming

effect. The dolman hangs to below the knees and is loose both back and front. The sleeve is inserted in the curved back seams in the usual dolman style and there is a straight chasuble effect in the black fur from the shoulders that hangs half way to the waist line in the back and relieves the monotony of the cut. The sable is used for the roll shawl collar that comes in rever effect to the waist line. The toque, too, is in this most expensive fur in simple round turban design.

III.—This illustration shows a delightfully becoming tone in the softest of ermine. The shape is that of the familiar Continental turban, an almost universally becoming one. Both crown and brim are of the royal white fur with its piquant little tails inserted at intervals, and the softly shading hint of yellow that appears here and there in the pelt. In the quaint little dent at the side a cluster of roses in white velvet is posed, and an upstanding aigrette in white marabout waves gracefully at the left.

IV.—This clever evening hat shows a shape with the first century crown, a medium high one with an overhanging bell top, the shape being entirely of the crocheted and the fur used in straight simple lines as a trimming. The leaf is broad in front and narrows to almost nothing at the back, the fur edge making a soft frame for the face. Around the crown there is a draped band of Jacquemart velvet ribbon and two big puffy white roses relieve the plain effect at the one side.

V.—The favorite conceit in chapeaux is to have the

hat of the trimming fur, for the combination of two or even more furs in the one garment is considered very smart indeed. The figure on the left illustrates a black breitschwanz coat with revers, cuff and muff in ermine, and the chapeau carries out the same idea, the flat crown being in the black close fur, while the brim and facing are in the soft becoming white of the ermine. The other toilet is in imperial sable, the coat being a very clever compromise between the blouse and the dolman, the back with its long position being drawn into the figure with a waistband, the sleeve of the dolman order and the fronts loose. The neck is encircled with a separate scarf of the same costly fur, and the round turban in the sable depends upon a full plume in the new Empire green for color relief.

VI.—In the white fox Dame Fashion has found a fur that successfully carries on the reign of the ever youthful white. The set illustrated shows one of the new round boas that is the same size throughout and is intended to fall only to the waist line when in wear. The muff is one of those huge round pillow affairs, and with the set is worn a white felt hat simply trimmed with white satin ribbon and with a white hussar cockade posed at the side.

VII.—In this pretty set of dark moleskin the tiny skins are pieced together in a pointed shingle pattern, and each point is defined and accentuated with a clever little shaded cord drop ornament, shading from white to a deep red and showing the fashionable glint of gold as well. This



WITH the first breath of cold weather the possessors of costly furs—those luxurious habiliments in Russian sable, royal ermine, and its close cousin, miniver—begin to look forward to the displaying of their treasures and every hint and nuance of fashion is eagerly scanned to find out what lines in furs the fickle dame most favors.

This year there are really delightful designs in which the markings of the sable can be displayed to advantage. Those costly furs are best fashioned in designs that permit of the full skin being used, and hence the very smartest and most elegant garments in sable are of the loose variety.

For the less costly, and perhaps more practical garments, Dame Fashion smiles once more upon all of the Persian and Astrakhan lamb pelts. In these we have the familiar Persian, the caracul, breitschwanz, the baby lamb, and perhaps the newest of all, the dyed astrakhan.

Ermine resumes its triumphant march through all sorts of fury trimmings and accessories. In the first season of its revival it was considered suitable for evening use almost exclusively, but its possessors were not content to limit its appearance to more or less formal functions, and now one sees it on the streets, in the shops and every-

## HEALTH and BEAUTY — BY MARGARET HUBBARD AYER

### Only the Front Hair Is Gray.

Constant Reader—it would be far better for you to have the front of your hair dyed by one who understands it than to attempt it yourself. If you send me your full address, with stamp, I will give you full information.

### Would Like to Curl Her Eyelashes.

Miss A. B.—It would not be safe for you to resort to any method for curling your eyelashes for yourself. All that you can do is to brush them upward with a tiny brush moistened with a mere suspicion of oil, and be careful not to get the oil in your eyes.

### Seventeen and Face Too Fat.

A. R.—My dear girl, you cannot dissociate "heavy eating" and fat. They are twin sisters and inseparable. But as in your case your face only is too fat, I would advise facial massage or vibration for the distribution of the fat. If you will write me I will tell you where you may obtain skillful treatment in both these lines.

### Cure for "Scratchy" Eyebrows.

Natalie.—The eyebrows may be strengthened and lengthened by the application of this formula: Cologne, 2½ ounces; glycerine, 1½ ounces; fluid

extract of jaborandi, 2 drams.

Agitate ingredients till thoroughly incorporated. Apply to the eyebrows with the brush, and to the lashes with a tiny camel's hair paint brush. The brush must be freed from any drop and passed lightly along the edge of the eyelids, exercising extreme care that none touches the eye itself.

### Wants Her Hair Darker.

Witch Hazel.—The following hair darkener will probably have the desired result:

Sulphate of iron (crushed), 1 dram; rectified spirit, 1 fluid ounce; oil of rosemary, 10 drops; pure rainwater, ½ pint.

Agitate until solution and mixture are complete.

Many persons substitute for rainwater good old ale. It is as well to state that both these washes will iron-mold linen if they come in contact with it.

### A Good Massage Cream.

J. A. B.—I am following your formula for a massage cream, and I think it will be what you need; but in almost every case the subject must make some experiments as to what best agrees with her skin.

No two individuals are alike in this particular:

Lanoline, 2½ ounces; spermaceti, ½ ounce; white vaseline, 2½ ounces; coconut oil, 2 ounces; sweet almond oil, 2 ounces; tincture of benzoin, ½ dram.

Melt the first five ingredients together, beat until the mass concretes, adding the benzoin, drop by drop, during the process. Extract of violet, or any perfume, may be added if agreeable.

### Possibly Too Much Washing.

Frank K.—It may be possible that in your case shampooing once in two weeks will prove sufficient, as too frequent ablutions wash away all the natural oil and cause a tension of the scalp which is not conducive to the growth or retention of the hair.

Scalp massage, it should be remembered, never loses its value if done by a skillful operator.

I give you a lotion for falling hair which may be used as directed; also a tonic which will be

helpful.

### LOTION FOR FALLING HAIR.

Distilled witch hazel, 5 ounces; corrosive sublimate, 10 grains.

Use on the scalp twice a day.

### TONIC FOR THE SCALP.

Aromatic vinegar, 4 drams; glycerine, 2 drams; tincture of musk essence, ½ drams; tincture of camphor, 2 drams; rosewater, 6 drams.

Use every night, rubbing it well into the scalp with a small sponge.

little neckpiece shows the new semi-high collar. The fronts are liberally beset with the ornaments and a very full ruff of one of the comparatively inexpensive net top lace makes for a smart finish.

VIII.—The picturesque Louis modes develop beautiful lines in furs. The exquisite coat in black caracul has the fitted body portion so arranged that the cape with long pendants ends in front just comes to the waist line. The full ripples basques that fall almost to the knees are applied beneath an embroidered band of the fur. The cut-out neck is filled in with a chemise in ermine.

**GOLD WATCH AND RING FREE**

An American movement watch with solid Gold Case, weight 12½ oz., and a solid Gold Watch decorated in diamonds. Turned back Ruby set in the dial. Perfect beauty. We give both Watch and Ring price.

We are selling 20 pieces of our new fashion Jewelry Boxes, weight 12 oz., and a ring price.

Turned back Ruby set in the dial. Perfect beauty. We give both Watch and Ring price.

**CRESCENT WATCH CO.**

Dock & Attleboro, Mass.

# New and Strange Things in and About St. Louis.

## Mosaic Work at the Fair.



In THAT part of the Vatican exhibit at the World's Fair showing specimens of the work done by the School of Mosaics in Rome is a most interesting un-

finished mosaic picture of the Madonna and Child, intended to illustrate the process of this exquisite art. A section of the picture is intentionally left incomplete, show-

ing the different stages of the mosaic work, and indicating also the patience and artistic skill demanded. The exhibit is studied with the deepest interest by World's Fair visitors.

Travellers who have returned from the heart of Africa and the Australasian continent tell wonderful stories of nest-building people who inhabit the wilds of those countries. In the bushmen of Australia we find, perhaps, the lowest order of men that is known. They are so primitive that they do not know enough to build even the simplest form of hut for shelter. The nearest they can approach to a home is a lot of twigs and grass and, taking them into a thicket or jungle, build a nest for a home. The nest is usually built large enough for the family, and if the latter be very numerous then the nests are of a very large size. Sometimes the foliage above will form a natural covering, but there is never any attempt at constructing a protection from the rain and storm.

The biggest tree in the world is said to have been discovered in California. It has a circumference of 154 feet 8 inches and is over 51 feet in diameter. It stands on government reservation ground, and is therefore protected from the attacks of lumbermen. Probably the tree is a specimen of the sequoia, or Wellingtonia gigantea. The "big tree" of California, which forms the famous grove in the Yosemite valley, the sequoia is of the pine tribe and grows freely in temperate climates, but it is only in California that it has attained such colos-

sial dimensions.

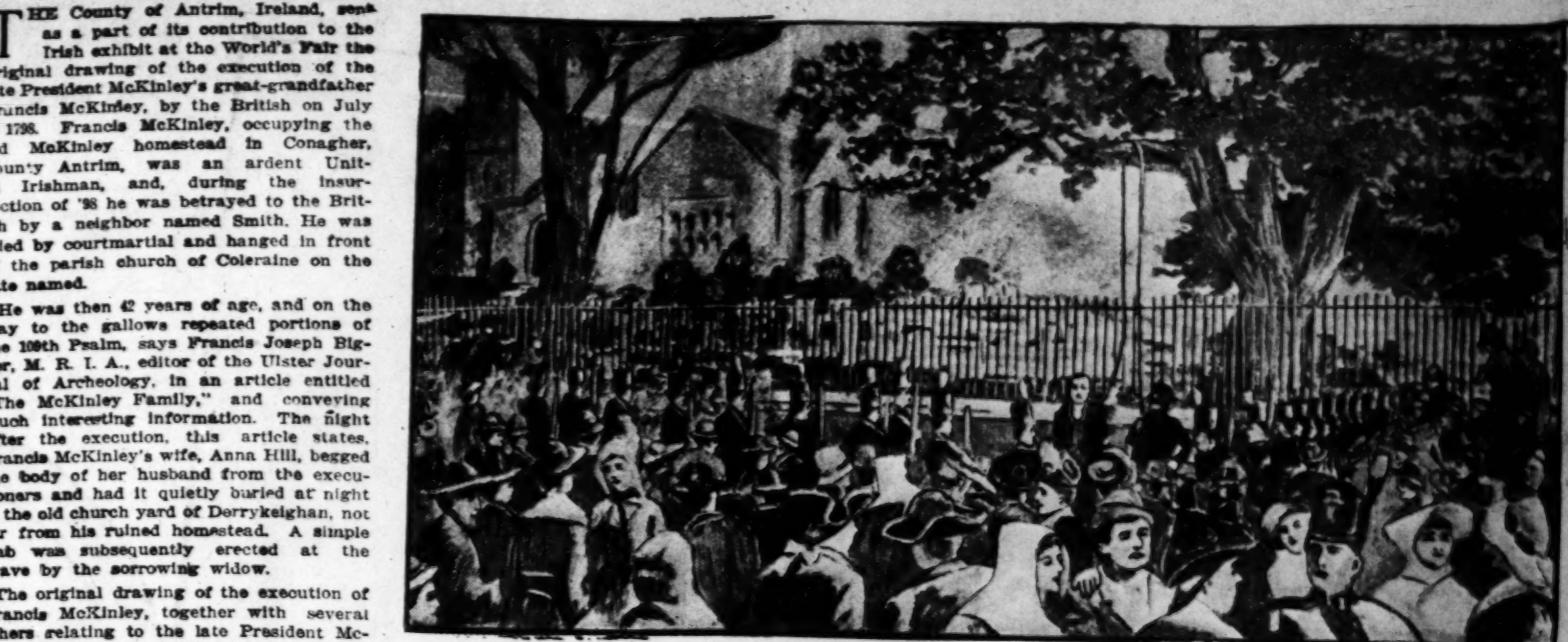
Japan has its communities of silent female recluse. There is one centred at a place called Yumakawa, about seven miles from Hakodate. A matron of some 50 brides, and her instructions are implicitly obeyed. The women are all young, ranging from 16 to 25, and some of them are described as very beautiful. The building stands in a farm of some 250 acres, but the women do not engage in any agricultural work. They spend most of their time indoors, and they observe a strict rule of silence.

In some parts of Siam a girl who reaches a certain age without marrying is labelled and placed in a privileged class under the special care of the King, who does his best to find a husband for them all. His method is delightful simple. A prisoner in any one of the Siamese jails may gain his parole by marrying one of the ineligible class. Whether he is already married or not is of no great consequence, for in Siam a man is not restricted to one wife.

Surinam, in Dutch Guiana, has the smallest range of temperature of any place in the world. In summer the average is 73 degrees and in winter 77½ degrees.

The emerald improves in color on exposure to the light. Pearls kept in the dark lose their luster, but regain it on exposure to the sun.

## World's Fair Picture Shows Execution of President McKinley's Great-Grandfather



**T**HE County of Antrim, Ireland, sent as a part of its contribution to the Irish exhibit at the World's Fair the original drawing of the execution of the late President McKinley's great-grandfather Francis McKinley, by the British on July 7, 1798. Francis McKinley, occupying the old McKinley homestead in Conagher, County Antrim, was an ardent United Irishman, and, during the insurrection of '98 he was betrayed to the British by a neighbor named Smith. He was tried by court-martial and hanged in front of the parish church of Coleraine on the date named.

He was then 42 years of age, and on the way to the gallows repeated portions of the 100th Psalm, says Francis Joseph Biggar, M. R. I. A., editor of the Ulster Journal of Archaeology, in an article entitled "The McKinley Family," and containing much interesting information. The slight after the execution, this article states, Francis McKinley's wife, Anna Hill, begged the body of her husband from the executioners and had it quietly buried at night in the old church yard of Derrykeighan, not far from his ruined homestead. A simple slab was subsequently erected in front of the sorrowing widow.

The original drawing of the execution of Francis McKinley, together with several others relating to the late President McKinley's ancestors in Ireland, were made by Joseph W. Carey, a well-known North of Ireland artist. They may be seen in the Irish exhibit at the Fair, and are framed in quaint old square bog-oak frames, with short descriptive titles below

each. The two sons of Francis McKinley, John the elder and Francis the younger, lived in Ireland for some years following their father's hanging and then emigrated to the United States. They were the last of that branch of the McKinleys in Ireland, but "the name McKinley," writes Mr. Biggar, "is one of the brightest or-

nments in the long honor roll of Irishmen who did so much to found the United States and to establish and maintain its present position in the forefront of the nations."

## Group of Pima Indians.



"chef d'œuvre" of the tenth century. The three handles are exquisitely modeled, the upper portions being formed by wolf dog heads.

We have hitherto been warned against putrefactive organisms in sour milk, but now we are told by Prof. Metchnikoff that if we want to attain old age we must drink sour milk. He says that Bulgarians consume sour milk in great quantities and are remarkably long-lived. Sour milk, it seems, contains a bacillus which is introduced into the large intestine of the human body "with very great benefit to health."

Rather a quaint idea comes from France, where anglers are in some waters using a tiny mirror attached to the line near the baited hook. The idea is that the fish, seeing itself reflected, hastens to snatch the bait from its supposed rival. Very successful results have been obtained through the employment of this simple device.

Since the beginning of last century no fewer than 52 volcanic islands have risen out of the sea. Nineteen have disappeared and 10 are now inhabited.

Three million song birds are killed each year for the purpose of adorning women's hats with their plumage.

## Negrito Women at Work in Rice Field.



**T**HE accompanying illustration is from a photograph taken at the World's Fair on a recent warm day and shows Negrito women at work in the min-

ature rice field, or rice "paddy," which is an interesting feature of the Philippine reservation. The native methods of rice-growing are followed in this field and the

work has attracted much attention. Rice is one of the principal articles of food in the Philippines and the Negritos are experts in its cultivation.

are bent under him in imitation of the custom of his elders. This, in time, dwarfs the growth of the limbs. Actual deformity is less common among the peasants than among scholars, merchants and others of sedentary habits.

The French army appears to be on the eve of an important advance in field gunnery. The new powder effectively does

away with the smoke which formerly betrayed the presence of a battery, but there still remains the flash, which rises to a height of 13 feet from the mouth of the gun. Major Froesemert of the Twenty-seventh artillery, has perfected an apparatus for obviating this disadvantage and thereby rendering a battery invisible.

In Germany and Austria the soldier has a simple straw bed with one or two covers, neither sheet nor mattress. In Russia until recently he slept with his clothes on a camp bed, but now ordinary beds begin to be used—the result of the association with more civilized countries. After this it cannot be doubted that the French soldier's bed is the best of all, with its wooden or iron bedstead, a straw bed, a wool mattress, sheets, a brown woolen coverlet, and an extra quilt for cold weather. Thus the bed of the French soldier is the softest of all soldiers' beds, as that of the French peasant is acknowledged to be the best of all European countries.

The Straits Settlements has the cheapest postoffice in the world. Postcards available in the colony and to the Federated Malay States are sold at one-fifth of a penny each; the letter rate of postage throughout the same area is slightly over a halfpenny. The postage on letters to any place (with very few exceptions) in the British Empire is four-fifths of a penny per 14 ounces.

London's lady clerks are increasing in number with remarkable rapidity. According to an official return the rank, which in 1891 included 255 young women, rose to a total of 55,781 in the year 1901. Male clerks increased in the decade by 34.2 per cent only, whereas their rivals decayed by no less than 300 per cent.

What is claimed to be one of the largest clocks in the world has been placed in a new tower at Elizabeth, N. J. It is 22 feet in diameter with 18-foot hands. The tower, which is 300 feet high, was built expressly for the clock, which will be illuminated at night, and will be visible for many miles around.

The national airs of great countries are short, while those of little countries are long. "God Save the King" is 14 bars, the Russian hymn is 16 bars, and "Hail, Columbia" has 28 bars. Spain's national hymn has 76 bars, and that of Uruguay 76. Chile 46, and so on. San Marino has the longest national hymn, except that of China.

The ink plant of New Granada is a curiosity. The juice of it can be used as ink without any preparation. At first the writing is red, but after a few hours it changes to black.

During some firing experiments by the Swedish government the bullets failed to penetrate targets made of pasteboard three inches in thickness, yet they easily pass through planks five inches thick.

**A** GROUP of Pima Indians is shown in the accompanying illustration from a photograph taken at the World's Fair. The Pimas are among the most interesting tribes represented on the Indian reservation, despite the fact that they have so far surrendered to civilization as to wear the garments of the white race. They are a gentle and inoffensive people and those at the Fair have made themselves popular with visitors by their friendly bearing.

**World's Busiest Monks.** T HE most energetic and active monks in the world are those of the Solovetski Monastery, near Archangel, in Russia.

The monastery is situated on a desolate island west of Archangel, over which the abbot rules practically as a despotic monarch. The monks do everything for themselves. They have made magnificent roads, built churches, houses and other buildings, and even constructed a dockyard, where they build their own steam and sailing vessels. The monastery is a very large one, and the working force of the monks numbers 200 or 300. They are farmers and manufacturers, turning out a great deal of stuff, which they sell in the markets of Archangel for the benefit of the poor and of their order.

Large numbers of Russian pilgrims visit the island, whether they are conveyed from the mainland in a small steamer built and sailed by the monks. The voyage takes about twelve hours, and the monks give the pilgrims free lodgings and feed them sumptuously on fish caught by themselves.

A bee that works only at night is found in the jungles of India. It is an unusually large insect, the comb being often 6 feet

1 foot wide, and from 4 inches to 6 inches thick.

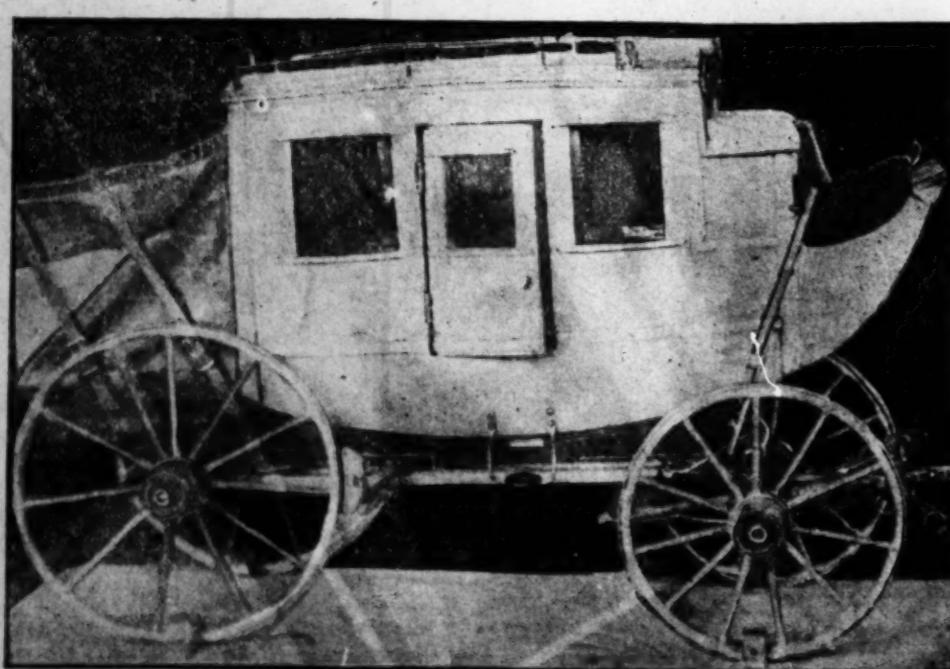
## Tapestry Picture at the Fair



**A**MONG the tapestry pictures exhibited in the Varied Industries building at the World's Fair one of the most notable represents the Descent from the Cross. The artistry revealed in this work is of a high order of merit and the picture has the appearance of a painting, so perfect is it in its coloring. The various figures constituting the group are admirably brought out and the shading of the background is finely effective. The work is regarded as one of the best examples of its school.

Graffiti are the most difficult of all animals to take by surprise.

## Smallest Stage Coach Ever Built



**T**HE smallest stage coach ever built is on exhibition in the Kentucky building at the World's Fair. It is a perfect model of the old-fashioned Concord coach and stands less than a foot high by about 14 inches long. The coach was made by F. W. Depp, chief engineer of the Kentucky branch penitentiary, at Eddyville. He cut it out during spare moments

at the penitentiary with the use of pliers and pocket knives. The wood composition is of ash, poplar and Hickory and the metal parts of copper. Five months were consumed in the construction of the coach, Mr. Depp having sometimes only three or four minutes at a time to spend on the work. Mr. Depp drove one of the old coaches on the Mammoth Cave line in

1882, between Mammoth Cave and Cave City, and was one of the first drivers on the line. He also drove on the old Dodd City, Tex., line in early days.

The latest thing in hotel bills of fare is stated to be an edible menu-card. It is generally made of biscuit, which the guest eats with his cheese.

Sunday Magazine - ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH - November 13, 1914.

## MID NOVEMBER IN ST LOUIS THEATERS



EZRA  
KENDALL  
at the  
CENTURY.

SARA COWELL LE MOYNE  
at the CENTURY November 20.

EZRA KENDALL as  
"WEATHER BEATEN  
BENSON."



GALLEY SCENE  
in "BEN HUR"  
at the OLYMPIC.



LILLIE MENDEZ  
at MUSIC HALL.



VILMA VON HOHENAU,  
LEADING LADY  
GERMAN THEATER CO.  
at the OLYMPIC.



NATH WILLS in "A SON OF REST" at the GRAND.



Photo by DAN SMITH.



BLANCHE BATES  
in "MADAME BUTTERFLY"  
at the IMPERIAL.